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NEW-YORK CITY.

THE POLICE INVESTIGATION.

A CONTUMACIOUS WITNESS.

Alderman Briggs in a Quandary.

The inquisitorial Committee to investigate matters connected with the Police Department met again at 3 o'clock P. M., yesterday. The room was crowded with interested spectators. Aldermen Briggs (Chairman) and Alderman Hoffman were present.

KELVIN E. SHARPE, Assistant Clerk to the Board of Aldermen, sworn in testimony of this or of all the former proceedings.

WILLIAM H. SHARPE, (of late officiating Assistant) the substituted clerk of the Committee and proceedings, sworn to the same.

Alderman HOFFMAN moved the postponement by inquiring if his colleague had any rules and regulations to suggest.

Alderman HOFFMAN had nothing of the kind to propose. If the witnesses would confine themself strictly to the question, he should object to nothing.

Alderman BRIGGS—Witnesses were then called in, and after being duly sworn by the Chairman, were examined with the following result:

PATRICK MCGOVERN—I was a policeman of the Second Ward; I have been six years in the Police; I was appointed by Mr. Tuckerman, Mr. Wm. Wilson, and my friends; I have been in business; I have served them, in a general way, in the political way; I never was asked to belong to any Democratic club; I never put any money or gave any contribution to any party; my business is in the police.

MICHAEL CANNOT—I am a policeman; I was here in August; I have been out of office; I was appointed three years ago in the old City Hall building; I have been in the police five years; I have never been convicted in any police court.

JOHN HARNADY—I have been in the police two years; I was appointed by Commissioners Westervelt, Rome and Tinson; when I first made application I presented a petition signed by 25 citizens; I was a member of police and have been reinstated; I was reinstated in the Superintendent's office in the City Hall; I was once locked up in the Sixth Ward prison for two hours for marching out of the jury-room in the Cole trial, in the Park; I never paid any money directly or indirectly for my appointment; I never paid a cent and am a voter (Laughter.)

PATRICK MURPHY—I belonged to the disbanded Ward Police; I have been in the police since the 20th of December last; I applied for my appointment to the Commissioners; I had, of course, a petition signed by 25 citizens; I brought the petition for ten cents and then got 25 signers to it; my father told me I was born in this country.

Alderman BRIGGS—Have you not any other way to tell?

Witness—I could not tell you a better way than that. (Laughter.)

Alderman BRIGGS—Have not you got a mother?

Witness—I had once, but she's dead.

Alderman BRIGGS—Did she never tell you anything about it?

Witness—I never took the trouble to ask her; I only care as well to be born in any other country as this; I have been in prison on Blackwell's Island; I got drunk on the 4th of July, five years ago, and got lost in Sight; I was tried before Recorder TALLMADGE, and got four months; I was purchased by the Governor of the State of New-York—Governor H. CLARK; was let out a short time after that; had anybody a little to get into such scrapes on the 4th of July; I made my escape from the Island before my time expired; I swear I served the river; Governor THOS. F. BAIN was one of those who applied for my pardon; I don't remember what time my pardon was applied for, but am quite sure that I was pardoned by the present Governor; Governor CLARK was elected on the 4th of January last, I believe.

THOS. MURPHY—I am a policeman of the Second Ward; I have been in the Department about six years; I believe I was born in Ireland; I have been naturalized; I have never been convicted in the country or any other; I have never paid any money for my appointment.

WILLIAM MACKELLAR, clerk in the Chief's office, was the next witness called and having declined to take the oath tendered him by Alderman BRIGGS, he made the following affirmation: "I do solemnly, sincerely and truly affirm and declare that I will state matters and make to all such questions as may be put by this Committee in regard to the matter now before them for investigation."

Alderman BRIGGS—Will you truly adhere to answer all such questions as may be put to you relative to the subject before the Committee?

Witness—Yes, Sir; any question connected with this investigation. And now, Mr. Chairman, before proceeding to answer any questions, I wish to lay a paper before the Committee. I have prepared it in writing so that there may be no mistake about it. It is as follows:

I am perfectly willing before any Committee or body, having authority from here to, give a full account of all my acts since I have been connected with the Police Department; but regarding the Committee of which JOHN H. BRIGGS is Chairman, as an inquisitorial organization, which without any right seeks to usurp the power of prying into matters with which it has no concern, I refuse to answer any question in relation to any matter not within the report of the Chief of Police, made to the Board of Aldermen on the 19th of March, 1855. I adopt this course in order that my refusal to answer may be used as the ground of a motion to attach me under the act passed Feb. 9, 1855, and that the action of the Committee before which I now appear may be directed and controlled, so that while I may be required to give all information in my power on *all* subjects of public concern, I may be protected against the abuse of legislative functions to gratify personal or political animosities.

I take occasion here to state that any and every imputation sought to be cast upon me, attributing to me impropriety of conduct or connected with the Police Department, or otherwise, is utterly unwarrantable, and that I am ready on any and every proper occasion to subject my whole course to the severest scrutiny. But I cannot submit myself to be catechised by either Alderman BRIGGS or any other individual, indeed he does not pretend right to interrogate me, in which event I will choose that I have never denied, and do further that claim to the respect and confidence of my fellow-citizens which I feel that I have always possessed.

APRIL 24, 1855. WM. MACKELLAR.

In addition, I would state that I take this course by the advice of legal and judicious friends in order to bring the action of this Committee in such a manner before the public that they may understand how it is carried on. I have no fears myself for the consequences, and am, therefore, ready to answer any question pertaining to the matters referred to this Committee; any other question I shall not answer.

Alderman BRIGGS—I don't know that we have anything to do with this long preamble; it is no evidence. I do not know that it belongs here at all. I shall be governed strictly by the resolution, and shall require you to answer all questions.

Witness—I shall answer such questions as relate to the matters referred to this Committee; other questions I shall not answer.

Alderman BRIGGS—Then I shall proceed legally and regularly.

Witness—That is what I want you to do—that is precisely the reason why I pursue this course.

Alderman BRIGGS—How long have you been connected with the Police Department?

Witness—Six years.

Alderman BRIGGS—What have been your duties?

Witness—I am Clerk to the Chief of Police.

Alderman BRIGGS—Do you keep the records and accounts of that office?

Witness—Yes, Sir.

Alderman BRIGGS—Have you a room in that office which you keep as a storeroom for stolen property?

Witness—I have stated that I shall answer no questions except in relation to such matters as were referred to the Committee.

Alderman BRIGGS—Do you refuse to answer the question?

Witness—I certainly do, or I should have answered it; I most assuredly shall not answer any such questions.

Alderman BRIGGS—What disposition have you made of the stolen property in that office that has not been called for during the last four years?

Alderman HOFFMAN—Now, Alderman Briggs, you know there has been a resolution adopted by the Board giving you have been a member of it, requiring the Chief to give all this information, and I think he has done it.

Alderman BRIGGS (to witness)—Did you ever use your influence to get map appointed on the Police?

Witness made no reply.

Alderman BRIGGS—Do you refuse to answer that question?

Witness—I have told you that I will not answer questions outside of the report you may put other questions all night, if you choose, but I shall make you no answer; I am ready to answer any questions connected with the report of the Chief of Police, or any other matters proper to be asked, but I will answer no improper questions.

Alderman HOFFMAN—You will answer any questions that it belongs to the Committee to ask?

Witness—Yes, Sir.

Alderman BRIGGS—Did you charge of the dog pound in 1852-3-4 and 5?

Witness made no answer.

Alderman BRIGGS—I shall attend to this hereafter.

Witness—That is just what I want; I am anxious for it; if the Court says I am bound to answer these questions, I will answer them.

Here there was a long pause.

Alderman HOFFMAN—Come, Alderman, don't you be crank.

Alderman BRIGGS—Don't be alarmed about my getting crank. (To witness) Have you ever examined any man who had charges preferred against them solely and alone, in your office?

Witness made no response.

Alderman BRIGGS—I think I have a right to commit you.

Witness—I wish you would.

Alderman BRIGGS—I will entirely myself about that hereafter, and I assure you I will put it through in the letter. Do you persist in answering all questions?

Witness—No, Sir; I will answer any questions upon matters referred to this Committee for investigation, but I will not answer any others.

Alderman HOFFMAN, who was present, with detected a little pettishness in one of the Reporters.

Alderman BRIGGS—(interrupting) Alderman HOFFMAN, we don't want any joking here, but we don't want you to laughing with the Reporters.

Alderman HOFFMAN—My dear fellow, the Reporters can take care of themselves; they are a pretty independent set of fellows, and not to be controlled or disturbed by either you or me.

Alderman BRIGGS—(to witness) What is your native country?

Witness—The United States, Sir.

Alderman BRIGGS—Where were you born?

Witness—I was born in Cliff-street, in the City of New-York, between John and Fulton-streets or between Fulton and Ann-streets, I am not sure which; it was on the right hand side, at least, so my mother told me.

Alderman BRIGGS—Did you ever get the information from your father?

Witness—I do not recollect. Father was not very communicative about such matters, but mother was.

Alderman BRIGGS (ironically)—Was you ever examined in any prison?

Witness (emphatically)—No, Sir, nor was I ever sworn.

Alderman BRIGGS—Then you have been very fortunate.

Witness—I never committed a crime in my life. I never murdered a man, nor broke up a family, nor injured a woman.

Alderman BRIGGS—Oh, you are an exceedingly young man.

Witness—Yes, Sir; and I am ready to meet you on that any time.

Alderman BRIGGS—Why, you appear to be a Know-Nothing. Do you belong to the society?

Witness—No, Sir.

Alderman BRIGGS—Well, we'll call you again some other day.

The witness then withdrew.

MORRIS D. CAMP and ABA C. BEVERIDGE, discharged Policemen of the Eighth and Third Wards, then gave long accounts of the circumstances attending their dismissal from the force.

JAMES W. BURNHAM, an ex-Policeman, dismissed for refusing to wear the uniform, followed. He appeared to think himself a very ill-used individual, and (strangely enough) was persuaded to deliver a long and elaborately prepared address against the Police Department in general and the uniform in particular. No facts of importance were elicited from this witness.

CHAS. M. BIRD testified that he once challenged Mr. MAYNARD's vote at an election, but when it was he could not exactly say. He advised the Committee to send for Mr. WM. WEBB, the architect, who knew all about the Chief, and would save the Committee the trouble of sending for Tom, Dick and Harry.

An adjournment of the Committee was then proposed, and there was some discussion as to when the next meeting should take place. It was suggested that some day next week would be early enough, and finally the Committee adjourned to meet at the call of its Chairman.

THE NUNNERY COMMITTEE.

Mr. Hiss Would Like to Resign Immediately.

The Boston papers of yesterday publish the following as the proceedings in the House, the day previous, on the Hiss affair. The Speaker read the following letter from JOSIAH HISS, a member from Boston:

BOSTON, Saturday, April 21, 1855.

Hon. DANIEL C. BEECH—Sir: The House of Representatives having to-day, for the first time, voted to receive the evidence relating to certain slanderous charges, made by a venal political press, of criminal conduct on my part, as a member of a Committee of the House, subsequently voted that "such charges were not sustained."

In view of these facts, I consider my personal honor entirely vindicated, and that further action on my part might seem unnecessary.

It is evident, however, that a current political press, aided by the personal enmity of individuals, by continual misstatement of the subject, design to injure, through me, the American party, of which I am an humble member, and to delay the business of the session.

Therefore respectfully resign my seat as a Representative from the city of Boston.

It was my wish to have resigned at an earlier day. I desired, however, to retain my seat until all the facts in the case were made known to the public. In retaining, permit me respectfully request for the members individually, and the House collectively, that charges in all your public journals in the honor of the State of Massachusetts, and in the American name, I am, Sir,

Respectfully, your obedient servant, JOSIAH HISS.

Mr. GRIFFIN, of Charlestown, opposed the acceptance of the resignation, regarding it as a disguise as dishonorable to the House as a vote vindicating Mr. Hiss's conduct. The letter came in because Hiss had an assuming a character had been assumed. That it was manifest to the sober judgment of Mr. Hiss that the House must, in justice to itself, purge itself of his presence. DANIEL WEBSTER once said, during a celebrated case, "Gentlemen, we must do something to vindicate the law, and he would say in that case that "resignation was contagious." Therefore it would not do for them to accept that resignation. He begged leave to reconsidered some of the facts relating to the subject, and in order that he might not be misrepresented by members, he had put them in writing. They were as follows:

1. JOSIAH HISS went to Lowell on official business, in the name and at the charge of the Commonwealth, on March 20, 1855. Before reaching the Washington House, in Lowell, he was joined by a stranger.

2. He registered the name of a Mrs. PATTERSON at the hotel, though she did not accompany him thither, but subsequently came.

3. He requested that she might be furnished with a good room.

4. As usually is done at public houses in cases where gentlemen are seen passed by ladies, the clerk or other person who assigned rooms to this party, gave Mrs. PATTERSON No. 13, and designated Mr. HISS as Mr. HISS—these rooms being adjacent.

5. Mr. Hiss cannot remember, he said, when inquired of by Committee of the Whole, whether he asked that the servants wrongly should be sent to her room, to be eaten in private, or not; but the clerk, at Lowell, testified that he did recognized on that point, would have testified that he did make such a request.

6. Although Mr. HISS knew that he had registered Mrs. PATTERSON with the Commonwealth, and although, as stated by the clerk, if the bill he contemplated should be made to the State should include the whole, Mr. Hiss replied affirmatively, and never intimated to the bookkeeper or anybody else, either that Mrs. PATTERSON was his wife or kinswoman, or that she was not to be made a charge to the Commonwealth.

7. No other person except Mr Hiss ever appeared at the hotel to settle Mrs. PATTERSON's bill, or did it be unknown gentleman alluded to by Mr. Hiss, nor Mrs PATTERSON, rang up the landlord or his servants, in order to settle the same.

8. The bed of Mrs. PATTERSON, the Committee even were compelled to find, upon the facts, had been invaded by a man during the night.

9. The adjacent couch assigned to Mr. Hiss, and open to his occupancy, although in some measure disturbed, in feigned manner, running even would disease, did not look as though it had had a permanent tenant during the night.

10. Now, this woman with whom he was seen to converse—the woman whom he has guided as Mrs. PATTERSON on the register, and who occupied No. 13 at the hotel—was one and the same person (and a woman, as the Committee found in the testimony before them, of notoriously easy virtue.

11. Although Mr. Hiss said in the Committee of the Whole that he knew the man who had his woman in charge, and who, as he must have intended, we should believe caused the rooms to be assigned to her, in consideration of distressed condition in which she had was found, he refused to disclose the name, because he promised not to do so; but says he will tell the name to the Committee, if they will give him assurance that it never shall be disclosed.

12. If this apology be heeded, it places him in an office it still deeper in dishonor, because it is based on the purveyor to the depraved appetite of his friend, and connived at and made an engagement for the commission and protection of his crimes, he disgraced himself and the Legislature of which he is a member, quite as badly as though he himself had fallen by a lion like temptation springing suddenly and powerfully upon his passions, "and overcoming his virtue before resistance could begin."

Mr. GRIFFIN then continued as follows: The above facts were all developed before the Committee of Inquiry, or are susceptible of easy proof. Enlightened by them, I cannot doubt that a great crime has been done. If done, it has been committed under circumstances of monstrous aggravation. It is idle to say these facts point only to harmless "improprieties." They are the outward insignia of unequalled dishonor and disgrace. They are the evidence of unexempted shame. I cannot doubt, therefore, upon careful reflection, what ought to be done. If we would avert from ourselves dishonor and shame too grievous to be borne, we must cut off this offending member. If we would not stultify ourselves before the virtuous and intelligent people of the State, the nation, and the civilized world, we must cut off this offending member. If we would avert from ourselves the odious reputation that must attach to those who wink at the commission of notorious immorality or crime, we must summarily cut off this offending member. If we would not encourage in the servants of this Commonwealth practices that we visit by our laws with the severest penalties, we must cut off this offending member. If we would not by the moral power of example, embolden in all its aspects, any to our fellow-citizens that the thunder of the laws we make rolls innocuous to us, we must cut off this offending member. And, indeed, if we would not disgrace the seats we hold, and make the hearts of the virtuous population of Massachusetts bleed as never before, we must cut off this offending member. And finally, if we would not entail upon our ancient Commonwealth a reproach which the past, fraught with its glorious memories, and the future, laden as we trust with more radiant hopes, can never efface, we must cut off this offending member.

In conclusion, he moved, (at the same time declining to serve as a member,) that a Committee of five be raised to take into immediate consideration this letter of resignation, and report thereon to the House.

Mr. DUNN, of Boston, hoped the letter would be accepted, and trusted having testimonial that the gentleman from Charlestown had been tried. He had said only that that gentleman could not have witnessed the death of Mr. Hiss with better hands, if he had been paid a fee of $1,000 by the *Advertiser*. Nothing but the destruction of Mr. Hiss, and the ruin of his family by adverse social sentiment, the Committee appointed of the outside of the "Abolitionists" party, could satisfy the gentleman, when he says Mr. Hiss should be indicted for robbery! There was not the slightest evidence that Mr. Hiss knew Mrs. PATTERSON to be a bad woman, nor sufficient evidence to indict him. He did not stand there to pass up the immoralities of Mr. Hiss. If he had been guilty, let him do it; if he had not, let him go free; but they should not, by an unfair and unusually severe charge, or to bring upon a recall which could not be based upon evidence.

Mr. HAMMOND, of Salem, said the simple question before the House was, whether it would go to a Select Committee or not. He did not care what kind of a Committee the Planning Committee had to do with that subject.

Mr. Hiss has been charged with criminalities, yet the report of the Committee had given them no evidence of such criminalities. He believed the trial of Mr. Hiss in some respects was unconstitutional, and declared that the House wanted the facts in the case, and would not be satisfied until it received them. It was not fair for him to send in such a letter at that unmatured stage of the proceedings. If he was innocent why should he resign? If he was guilty let him be expelled, and if innocent let him retain his seat.

The motion was carried without a count, and the following gentlemen appointed as the Committee: Messrs. Williams of Cambridge, Pierce of Boston, Gammer of Woburn, Kimball of Salem, and Thayer of Ashland.

Mr. WILLIAMS of Cambridge, declined serving, and Mr. NEAL of Boston, was appointed in his place. Mr. PIERCE of Boston, also declined, but no gentleman was appointed in his place.

On motion of Mr. BLACK of Boston, the motion to reconsider the vote accepting the report of the Committee of the Whole on the report and evidence of the Committee appointed to investigate the conduct of Joseph Hiss, was ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. BEAUPRE of Boston, the report was referred to the Committee raised on Mr. GRIFFIN's motion, as was also the report submitted by Mr. LANGLEY of Deerfield.

A Know-Nothing Election Judge Bound over in $500.

The Lorain (Ohio) *Argus* reports the trial of SIMEON M. CRANE, one of the Know-Nothing election judges of Florence township, on complaint for illegally putting votes into the ballot-box, which were not received by him in the usual discharge of his duty as judge of an election held at Birmingham, April 2, 1855; and also for corruptly discharging his duty as judge of said election.

The case was tried before Esq. DARLING, of Florence township, Erie County, Ohio. A large and excited audience was present during the whole examination, which lasted two days, and the defendant in being bound over, to take his trial for the above charges at the next session of the Court of Common Pleas of Erie County, in the sum of $500.

We publish the following as the substance of the testimony:

John Hunter—Saw defendant have votes in his hand as described by Griggs; that put witness on his guard; about 3 P. M., B. Wilbur voted; saw Crane put Wilbur's vote in his left hand between thumb and finger, and take another vote from his left hand and put it into the box; he (Crane) then opened Wilbur's vote, looked at it and rubbed it between his fingers; saw Crane's son bring him some tickets in the afternoon; didpot see him hand any of them to others to be voted.

Isaac Kisby—Voted at last election a ticket with B. Whitney's name for Constable scratched out, and Mr. Reed's name for Supervisor was written by myself; handed the ballot to Crane.

Wm. W. Parker—Was one of the judges of the election; the vote described by Isaac Kisby could not be found in ballot-box.

Charles Barnum—Saw Crane about 11 A. M. put a ticket into township box—he required no name at the time; again, between 2 and 3 P. M., saw him put his right hand into his left vest pocket and take out a ballot and put it into the box, he called no name at the time—this was from three to five minutes after any one voted.

Brownell Wilbur testified: Voted at the late election; had Mr. Ingham prepare my ticket, as I could not see well; voted the ticket precisely as prepared by Ingham, told him what change to make in it.

E. S. Ingham—Prepared Wilbur's ticket at the late election; at his request erased with a pencil, the names of defendant and Mr. Chandler, for Trustees, and inserted the names of Wm. W. Parker and James C. Judson instead; Mr. I. was here requested to find the ballot he prepared for Wilbur, among the ballots, but on looking for them overhead, he was unable to find it; defendant then pointed out a ballot and asked if that was not the one; he said it was, but that it was so changed he did not recognize it until particularly pointed out; the erasure in pencil across the name of Crane had been removed, and the name of Parker crossed out by a heavy pencil mark.]

Defendant called a large number of witnesses to prove his good character; from which it appeared that he had sustained an excellent character for from 35 to 40 years, and that he was at present a Deacon in the Presbyterian Church in Birmingham. It also appeared, for the first time, that he joined the Order of Know-Nothings last Fall, and was still a member of the Order in good standing. It was also in testimony that there were three ballots more in the ballot-box, than there were names on the Poll books, and that a large number of ballots which had apparently been prepared for voting, were torn up and thrown under the desk behind which defendant sat at the election.

The Freeze at Willard's.

From the Washington Star, April 21.

Yesterday afternoon, at about the hour for dinner at that house, Mr. E. F. BEALE, late Superintendent for Indian Affairs in California, met GEORGE W. MANYPENNY, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, as the latter was entering the door of the western entrance of WILLARD'S Hotel, and uttering a few hostile words, struck (according to the latter's account) Mr. MANYPENNY two or three blows on the head with his fist, by (Mr. MANYPENNY) being blinded with the dust, which was blowing in clouds, that he could not see his antagonist at the time. After clearing his eyes of the dust, he seized his assailant by the throat, when two of the friends of the latter parted them. Mr MANYPENNY then seized a chair, but was prevented from striking Mr. BEALE with it by the bystanders. Such is the account of the fight which Col. MANYPENNY gives. Before leaving the ground, Mr. BEALE is said to have declared that he was ready to give any satisfaction to his adversary, and that his friends would be in waiting to inform the latter where he could be found. Mr. BEALE took the cars for Baltimore shortly after the occurrence of the fracas, it is thought, to avoid a prosecution for his violation of the laws. The friends of Mr. BEALE, who were with him at the time, say that the assault was unprovoked, and resulted from what he believed to be the injuries he had received from Col. MANYPENNY's hostility to him. We understand that Col. MANYPENNY was not materially injured in the affair, though a blow on the nose, of course, caused a flow of blood.

Wonderful Phenomena and Narrow Escape.

The Oswego *Palladium* of Friday relates the following incident of the recent thunder storm in that vicinity. The family of Mr. IRA SHILLINGS, residing near BORNTREE's saw mill, were up and about preparing breakfast. Mr. SHILLINGS and a little girl about 18 years of age, a sister of Mrs. SHILLINGS, were standing near the stove, when a tremendous flash of lightning and clap of thunder occurred. The fluid struck the chimney of the dwelling, passed down the chimney, followed the stove-pipe to the stove, and thence diffused itself in every direction, passing out through the floor and on all sides of the house. Mr. SHILLINGS was thrown down senseless upon the floor, his clothes torn in tatters on one side and the right side of his body severely burned and paralyzed. The little girl, apparently, was not injured; but what is almost incredible, she was thrown down, and the boots which she had on (it is customary for young girls attending school in the country to wear high top boots) were torn apart around the ankle, and the foot of the boots forced off from her feet with the stockings, and thrown some six feet distant, leaving the boot legs entire on the girl. The chimney was nearly torn to pieces and bricks were thrown some eighteen rods distant; the floor was torn up in several places, and one side of the house was very much shattered. No one was still stunned for a few minutes after the fire. Two men, WM. BRONSE and STRAWBRIDGE, who were at work there, were both struck down and were unconscious for several minutes, but were not much injured. Mr. SHILLINGS was thought not to be dangerously, though quite seriously injured. Mr. MOTT saw the effect of the stroke upon the house, immediately after it occurred, in the cloud of dust and smoke which suddenly arose, and he and some other neighbors ran to the house, some eighty rods, with all speed. Mrs. SHILLINGS happened to be in another room at the moment and escaped uninjured.

Another Daring Robbery by Chloroform—$800 Stolen.

From the Iowa Gazette, April 14.

It will be seen from the following extract from a letter received in this city, that Mr. JACOB FEES, an old and highly respectable citizen of this county, has met with a serious loss in his new home. We regret to learn this, for there are few better men than Mr. FEES:

DAVIS COUNTY, April 4, 1855.

SIR: Last night father was robbed of $800 in gold ($20 pieces.) He had moved on his farm the 1st inst. and on the night of the 3d the house was entered through the window, by persons of course to us unknown. The manner of effecting the theft was ingenious. The window was raised, and small rolls of paper saturated with chloroform or opium thrown into the room, by which the house was filled with smoke, and a deep sleep came over all the inmates. The money was between the straw and feather beds on which father and mother were sleeping. Linen cloths, wet with chloroform, were placed over the faces of the old lady and gentleman, and thus they were kept unconscious while the money was taken from under them. There were five persons in the house, and all slept till an unusually late hour this morning. JOHN FEES.

Death of Ex-Governor Seabrook.

From the Charleston Mercury, April 20.

We have received the sad news of the death of Hon. WHITEMARSH B. SEABROOK, who departed this life at his residence, Strawberry Hill, in St. John's Parish, on Monday, the 16th inst. Gov. SEABROOK has filled so honorable a place among the public men of the State, as a member of the Senate from St. Johns Colleton, as President of the State Agricultural Society, and as Governor. On the expiration of his term, he finally retired from public labors. He was quite old, and on his way of life, kindly in all his relations, and thoroughly identified with the agricultural interests of the State, to which he contributed valuable information and an interesting support.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGE LAW.

$772,011 ON FREIGHT.

New Project for a City Government in San Francisco.

THE FUNDED DEBT BILL.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

News from New-Granada, Mexico, Chili, Peru, Ecuador and the Sandwich Islands.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Markets, &c., &c.

The steamship *George Law*, Lieut. G. V. Fox, U. S. N., commanding, left Aspinwall at 9 o'clock on the evening of the 18th inst. and arrived at Quarantine at 4 o'clock on the morning of the 24th.

The things the California mails of March 31, and $772,011 in treasure on freight, and 272 passengers.

The health of the isthmus is good, the weather fine, and the Railroad in good order—the trains running with as much regularity as upon any road in the United States. In the list of passengers will be noticed the names of BARNEY WILLIAMS, Esq. and lady, C. H. THORNE and family, Dr. R. T. HUNDLEY, of New-York, and C. E. POLHEMUS, Esq., of the house of ALSOP & Co., San Francisco.

The THORNE Family are returning from a tour through Australia and the western coast of South America.

Mr. THORNE is the bearer of dispatches from the American Minister in Chili.

Left at Aspinwall U. S. sloop-of-war *Falmouth*, to sail for Havana next day.

Treasure List per Steamship George Law.

Wells, Fargo & Co.	$210,000	Baker & Morrill	$6,000
Drexel & Co.	20,000	Hoeneck & Co.	4,000
Merchants Bank	100,000	Smith & Mordecai	4,000
Wm. Rose & Co.	60,000	Thos. Wilson & Son	4,000
Bank of America	50,000	Louis Neuhaus	4,000
Johnson & Lowden	30,000	H. Meinhardt	4,000
Duncan, Sherman & Co.	20,000	Ed. Mitchell	4,000
Adams, Fabian & Co.	20,000	Chamberlin & Haines	4,000
J. L. Taylor	15,000	J. S. Quinlin	3,000
Ward & Co.	12,000	J. Cummings	2,000
Kyle & Co.	10,000	J. A. Delacy	2,000
Adams & Co.	8,110	J. C. Alburger & Co.	1,000
Wm. H. Garrison & Co.	8,000	J. G. Wyman & Co.	1,110
Grinnell, Minturn & Co.	8,000	Adams & Co.	900
Richmond & Wood	8,000	Adams & Co.	900
John Bennett	7,000	Everett & Brown	800
Hudson & Brother	6,000	Colbert & Finley	600
Peter Naylor	6,000	A. Horn	600
Geo. W. Simmons	5,000		
Total			$772,011

CALIFORNIA.

Letter from Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, March 31, 1855.

The creditors of ADAMS & CO. are holding meetings, making assignees and passing resolutions, &c., all of which amounts to nothing. The household furniture and personal property of the "resident partner," I. C. WOODS, was sold at auction on the 30th, and some two weeks since the signs, counters, &c., of the concern were sold. The furniture brought good prices—all it was worth. The signs, which cost $2,000, sold for $50. Mahogany counters that cost $15 per foot sold for $3 per foot. The gold scales that cost $1,200 sold for $300. PARR, BACON & CO. purchased on the item. There were some half-a-dozen other purchasers represented the amount paid out. There never was a business firm in California or elsewhere that could boast of as many strong friends as WOOD, BACON & CO.

The other banks that suspended have not yet resumed payment and never will. ROBINSON & Co. do not hint at paying anybody. WRIGHT has made some sort of an arrangement with his creditors, which they fondly hope will enable them to get *something*—but it is a very "mixed case." Mr. ASPINWALL arrived on the last steamer. A great curiosity is manifested to know what he thinks of us; in other words, whether he did not find California a much greater "Kentucky" than he imagined. It is rumored his visit will result in a reduction of the fare immediately on his return to New-York, which is extremely desirable and of immense importance to California. We want the "bone and sinew"—men that will be content to work in the mines and develop the untold riches of the country. A low rate of fare in the steerage would add 10,000 of that kind to our population the coming year.

It is much to be regretted that Mr. ASPINWALL's brief visit will prevent a "public demonstration," expressive of the high respect and esteem in which he is held, and appreciation of the great enterprise of which he was the founder, that has brought the two cities of New-York and San Francisco so near together, and given to the Pacific Coast a fleet of such magnificent steamers as we can boast of.

MEIGGS, the great absquatulated, has "turned up." Letters have been received from him, dated at Talcahuano, in which he denies that he has been guilty of *all* the charges laid at his door; he hints that he can make revelations that will prove he is more sinned against than sinning. It is surmised that MEIGGS has been made the "scapegoat" for the deeds of others, and it is boldly asserted that there is ten times the amount of forged warrants in existence that there was at the time MEIGGS left. The threatened *exposé* has created quite a "sensation," and it is anticipated that there will be more sudden departures in consequence.

The arrivals during the past week count up 22 vessels of all classes, among which are the clippers *Spitfire* and *Don Quixote*, from Boston, (the latter in 106 days;) *Kenoro*, from Hong Kong; ships *Emma Packer* and *Toronto*, from Tahiti, with fruit; schooner *H. Allen*, from Honolulu, and bark *M. Rittershofe*, from Hamburg. The *Spitfire* is discharging. The *Don Quixote* hauled in yesterday morning, but the rain has prevented her discharging thus far.

The weather during the past fortnight has been delightful. On Thursday it commenced raining, and has poured down most industriously until this morning, and now looks like clearing up. The country looks beautifully; the grass and crops are fairly jumping out of the ground—and the whole country, for fifty miles and further, is one bed of flowers. The atmosphere is warm and delightful; fires not thought of, and overcoats not to be mentioned. We pity you Gothamites, who are now enjoying the bleak March winds and dust of Broadway. We would not care to trade climates with you.

In the way of Theatricals we have had several novelties, among them Miss DAVENPORT, who is now playing at the Metropolitan. During her engagement the usual range of pieces have been played, "Hunchback," "Love," "Lady of Lyons," "Romeo and Juliet," "Adrienne the Actress," "Maid of Marienderge," "Parthenia," "Charlotte Corday," and her great show play "Camille." If Miss DAVENPORT expected to create a "furore" in San Francisco she has been disappointed. She has played (with two exceptions) to thin houses, and on no one occasion has there been a crowd. The people here have had a surfeit of talent, and, from running crazy about a second or third-rate actress, have become too apathetic and indifferent, and are going to the other extreme and becoming extremely fastidious. Miss DAVENPORT is very much liked and thoroughly appreciated, but she does not fill the house. She has arrived at rather an unfortunate time, and will not make a fortune, as KATE HAYES has in Australia. Miss LAURA KEENE arrived a few days since from Australia, and is now playing at Sacramento. She will play an engagement here soon, at the American, it's said—which theatre, by the way, is closed. The Italian Opera company advertised to perform a series of operas, and formed a permanent joint stock company, comprising also the MONTPLAISIRS, Mme. TRIEBAR, Signors BERNARDELLI and BOSCHOS. They brought out "Poliuto," played it two nights, then tried "Ernani," and then "dried up." It was no use. The times were too hard—music had not charms, and so we are to lose them—not the times or the charms, but the opera company and the ballet company. They are all going to South America, and, thank Heaven! Madame ANNA BISHOP and "Signor" BOSCHOS are going to Australia—and have been going for the last six months. They give one more "last farewell" to the public—an oratorio, or something of that sort.

The colored opera, Ethiopian Minstrels, are making their fortunes; house crowded every night; people want to go where they can laugh and get rid of the blues, and at Bacon they "can do that."

The Kern River excitement has subsided in the mines—proved a humbug and not worth working. While the fever was on the count, steamers made money carrying passengers to them, and now are making money bringing them back again. "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good." R. L. O.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, March 30, 1855.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

More than four weeks have passed since the great Bank failure, and the excitement has somewhat subsided. Men are looking about to see the results of the February crisis, and to find means to extricate themselves from the ruins. The result is, that the Banking houses of ADAMS & Co., WRIGHT'S Miners' Exchange, and ROBINSON'S Savings Bank, have totally failed. Their certificates may be had for twenty cents; people denounce them with vehemence. J. C. WOODS, the managing partner of ADAMS & Co. in this city, has a most unenviable reputation. He has been unfitually pelted in visit some of the mining districts, being assured that if he will, he will be *hung* as publicly as any man could desire. In other places, placards have been posted, offering $2,000 for his head.

The principal losers by their failures fall upon laboring men and women—those who by hard work at the mechanic's bench, or in the mines, or at the wash-tub, have saved a few hundreds, and deposited it for safe keeping, rather than investment. Many a poor man lost every dollar he had in the world—and that, too, at a time when there is a general stagnation in business.

At present, there is a general prostration of business of all kinds. Money is very scarce. Real estate is declining rapidly. Gold dust is coming in from the mines more freely since the rains, but the facilities for coining are not equal to the demand—and the general distrust of banks which prevails, has caused people to be more careful of their money in hand. The reports from the mines are very favorable, and the miners are well paid for their work—but in San Francisco the prospect for the coming season is anything but cheering. Those who are on the way coming to California, expecting to make their fortunes in San Francisco, will be sadly disappointed. But there is room enough in the mines for all—and all who are willing to work, and will work, will find the "color."

The present depression is not altogether caused by the failures of the mines, though that had some temporary effects; neither is it caused by the failure of the mines, nor by the overdoing of business—but the great moving cause has been because the State, and more especially San Francisco, is filled with a class of men who are everywhere leeches upon the people—those who would be rich without industry, and honorable without honor—office-seekers, gentlemen gamblers, bankers without capital, and others of that class. We are overrun with them. Their desire for money is insatiable—and money they will have, at any means short of throat-cutting. We must be rid of them. A feeling is gaining ground among the people, that if they do not leave quietly, they will be compelled to leave more quietly than they may desire.

The weather this month has been very fine. The hills are covered with verdure and the valleys are groaning with rich crops for the coming harvest.

It may be pleasing to you to know that the TIMES is rapidly gaining ground in public estimation throughout the State. It is eagerly sought for upon the arrival of every steamer.

During the past week some have returned directly from the Kern River mines. They say that $3 a day is more than the average. Some few make $5 to $6, but the majority do not pay expenses. Nearly all were broke—some had to beg their way, having no money. So this great scheme, gotten up, somewhere, to make money, has been proved a humbug, at the cost of many. M.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

The Maine Liquor Law—Sunday Observance—The State Prison—The New Charter—Funded Debt Bill—Medigo—Smuggling.

The State Assembly have passed a "Maine Liquor Law," by a vote of 57 to 15. Wine, the produce of California, is excepted from the operation of the act. If the bill pass the Senate—which it may likely enough do—it is to be submitted to the final vote of the people. It is perhaps something strange to find such a law in the "free—and easy" land of California. It must be doubtful whether popular opinion will permit the stringent provisions of the Act to be enforced, if the law should even be finally adopted by a direct vote of the people. There has probably been a great deal of hypocrisy and humbug shown by members of the Legislature in regard to this matter.

Both branches of the Legislature have passed the bill prohibiting "barbarous and noisy" amusements on Sunday. An attempt will no doubt be made, in due time, to enforce this law against theatres and concert rooms. It may, however, be safely said that the Act will turn out a "dead letter," so far as San Francisco is concerned.

During the discussion of an act to prohibit Sunday traffic within certain specified counties, the Speaker of the Assembly (Snow) fill foul of the Jews, and expressed his desire to legislate them all out of California. This created a great rumpus among the Jewish population. The opinions of Mr. Speaker Snow seemed to be shared, to a considerable extent, by a few other members of the Assembly. What between Sunday trading and Sunday amusement bills, Maine liquor laws, tirades against the Jews and the Chinese, and things of a like character, it may be feared that our present Legislature is rather running things "into the ground." The large mass of foreigners here are in general supremely disgusted and annoyed with the puritanic and dog-in-the-manger like style of conduct

[illegible] Six months in hole [illegible] per day, for the use of the [illegible] Mr. Lucas, of Lucas, Hanscom & Co., [illegible] upon the quarrelling, and exhibited [illegible] with any Straight [illegible] the finest specimens of pure [illegible] have been taken from the California [illegible] during six days, and will then be packed up for shipment to New-York.

The return from the mining in Sierra County are favorable.

OREGON.

The steamship *Columbia* arrived at San Francisco on the 20th of March from Portland, Oregon, by which we have dates to the 24th inst. The papers follow us contain no news of importance. An election for Delegate to Congress is approaching, and the newspapers are discussing the claims of the several candidates with a zeal which sounds even in Oregon. The candidates are Col. Gilmore, Judge Pratt, and J. W. Drew. Gilmore was Colonel of Oregon Territory, but recently held a suit with the Indian Department, by which he was enabled to retain his office, but he was unable to get his pay.—the Oregon *Argus*—is to be set up in Oregon City.

Messrs. Barnes & Tanner are putting up the machinery for a woolen mill in Polk County.

Mr. Ballard, a worthy citizen of Portland, was recently called upon by three or four men, who requested him to attend company from a great distance, pay up his share of the last business with him. He executed and they pocketed to the back part of the town. He followed them up to their business. They informed him that they were going to whip him, and threatened his life if he ever came out on the street alone. They then proceeded to carry him, and gave him a most brutal whipping with switches, so much so that he was lying in a critical situation ever since. Two of the scoundrels were arrested and lodged in jail, but they contrived to break out before the day set for their trial.

Messrs. Cornwallis and Payne of this place have just returned from a trip to the mines. They report "Quite a stream," there not having been rain enough the past Winter to materially assist the miners, in consequence of which money is very scarce.—*Umpqua Gazette.*

March, the first Spring month, is at hand, and with it rain every day thus far, a God-send to the miner, but not so favorable to the farmer. The past has been a most bad-natured Oregon Winter—mild and pleasant, with occasional showers, and some snow, which melted as fast as it fell.—*Ibid.*

THE ISTHMUS.

New-Granada.

The mails from Bogota to Panama brought the important intelligence that the act creating the provinces of the Isthmus into a separate State had been passed unanimously by Congress, and received the consent of the Vice-President on the 27th ult. By this act the territory included in the provinces of the Isthmus of Panama, namely: Panama, Azuero, Veraguas and Chiriqui, now forms a sovereign federal State, an integral part of New-Granada, with the name of the State of Panama.

The new State depends upon New-Granada in the following points:

1. Everything relative to foreign relations.
2. The organization and service of the standing army and naval militia.
3. National credit.
4. Naturalization of foreigners.
5. National debts and expenses.
6. The use of the flag and arms of the Republic.
7. All relatives to the public lands that the nation reserves.
8. Weights and measures.

In other matters of legislation and administration the State of Panama is free to enact that which is permitted by its own constitution.

BUSINESS IN PANAMA.

Whatever may be the prospective advantages to be derived from the railroad, there can be no doubt that at present business matters vary considerably from the following of the business by which the greater proportion of the citizens of Panama gained a living. Every day we hear of the numerous stores and business houses unoccupied, or right of any last existence being about to leave us, business being so dull as not to offer them any inducement to remain. Many others would gladly follow them did not their engagements compel them to remain, and they have made up their minds to wait in hope of better times. That those times will come, we most firmly believe, but our present position reminds us of the old proverb of "live horse and get grass," for we must remember that there is every probability of matters getting worse before we see the "good time coming."

WEST COAST OF MEXICO.

Our dates from Acapulco are to the 20th of March. No official Bulletin was published in that city during Holy Week, and we are consequently without any details of news. Alvarez had issued a decree to regulate the duties on foreign ships and shipments at the Port of Acapulco.

Gen. Comonfort, it appears, has been banishing some of Santa Anna's partisans from Acapulco. We clip the following from the Panama *Star.*

There are at present in our city a few of the followers of Santa Anna from southern Mexico. These men [illegible] their allegiance to the President, by [illegible] in favor of Alvarez, and were consequently obliged to quit the country. They came down on the last steamer from Acapulco, and will probably leave North the next steamer for Panama.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Chile.

Our dates from Valparaiso are to March 15. There is a complete dearth of news either political, commercial or diplomatic. The election for members to the next Congress was to come off on the 25th, but it created no excitement.

The system of public instruction has undergone some slight changes, all for the better. Schools are now established in the barracks for the use of the military.

The cause of Cayleps still continues to yield, commercially.

In the mercantile world business is reported as dull, and items received to the town trade. The sales of Sour Flour have been small altogether for the consumption, the price is quoted at from $6 to $6 50. Some sales of Rye have taken place at $19 25, and others are reported at $20. Saltpetre has advanced and holders are firm at 10 reals. The high rate of freight checks transactions in this article, £5 is asked to Liverpool; over to Swansea are quoted at £5 10s.

Peru.

Peruvian papers are, as usual, entirely barren of news, and full of nothing but party matters. The Panama papers have contained nothing worth noticing. We take the following from Payne's *Shipping List*:

Since our last *Shipping List* was published, there has been no alteration in the arrivals and departures of Vessels. The purpose of manufacture and some that have lately arrived have caused a stir in the Commercial market, by bringing our trade with goods and giving a busy aspect to the city. A corps of cooks for the Lima Gas Company, which had long been due, has at length arrived, and we may shortly expect to see the capital lighted with gas, as the works have been completed for the purpose.

I regret to state the loss of the Peruvian war steamer *Rimac*, on the 1st inst., on the rock of St. Johns, thereby causing the loss of nearly one hundred lives. The officers and crew arrived here on the 2d inst., in the steamer *Vesper*, which was sent down to the scene of the disaster for the purpose of rendering any assistance in their power to the survivors in saving life and property.

Those to my calendy of events at present.

Freights are quoted as follows: Guano, 25s—two months advance. To the Chincha Islands, $20 to $22—one month advance. The French frigate of war *La Forte*, 50 guns, was the only foreign vessel of war in port.

ECUADOR.

Dates from Guyaquil are to the 26th ult. The progress of that date estimates the treaty between Ecuador and the United States made by Hon. Pablo Herrera and Don Manuel Barrera, relative to the Island of Santa Clara, in the Bay of Guayaquil, and the Island of *La Plata*, off the coast. The Ecuadorian Congress fifteen days of which one short given a translation in a future number. There is no local news of importance.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

By the arrival at San Francisco of the schooner Restless, from Honolulu, we are placed in possession of files to the 24 inst., seven days later. The papers contain little of interest. Business was reviving, and holders were more generally disposed to sell.

Sugars.—The vessel, which recently came ashore on the island of Maui, and whose cargo of sugar was injured, made water by a new hole in her bottom, discovered since the Pacific, and was found.

Rice.—Rice is in demand at 3c. Molasses.—Very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Freights.—Freights are very scarce, and quotable at 3c. Molasses.—Very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Exchange.—Exchange is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Coffee.—Coffee is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Tobacco.—Tobacco is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Cotton.—Cotton is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Wool.—Wool is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Hides.—Hides are very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Tallow.—Tallow is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Lumber.—Lumber is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Shipping.—Shipping is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Miscellaneous.—Miscellaneous is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

Total.—Total is very scarce, and quotable at 3c.

San Francisco Markets.

Friday Evening, March 23, 1855.

With the exception of a slightly increased jobbing trade, the week has presented no material change in business. Prices of merchandise have ruled low, and remain so. The stock of goods in the hands of the jobbers is not large, but there is a disposition to reduce it, which will tend to keep down prices. Much business is transacted in the country, and the country is supplied with goods at a cheap rate. The country is supplied with goods at a cheap rate. The country is supplied with goods at a cheap rate. The

MARKET REPORTS.

[illegible]

ASHES—Are offered quietly at $6 50 for Pearls, and $6 [illegible] for Pots. Nothing much in first hands.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour from the yellow dry wood of an inferior kind.

CANDLES—The demand is fair and prices are firm. There is not a very heavy supply here.

COFFEE—Rather more doing, mostly with sales of 100 portions Jamaica [illegible]; 100 bags Rio at 10¼c. [illegible] and 50 Laguayra at 10¼c. 9 m.

COTTON—Is in pretty active request at nearest rates. The arrivals are very moderate, and owners are less anxious to realize. We quote:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Fair.	Middl'g.	Middl'g.	Mid. Fair.
Orleans	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mobile	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tenn.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

FISH—Dry Cod are less inquired for and are rather lower; 4,000 [illegible] $3 87½. Scaled Mackerel are selling in small parcels, at full prices. The stock is light. No change of any consequence can be noticed in Salmon or Herrings.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western brands being very scarce and mainly held above the views of buyers, prices only what they cannot do without, and for shipment there is nothing of moment being done. The day's sales comprise 4,000 bbls. within our range:

Ordinary State	$10 00	$10 12½
Straight State	10 12½	10 50
Favorite State	10 25	$10 37½
Mixed Western	10 31½	10 62½
Common to Good Indiana and Michigan	10 43½	10 62½
Fancy Michigan	10 62½	10 75
Common to Good Ohio	10 31½	10 50
Fancy Ohio	10 50	10 75
Extra Ohio	10 87½	11 25
Extra Indiana and Michigan	10 75	11 00
Fancy Genesee	10 62½	10 87½
Extra Genesee	11 00	12 00

Canadian is rare and increasing in demand and value. The day's sales reach 1,200 bbls., at $10 62½@$11 50 for common to extra, 9 bbl. Southern is comparatively offered at very high prices. Hence, it is rather inactive—1,400 bbls. found buyers at $11@$11 75 for mixed to favorite; and $11 75@$13 for fancy and extra, 9 bbl. Nothing new has occurred in Buckwheat Flour. Sales transpired of 150 bbls. Rye Flour at $7 62½ for; and 150 bbls. Baltimore and Jersey Corn Meal, at $4 12½ 9 bbl.—showing a better market.

GRAIN—Wheat is still scarce and wanted at rising prices. A lot of 450 bushels Southern White, of rather poor quality, was taken at $2 70 9 bushel. Quotations for other kinds are entirely nominal. Rye is salable and firm. $1,000 bushels Western were reported as having been cleared at $1 02 9 bushel. Barley is not virtually held at 80c. Corn is in good request and firmer; we quote 75c. for State and Western, and 76c. @78c. for Southern and Jersey 9 bushel. Oats is also scarce and wanted at still better prices. The day's sales include 35,000 bushels at $1 12@$1 16 for Southern White, the lower rate for a lot from store; $1 15@$1 16 for Jersey and Southern Yellow; and $1 17 for a small parcel of choice round Yellow 9 bushel. Of the sales, 16,000 bushels were Western mixed, deliverable in June, at 80c. 9 bushel.

HAY—Sales of 500 bales River were effected at $1 05@$1 12½ for shipment; and $1 12½@$1 25 for local use, 9 100 lbs. This article is very scarce, both here, at the South, and in various parts of the country.

HOP—Is quite, but steady at 15@20c. for last year's crop, 9 lb.

IRON—Scotch Pig is more freely offered, and is in limited request at $27 50@$30, usual terms, 9 ton. Nothing of moment doing in other kinds.

LATHS—Eastern are more inquired for at previous quotations. The quantity offering for sale is not extensive.

LEAD—We have nothing particularly new to notice in this line. Sheets, &c., lead, very firm.

LIME—Rockland is in moderate supply and demand at old rates.

MOLASSES—The inquiry is fair for good qualities; and prices of these are sustained. The sales since our last consist of a cargo of Ponce Muscovado at 31c.; 150 bbls. New-Orleans at 37c.@38c.; and 60 bbls. Clayed Cuba at 32c. 9 gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Nothing new can be noticed in Tar or Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine is in fair demand, and being rather less abundant, it is now worth 49½@49c. 9 gallon. Small sales have been made at these figures, which are the lowest owners are inclined to accept for any quality. Common Rosin is salable and firm at $1 37½@$1 45 9 310 lbs., delivered.

OILS—Whale and Sperm are in limited supply and demand at unshaken rates. Nothing further has occurred in Olive. Linseed is quiet, but steady, at 68c. 9 gallon. Winter Lard Oil is in request at 82c.@87c. 9 gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork is plentier and rather cheaper. Beef, there is more doing, especially in old mess, which forms the bulk of the day's sales—these reaching 2,700 bbls. at $15 12½ for old mess; $14 75@$14 87½ for new prices; and $17 25@$17 75 for new mess, 9 bbl. Dressed Hogs are unchanged. Cutmeats are still very dull and neglected. There were 870 pkgs. sold at 9½c.@9½c. for Hams, and 7½c.@7½c. for shoulders, 9 lb. Bacon is unaltered. 350 boxes short sides brought 6c. 9 lb. Lard is in moderate request at pretty full rates, sales having been made of 540 bbls. and tcs. at 10½c.@10½c. 9 lb. Beef is pretty brisk and buoyant—the sales comprising nearly 600 bbls. at $7 50@$8 50 for country prime; $8 50@$9 for city do.; $9 50@$12 50 for country mess; $14 75@$15 50 for repacked mess, and $16 @$19 50 for extra mess, 9 bbl. Above 100 bbls. good Western prime mess sold at $8 87½ 9 bbl. India is very much heavy, with but a limited inquiry. Cheese is inactive and hangs of 10c.@12c. 9 lb.

RICE—The full stock and high claims of owners check sales, but there exists a fair demand, and for what buyers urgently need, they have to pay full prices.

SOAP—About 150 boxes Castile were taken at former rates.

SUGARS—We have but to notice sales of about 450 hhds. Cuba, New-Orleans and Porto Rico at 8c.@8½c. 9 lb. Market rather poorly supplied and quiet, but very firm.

TALLOW—There were 13,300 lbs. prime sold at previous figures.

TEAS—Continue in good request at full prices. This favorite article is selling pretty off well.

TOBACCO—Is not very active but prices quite firm. The great bulk is taken for export and most desirable quality. This is the main chance of the limited sales.

WHISKY—There were 400 bbls. Ohio and Prison sold in lots at 23c.@23½c. 9 gallon.

FREIGHTS—We have no improvement to notice in this line. For Liverpool some Cotton and Naval Stores were engaged at old rates. For London there were taken 200 bbls. Rosin at 1s. 6d., and some Turpentine at private terms. For the Continent the shipments were limited and rates unchanged.

NEW-YORK CITY BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

The following list consists of prominent Houses in each line of Business:

DRY GOODS.

Importers and Foreign Agents.

BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO. (Imp. & Job.) 172 Broadway.
Berlin Wool, Embroidery Silks, Fringes, Gimps, Buttons, Lisley Brass Trimmings, Gold and Silver Articles for Regalia.

ROBINSAN STORR. (Importers and Jobbers.) 69 Johnst.
Gent's Furnishing Goods.

J. M. DAVIES, JONES & CO., 370 A Mend. 32 Warren-st.
G. R. HATCH & CO. (Imp. and Jobbers.) 78 Chambers-st.
Agricultural Warehouse.

R. L. ALLEN (late A. B. Allen & Co.) 189 and 191 Water-st.
Artificial Flowers and Feathers—New Styles.

JAMES TUCKER, (Importer and Wholesale Dealer.) No. 257 Broadway. Bridal Wreaths for the million.

Architects.

JOHN W. RITCH.....48 Broadway, corner Rector-st.
F. SHAPER.....49 Wall-st.
American Lamps and Gas Fixtures.

SMITH, BRO. & CO. (Manufacturers).....124 Williams-st.
American and Foreign Rubber Goods.

UNION INDIA RUBBER CO.....Manufactory, 61 Jacob-st.
Advertising Agents.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.....119 Nassau-st.
Architects.

HOWARD DANIELS (Landscape Gardener).....387 Broad'y
American Saddles, Harness, Trunks, &c.

R. M. SPENCE (Imp. and Manf.).....232 Broadway, cor 14th-st.
Brown & Allen's Premium Piano-Fortes.

PERRIS & HOOD, (Sole Agts., Ho. 422 Broadway, corner [illegible]
Washing and Solar—Dunham's Vegetable.

G. C. EVERITT, (Sole Proprietor, manufacturer and Importer, 87 Cedar-st. The Secret and Genuine Chemical Soap, [illegible] Cedar-st. Dealers in the trade will find this the best article in the market.
Brass, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dyes, &c.

KINSLEY & DARLING, (Wholesale Druggists, 181 Water-st.
Importers.

J. GURNEY.....Ho. 289 Broadway, [illegible] in the United States.
Defiance Safety-Lamp Safes, and Gilbert's Bolt-proof Locks and Chest Boxes.

MOSES H. PATRICK, (Manufacturer).....No. 189 Pearl-st.
Brushes Manufactured.

BARNETT, NEPHEWS & CO., Shaker Island Finely Dyed Bristles, 2 Jacob-st.
Stoves, Furnaces and Hollow.

H. F. KIMBALL, (Wholesale and Retail,) 78 Beekman-st.
Engravers, (Wood.)

J. W. ORR, (Of Pearl-st. from 1834).....W Nassau-st.
W. HOWLAND, 139 Broadway, 1 door above Astor House.
Hammocks Made and Sold from the Cheapest Cotton Rope.

MILLER, COATES & YOULE (Engravers).....139 Pearl-st.
Engravers, (Card.) Also, Stationery.

MICKS & APPLICK.....202 Broadway, corner of Warren-st.
French Window Glass.

J. H. POILLON & CO. (Importers).....36 Stanton-st.
Fancy Goods, Combs, Buttons, Cutlery, Jewelry.

GARDINIER & LYONS (Importers Jobbers).....161 Pearl-st.
Glass—French Window.

EDWARD F. DICKIE, No. 164 Chambers-st., near Hudson River Railroad Depot.
Commission.

J. S. WHITNEY & CO.....4 South, and 61 Washington-st.
WM. H. JAMESON, (Formerly of Jameson & Hightshoe) Boston.) No. 32 Pearl, (Over Ladd & Hightshoe's Boston.)
Gold Leaf and Gold Foil.

J. L. WAUGH.....128 Fulton-st.
Hose, Gum and Rubber Cloth.

S. W. & J. NEAR, (Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers.) No. 102 Chatham-st.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A gentleman and his wife, also, several single gentlemen can be accommodated after the 1st of May, at a pleasant house in Ludlow-place, Monroe-st., near McDougal-st., by applying to Mrs. BIRDSALL, at her present residence, No. 238 Spring-st. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—The house of the house No. 12 Lamartine-place, 20th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs., where a family and small family, will accommodate two gentlemen boarders with rooms, for whom we will be happy to make it a private park in front, because so above.

BOARDING.—A few doors from Union-square, between Broadway and 5th-av., convenient to cars and stages; two large second rooms, single or together, in a quiet family, would be let to a gentleman and his wife, or single gentleman, with partial board. No. 32 19th-st.

BOARDING.—No. 1,069 Broadway, pleasant rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, with full or partial board; house is new and has the modern improvements, is very convenient to stages and cars; but few boarders taken. References required.

BOARDING.—Six or seven young men can be accommodated with board at No. 149 West 26th-st., near 6th-av. Terms reasonable.

BOARDING.—A gentleman and wife, or single gentleman, can be accommodated with board, with gas and bath, at No. 291 East Broadway. Inquire at the premises.

BOARDING.—A suite of rooms on the second and third floors, furnished or unfurnished, for a gentleman and his wife or for single gentlemen, at No. 27 Clinton place.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—At No. 16 Schermerhorn-st., between Bowery and Smith-sts. Pleasant rooms in suites or separately can be had. The apartments are well furnished; the house is commodious; the location is unexceptionable; is Brooklyn, from 10 to 15 minutes' walk from the Ferries.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—Four gentlemen, Protestant preferred, can be accommodated with furnished rooms and board at No. 247 Atlantic-st., one to three minutes' walk of the ferries. Rooms new and pleasantly situated.

BOARDING.—A few genteel boarders can be accommodated in a first-class house, pleasantly located on Alexander-square. Cars and stages pass the door. Apply at No. 65 Warren-st.

BOARDING.—Families and single gentlemen will find handsomely furnished apartments, with modern improvements, at No. 42 West 14th-st. between 5th and 6th-avs. Present at 6 O'clock. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED.—For a gentleman, wife and infant, in a private family, where home comforts may be enjoyed. One room and board for three persons. Terms moderate. A reply may be addressed to BREWSTER, at the Office of the *Daily Times*.

BOARD WANTED.—In the vicinity of St. John's-park, or vicinity, for a gentleman and his wife, in Broadway, by a gentleman. Address Box No. 2,149 lower Post-Office, stating location and terms.

BOARD WANTED.—By a young lady, in a private family preferred, near corner Hudson and Canal-sts. Address, stating terms and situation, ROBERT DIXON, No. 129 Broadway.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY WANTED.—By a gentleman wife and child, a good room with partial board, in a private family, or house where but few boarders are taken. The subject is desirous of a home, and would pay liberally for the enjoyment of a home, rather than a private park in front, because so above.

BOARDING FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN.—Will board four to six gentlemen and obtain most agreeable accommodations in a private family, on 21st-st., near Gramercy-park, either with full board or breakfast and tea. The house is furnished with all the modern improvements for comfort and convenience. Highly warm hot-water heating apparatus. Address R. H. N., Box No. 2,511 Post-Office.

BOARD AND NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS.—Can be obtained suitable for a gentleman and wife, in 21st or 22d story, at No. 66 West 22d-st., near 6th-av. The house contains the modern improvements, is very convenient to the cars, omnibuses, &c. No children and but few boarders. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References exchanged.

BOARD.—Pleasant accommodations for families and single gentlemen can be had by applying at No. 240 4th-av., near 20th-st. Morning and Evening Prayers. References exchanged.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN.—Gentlemen who require good rooms and very home in a private family, that will be found within five minutes' walk of the Fulton Ferry, or Fulton Ferry, late Mrs. Judd's.

BOARDING IN HOBOKEN.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with nicely furnished parlor and bedroom and partial board, in a private family. House located in lot of ½ between Union-place and Garden-st. Ref. Gentlemen exchanged. For particulars apply to or address C. F., No. 27 Dey-st., 3d story, N. Y.

BOARDING IN HOBOKEN.—Pleasant rooms, with board, for two or three gentlemen, at the corner of Bloomfield and Hudson, Hoboken.

BOARDING IN THE COUNTRY.—A few families or single persons can be accommodated with good board at much less prices than at a pleasant location, two miles from the Ferry, in the Village of Bloomfield, N. J. Mrs. GREGORY, at Bakery, New-jersey. Reference, DAVISON, CRUM & BONNELL, No. 128 Fulton-st., and C. V. S. S. WILLIAMS, No. 128 Front-st., New-York; J. A. WOODRUFF, Bakery, New-Jersey.

COUNTRY BOARDING.—May now be had at the Mineral BRIDGE, half an hour's ride from 28th-st. by Harlem Railroad, and 5 minutes' walk from the depot at Williams' Bridge. Cars run daily. House new and well shaded; fresh vegetables and fruit; stable and out-houses. Apply at the store of JOHN T. BRIGGS (across the bridge) for directions to the house. References—J. M. PARTRIDGE, No. 44 Cortlandt-st.; LEONARD SCOTT, No. 64 Gold-st.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—For the Summer for two or three of a family (or two gentlemen with or without wives), on Staten Island, or at Fort Hamilton, or other suitable place easy of access, for a family consisting of two gentlemen, wife, child, nurse, two children, and one servant. The house must be very moderate, and the location near the shore. Address G. H. E., Box No. 715 Post-Office.

COUNTRY BOARD AT FAIRFIELD, CONN.—Pleasant rooms and board can be obtained at the house of Mr. Lyon, in a healthy and retired pleasant place the depot. The location is very desirable, surrounded by evergreens and overlooking the town. Good stabling on the premises. Access convenient by New-Haven Railroad. Apply to F. W. KNAPP, No. 18 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD.—From 1st of May next, may be had by seven or eight adults, at a healthy, quiet location, and in a private family, within twenty miles of the City by railroad. Address Box No. 1,339, New-York Post-Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—For six or seven persons, near the Hudson River, either side, about or above the Highlands. A farm house preferred. Inquire of JOSEPH BIRD, No. 64 Broadway.

ALL PERSONS WISHING BOARD OR BOARDERS.—Will find it to their advantage to call at the most respectable of general agencies, 5 Chatham-street, where they will be supplied free of charge, to all parts of the City or country. Office open from 8 A. M., to 8 P. M. "Herald" Office from 8 A. M., to 9 P. M.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS—A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR TWO FRIENDS.—A beautiful parlor, with two spacious bedrooms, in a private family, with full board, or without board, if desired, in a house with modern improvements, is within one minute's walk of both cars and omnibuses, is now for sale, and will be shown only to a family or gentleman and lady, who will be found highly respectable. For particulars apply to or address C. F., No. 27 Dey-st., 3d story, N. Y.

TO SINGLE GENTLEMEN.—A private family in Washington-square North, desirous of obtaining a gentleman of good address, will find a desirable home, and every particular, will be a desirable one for some gentleman. Terms, in two or three single gentlemen, $4 50 per week. Apply at No. 116 Washington-st., five doors west of Broadway.

BOARDING.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, without children, would like to add to their family one or two single gentlemen or a gentleman and his wife, or single gentleman, or a married couple, or without partial board. The house has all the modern improvements, is pleasantly situated, at No. 22 Jones-st., opposite Washington-square.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE—Can obtain two or three rooms with board, in a quiet family, in a pleasant location. References required. Address Box No. 200 Chelsea-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—Two beautifully furnished rooms, with gas and Croton water, will be let very reasonable, to a young couple, or to a few respectable boarders. The house is pleasantly situated. Apply at No. 180 Bowery, in the drugstore.

FRENCH BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms in a quiet family. The house is well arranged, and has all modern improvements. Address on the premises, No. 46 Willoughby-st., near City Hall, Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—Suitable for families or single gentlemen, can be had (if applied for soon) at No. 19 Henry-st. Hence new, warm light and airy. Gas, bath, and Croton water. Terms low. Inquire of the owner, who lives in the house, will find this a quiet and comfortable home for the families.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.—An element front parlor, large bedroom and pantries attached, on 2d story, to gentlemen or family or gentlemen, can be had with board in small select parties only. Gas, hot and cold water, &c., in each room. Hence new and first-class. Locality, one of most beautiful in the XVIth Ward. Family small and strictly private. Dinner at 6. Apply at No. 23 West 22d-st., near 6th-av.

ROOMS TO LET.—A very small family, residing in Brooklyn-E. D., near Williams, would let with board to gentleman and wives, or single gentlemen, two large rooms with closet and warmers attached, and one small room, if required. The house is new and very pleasantly situated. Address ROME, Brooklyn Post-office.

ROOMS TO LET, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.—A private family in Brooklyn having a few rooms to spare, would like to let them to three or four gentlemen, or two gentlemen and their wives, with or without partial board. Location near Fulton, Clarkson, and Hicks-sts. Ferries. Reference required. Address C. B. A., this office.

ROOMS TO LET.—A pleasant front, bedroom and pantry, on the second floor of a private house, to a quiet respectable person. They will be rented plainly furnished, and kept clean. For $3 per week. Possession immediately. Inquire at No. 85 Leroy-st.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.—A front room and bedroom on the 2d floor, furnished as one, to a gentleman and wife or single gentleman willing to pay for good accommodations. House first-class and convenient. New location. Apply at No. 17 6th-st. References exchanged.

ROOMS AND BOARDING.—A private American family occupying a first-class house, containing all the modern improvements, will let rooms with board to a few respectable boarders. Apply at No. 169 East 17th-st., near 3d-av.

ROOMS OR PARLORS NEAR UNION COLLEGE.—Rooms, with board, for one or two gentlemen; desirable dwelling full or partial board to a strictly private family, where the comforts of a home may be realized. Please address HOME, Box No. 1,447 Post-Office, for three days.

ROOMS TO LET IN A PRIVATE FAMILY.—Two or three furnished rooms, with or without board. The house is elegant and new, and contains all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 67 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs. References exchanged.

No. 550 GREENWICH-STREET.—A large and airy single room, on third floor, to be let with board, to a gentleman and wife. Also, a large room on third floor, to accommodate three or four single gentlemen, and a large half bedroom. The house has all the modern improvements, bath, gas, &c.

141 FIFTH-STREET.—Third door east of Broadway, very desirable rooms, in suites or separate. Also, front parlor, with breakfast, if required. Also, front bed Rooms at No. 4 College-place.

57 WEST 32D-STREET.—A few select families and gentlemen can be accommodated with suites or single rooms, with full or partial board, in the elegant brown stone building. It is one of the most delightful locations for Summer residence. It is located between Broadway and 6th-av.

79 AND 81 MADISON-AVENUE.—Rooms in suites for families; also rooms for single gentlemen; stages passing every five minutes. References exchanged.

DESIRABLE ROOMS WITH BOARD.—May be had by families or single gentlemen, at No. 144 West 26th-st., near 6th-av.

INSTRUCTION.

FAMILY BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND BOYS, IN REDDING, CONN.—This School is under the supervision of experienced teachers, who will give particular attention to the moral and intellectual culture of the heart and mind, and also to the exercise necessary to induce the proper development of the physical organization of the pupils. The location is healthful and pleasant, and may be considered a desirable retreat, especially during the summer months. The year is divided into two sessions of 22 weeks each. The summer session commences on Wednesday, May 2, and the winter session on the first Wednesday of November. Terms, $50 per session, payable in advance.

Reference—Rev. Dr. Cleveland, Greenwood, Jr., American Museum; Rev. M. Freed, No. 33 and 37 Varick-st., New-York City; D. D. Frost, Walker Street, Esq.; J. M. Abbott, Esq., Redding; H. O. Pearce, No. 17 Dutch-st., Brooklyn, L. I.

Prospectus may be had of the Principals, at Redding, Fairfield County, Conn.

POLLY BELLECK, Redding, Conn.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL, SCHODACK, N. Y.—The Summer term will begin on the 1st of May. Pupils will be received at any time. This School is delightfully situated, in a healthy and beautiful region, and is distinguished for the high cultivation of its society, the excellent management of the school, and its healthy climate. Circulars containing full particulars, references, &c., will be sent on application to E. WESTERMAN, Esq., Rensselaer, N. Y., or to Rev. JARED REED, D. D., Rensselaer, N. Y.

FERDINAND HOFFMANN, } Principals.

NEW ROCHELLE BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The Summer Term of this Institute will commence on the 30th inst. The pupil earlier receives into his family twelve pupils who are immediately under his supervision. Moral culture, in connection with other attractive objects, is particularly regarded. For particulars address as above. Rev. DAVID MILLER, No. 38 Jackson-st., South Brooklyn, or the Principal.

R. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

ROSE HILL BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, N. Y. Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal. The Summer term commences the 1st of May, and continues twenty-two weeks. For circulars containing full particulars, address the Principal, or Mr. W. C. Chatfield, F. C. WELLS, No. 118 Fulton-st., or H. ROACH, Esq., No. 97 Park-place. The Principal can be seen at No. 356 Greenwich-st., from 3 to 5 P. M. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week.

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—SHEVING INSTITUTE, Tarrytown, N. Y. The next session of this Institute will commence on the 1st of May. Circulars can be obtained at WILCOX'S or U. S. Hotel, Broadway, No. 363 Broadway, or by addressing the Principal.

DAVID F. LOWE, A. M., Principal.

CHAS. L. DAVIS, Vice-Principal.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE.—WEST BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The Summer term begins the 1st of May. Circulars containing particulars may be had at WILLEY & BONNELL'S, 110 Broadway; N. TUBBS, 128 Water-st.; Robert Ashton, 2 Wall-st.; N. FOSTER & APPLETON'S Music Store, No. 67 Fourth-st., Williamsburg, or of the Principal.

E. W. WIREWELL.

BELLEPORT CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.—The next term of this Institute will commence the 1st of May. For circulars, apply to W. EEVAN, Esq., No. 184 Water-st., New-York, or the Principal.

JAMES CRUIKSHANK, Principal.

BELLEPORT, L. I., April 2, 1855.

ERASMUS HALL ACADEMY, FLATBUSH, L. I.—Rev. E. NEWTON, A. M., Principal. The next session will commence on MONDAY, May 1. Tuition, Board and tuition $200 per year. For circulars, apply at No. 160 Fulton-st., New-York. Stages every half hour from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn—one mile distant.

OAK HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Norwalk, Conn., Mrs. LOUISA A. SMITH, Principal. Summer session will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 2. Circulars can be obtained at the store of Messrs. CLARK, AUSTIN & SMITH, No. 5 Park-row.

A. H. WHEELER, TEACHER OF BOOKKEEPING AND PENMANSHIP, has removed to new and elegant rooms, No. 202 Broadway, corner of Fulton. Instructions in writing executed to order. Gentlemen and Ladies' Penmanship taught by Mr. FORD. Ladies' class from 2 to 4 P. M.

RAVENSWOOD INSTITUTE.—Long Island, is a delightful Boarding School for Young Ladies, under the tuition of highly accomplished teachers. Music, French and Drawing, by resident teachers. Terms for junior pupils, $150 a year. Circulars sent by mail, or may be had of Mr. BROWN, No. 245 Broadway.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—CEDARGLEN, Stone Ridge, N. Y.—Miss ROGERS, Principal. The Summer session will commence Tuesday, May 1. Terms, $150 a year.

REFERENCES.—D. P. BACON, Esq., No. 228 4th-st., New-York; THOMAS SMULL, Esq., No. 6 Ferry-st., New-York.

TEACHER.—A young lady, a graduate of a New-York Female Seminary, who has had experience in teaching, is competent to instruct in the common and higher branches, together with Latin and French, desires a situation as teacher. Good testimonials and references. Address CLERGYMAN, Van Deusenville, Mass.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—At Stockbridge, Mass., E. B. NICHOLS, Principal. The Summer term commences May 1. Circulars containing full particulars may be had at RAYNOR'S bookstore, No. 38 Bowery, or of the Principal.

SOUTH BROOKLYN SELECT ACADEMY.—No. 18 Tompkins-place. The next term of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, April 23.

A. T. BALDWIN, Principal.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 113 Bleecker-st., on Washington-square, (entrance No. 128 Macdougal-st.)

CLARKE & FANNING, Principals.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE.—One light coach; one rockaway; one coupé; one light carriage; one light two or four seater; one or two horses; would be sold low. Also, a pair of gray coach horses, bay, six years old, without blemish. Apply at the private stable, No. 36 East 30th-st., between 5th and Madison-ave.

HORSES FOR SALE.—At the Farmer, Hotel Cortlandt-st., will be sold on WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock, twenty horses, suitable for all purposes; also, new and second hand carriages, including one fine Rockaway. Open from 8 A. M., to 9 P. M.

JOHN B. GATTERDAM, Proprietor.

SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE.—For lady or gentleman, and of the saddle. Apply at Saddle Room, 44 [illegible]-st.

COUPÉ AND SEVEN CHAIR.—Warranted for excellency of workmanship, finish and elegance of design, to be sold at a very low price, for cash, by the maker, [illegible] Bleecker-st.

HORSES TO THE IRON.—NO. 1 EXTRA FOR A & A. Ho. 2 Ho. 3 Trotting Horses, Harness, &c., for sale, or exchange for Brown Pa., with the difference to be paid in cash. Apply at the stable, 57, No. 8 John-st.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT.

Number of shares subscribed	[illegible]
Number of shares outstanding	[illegible]

Total number of shares ..... [illegible]

Statement showing the actual financial condition of the Association on the 1st of April, 1855:

LIABILITIES.

To net cash first received	[illegible]
To dues received	112,[illegible]
To dues received in advance	[illegible]
To redemption fund received	16,[illegible]
To temporary loan	[illegible]
To fees received	[illegible]
To premium due from assurance	[illegible]
To interest on cash in bank	[illegible]
To interest on mortgages	[illegible]
To value of real estate	[illegible]
To cash at amount of assurance	[illegible]
Total	$184,[illegible]

ASSETS.

By expenses of management, 1 year	$3,[illegible]
By amount advanced on unfinished dwellings	$40,[illegible]
By real mortgage loans	[illegible]
By amount on shares withdrawn	[illegible]
By loans and insurance	[illegible]
By real estate	[illegible]
By expenses on real estate	[illegible]
By cash in Mechanics Bank	[illegible]
By cash in Manhattan Bank	[illegible]
By cash in Seamen's Bank	[illegible]
By cash in the hands of Secretary	[illegible]
Total	$184,[illegible]

JOHN BRUCE, President.

S. JENKINS, Secretary.

MILES CHANDLER, } Finance
JOHN T. SHEPPARD, } Committee.
JOHN HASBEL, }

City and County of New-York, ss.: On this 14th day of April, 1855, before me personally came John Bruce and Silas Jenkins, known to me to be the individuals who have subscribed their names to the above statement as President and Secretary of the American Beneficial Building Association, who have duly sworn, did depose and say, that according to the best of their knowledge and belief, the said statement exhibits a true account of the affairs of the Association at the end of the seventh year.

CHAS. D. MEAD, Commissioner of Deeds.

The President and Directors of this Association have declared a dividend of $1 50 per share on all shares withdrawn, payable on demand.

S. JENKINS, Sec'y.

The Office of the American Building Association will remove to the corner of College-place and Barclay-st., where the regular meetings will be held after the 1st of May next.

MESSRS. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers, No. 63 Wall-st., New-York, issue FOREIGN CIRCULAR LETTERS of CREDIT on the following places:

Alexandria, Egypt.	Cadiz.	Leghorn.	Pisa.
Antwerp.	Calcutta.	Madrid.	Rome.
Athens.	Canton.	Malta.	Rotterdam.
Amsterdam.	Dresden.	Marseilles.	St. de Jamboo.
Augsburg.	Dublin.	Mecca.	St. Petersburg.
Baden-Baden.	Edinburgh.	Messina.	Stuttgart.
Berlin.	Florence.	Munich.	Turin.
Bonn.	Frankfort.	Naples.	Vienna.
Brussels.	Geneva.	Nuremberg.	Warsaw.
Bremen.	Genoa.	Palermo.	Zurich.
Breslau.	Gibraltar.	Paris.	Aachen.
Cologne.	Hamburg.	Pesth.	Alexandria.
Constantinople.	Hague.	Madrid.	Sydney, N.S.W.
Cairo.	Havre.	Melbourne.	Cuba.
Copenhagen.	Heidelberg.	Mexico.	Canton.
Cologne.	Hong Kong.	Milan.	Trieste.
Dresden.	Kandy, Ceylon.	Nice.	Venice.
Dublin.	London.	Oporto.	Verona.
Edinburgh.	Lisbon.	Palermo.	Vienna.
Florence.	Leipsic.	Paris.	Wiesbaden.
Frankfort.	Leghorn.	Pesth.	Wurtzburg.
Geneva.	Lucca.	Rio Janeiro.	Zurich.
Genoa.	Lyons.	Rome.	
Gibraltar.	Madrid.	Salerno.	

ALSO, CREDITS FOR INDIA AND CHINA ON THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION OF LONDON.

Branches and Agencies at

Calcutta.	Bombay.	Shanghai.	Colombo.
Hong Kong.	Bombay.	Madras.	Madras.
Singapore.			

CREDITS FOR AUSTRALIA ON THE BANK OF NEW-SOUTH WALES OF LONDON.

Branches and Agencies at

Sydney and Newcastle		Hunter River.
Brisbane and Ipswich		Moreton Bay.
Melbourne.	Victoria Mines.	Kyneton.
Geelong.		Mount Alexander.
Ballarat.		
Sandhurst Agency		Bendigo.
Orange Agency.		

$750,000.—NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD SECOND MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. BONDS, PART OF AN ISSUE OF ONE MILLION.—This mortgage covers a large amount of real estate in the City, as well as many parcels on the line of the road, not included in the first mortgage, and all the rolling stock and furniture of the road. The bonds are issued with interest coupons attached, payable on the first days of February and August in each year, and the principal reimbursable on the first day of August, 1865. The mortgage is made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of this City, as trustee for the bondholders, and recorded in all the counties through which the road passes. This issue, added to the first, will make the mortgage indebtedness of the road $4,000,000—less than 40 per cent upon its cost up to this time. The proceeds of the bonds now offered will be used—first, to extinguish the floating debt of the Company; and, second, to complete the double track to White Plains, and erect some few stations deemed required on the line of the road, all of which it is expected may be done so as to close "construction account" at the end of the year. The security upon which these bonds are based is believed to be in all respects ample, quite as valuable as that of the first mortgage, and the earnings of the road substantially increasing, with the business, present and prospective, never so satisfactory as now. Subscriptions for all or any of these bonds may be addressed to WM. E. DRAPER, Treasurer Harlem Railroad Company, New-York, or delivered to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of May next, when their will be opened, and should there be other than the amount made in cash on receiving the bonds, or in instalments of 25 per cent, payable respectively on the 15th day of May, 16th of June, 16th of July, and 16th of August, the balance, if any, will be returned, or the bids in excess, if deemed by the Interest of the Company so to do. By order of the Board of Directors.

NICHOLAS DEAN, President.

WM. E. DRAPER, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, April 6, 1855.

The road terminates in the centre of the City of New-York, and is the shortest line between the City of New-York and all the trade of the great West, together with a portion of that of the North. The annual gross earnings of the road now exceed $1,000,000.

NEW-YORK, April 6, 1855.

CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY $200,000 LOAN.—FIRST MORTGAGE COUPON BONDS.—*Five Hundred Thousand Dollars first mortgage* bonds of the CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY, bearing date 1st January, 1854, secured by Cumberland coal, payable on the first day of January, 1864, with interest at the rate of six per cent, per annum, payable semi-annually in the City of New-York.

There is also a second mortgage to *William D. Mitchell and Edward W. Dickerson*, on the lands of the Company, situate in Allegany County, Maryland, being about 12,000 acres, and comprising about 4,000 acres of the great Eastern fast-vein of Cumberland coal, on the Cumberland Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with the Cumberland and Ohio Canal, and with the town of Cumberland.

To provide for the payment of these Bonds at and before maturity, the Company have agreed to appropriate and deposit in the hands of Trustees, Edward Dodge and Jonathan Sturges, a sinking fund, in default of the payment of which, or of the semi-annual interest, for sixty days after due, the principal shall become due, and the Trustees be authorized to take possession of the property for the benefit of the Bondholders.

Sealed proposals addressed to the Finance Committee of the Company, will be received at the office of DUNHAM & CO., No. 11 William-st., New-York, until Saturday, the

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1855.

JOB PRINTING.

We are now fully prepared to execute all kinds of Print-ing—PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL, in the VERY BEST STYLE, and at MODERATE PRICES. Country Merchants who desire Bills or Circulars of any kind, get up in a neat and elegant style, may rely upon earlier satisfaction.

Orders left at our office will be promptly attended to.

RAYMOND, HARPER & CO.

☞ THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES is served to the City and vicinity for ONE SHILLING a week. Single Copies Two Cents. Mail Subscribers Six Dollars a year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, containing all the reading matter of the Daily, published Tuesday and Friday, is mailed at Three Dollars a year.

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The News by the George Law.

By the arrival of the steamship *George Law*, we are in receipt of one week's later news from California. The intelligence from San Francisco is interesting. A bill for funding the Floating Debt of that city has passed the Assembly, and the proposition seems to have met with the approbation of a large number of citizens in public meeting assembled. In the Senate a strong opposition has been raised to the bill. As a reason for this, it is urged that all debts exceeding the sum of $50,000 are—without being submitted to the people—prohibited by the charter, and consequently illegal. A rival scheme has been started, the object of which is to abolish the present City Government, and substitute in its place a Board of Trustees to take charge of municipal affairs. The proposed plan has not yet been matured. We give, however, some of its principal features in another column. The *Placer Times* writing on the subject says: "Extravagance and abuse have led to this most unfortunate conflict—the result of which can only be disastrous. If the current debt is not funded or paid, the city must be liable to suits at all times; and if it is funded, there is no assurance that in the course of another year there may not be an amount quite as large requiring a similar disposition. Thus it would seem that ruin or trouble at least threatens us."

Commercial prospects are still gloomy. Merchandise continues to recede in price, and cash sales are rarely made. Page, Bacon & Co. resumed business on the 29th of March, and at a meeting of the creditors of Adams & Co. three gentlemen were selected to nominate assignees to be appointed by the Court.

Miners are represented as doing well. A strike was made at Columbia in consequence of the high rates charged by the Tuolumne Water Company; but the Company yielded and the excitement soon subsided. Flattering accounts are given of the gold diggings lately discovered within forty miles of San Diego.

Our South American files contain nothing of any great importance. Some interesting items, however, will be found in our summary of the news.

Cardinal Wiseman on the War.

Cardinal Wiseman, Archbishop of Westminster, and so forth, has been lecturing in London on the present war. As a member of the Church *militant*, he has achieved considerable reputation, which will not be lessened, but increased, by his incursion into *military* matters. As there is not only good sense in his lecture, but precisely the information so much desired at the present time, we shall exhibit some of its leading points, which show the difference between the military organization of France and England.

The Cardinal's starting-point is: that, from the British Army, the element most wanting is excluded—namely, the middle classes, who best understand the principles of order, system and method. The life of the private soldier is too low and hopeless—that of the officer too high and inaccessible. There is no union—there can be none between such discordant elements, where one cannot rise and the other will not stoop. On the contrary, in the French army the middle classes form the great constituent part, and the humblest man in the ranks is capable of rising to distinction. Conscription, by which, in turn, every Frenchman is liable to be drawn for a soldier, prevails in one army—voluntary enlistment in the other. Where every one may be drawn, without distinction, from the highest to the lowest, it would seem as if, *as necessitate*, the French army must consist of a preponderance of the middle classes. But such as do not desire to enter this service may avail themselves of the power of purchasing substitutes, and the cost of this has been minimized by means of clubs or assurance companies. Notwithstanding, vast numbers of the middle classes do willingly enter the French service, knowing that good conduct, good education, and mastery of the details of duty, insure promotion there as surely as in the civil service. On the other hand, very few privates in the English army are promoted to the rank of officers; and, in this utter hopelessness, only the very worst of the middle classes will enlist in England.

Therefore the army is as much a Frenchman's natural career as the civil service, with a single exception; every one in France is liable to commence his military career as a common soldier; and young men of the highest station, best character, and most brilliant education, are met with in the ranks. In England, if the scion of a noble family were a private soldier, he would either be cut by his family, or, at the best, not allowed to appear except in the servants' hall—if, indeed, the powdered lacquays would not shrink from association with a person in such a degraded rank of life. In France the son of a noble may be met with, in the highest military, wearing the uniform of a private soldier, and no one thinks lightly of him on that account, for he must rise, if he have the necessary qualifications, to the rank of Colonel,—according to the grades above it, on proof of his military merits, by examination.

The only instance where the starting point for every officer in the French army must be preliminary service as a common soldier, is where a student in the military colleges, who has gone through a most severe examination, which none but men of extraordinary ability can come out of with success, is allowed to enter in the lowest grade of an officer. No private soldier can obtain a commission in the French army, except after passing through an examination as to his competency—save, indeed, where some great achievement in the field warrants his promotion.

The purchase of commissions is wholly unknown in the French army. It is peculiar to the English. No one, viewing the relative conduct of the two armies in the Crimea, will say that, in any respect, the French officer, rising always from the ranks, has not shown himself at least equal to the English, admitted not on merit but by money.

The operation of the open system tends to elevate the French soldier. The officer sees in him a person who, by-and-bye, will become his own equal and immediate associate. The private, knowing that a certain amount of education is one of the qualifications for a commission, constantly endeavors to improve his mind. A vast majority of the French privates, therefore, are men of intelligence, respected by their officers, and, what is more, respected by themselves and by each other. Between them and the officers is an intercourse, at once familiar and friendly, such as—not even in time of war, when common peril and common suffering bring all classes more on a level—is not to be found in the British army. Discipline is not affected by this, nor is the obedience lessened which subordinates are bound to give to their superiors. The result of this is that, whereas the middle classes of England are ashamed to confess that any member of their family occupies a position so degrading as that of a private soldier, the middle classes in France are proud to acknowledge that they have relations in the army—for, however low their position, it is one which, in turn, the highest general officer in the service has commenced with.

In England the profession of the private soldier is considered almost disgraceful. In France it is considered most honorable—the very hope of the country, in fact. In England it is a service of *duty*; in France, a means of *glory*. Every French soldier has before him, if he merit it, the distinction of the cross of the Legion of Honor, and promotion to the highest rank in the army. In England an Order of Merit is now, for the first time, talked of, but the promotion, without purchase, of one sergeant in each regiment, is the utmost that has yet taken place during the disastrous campaign in the Crimea. As Sterne said, nearly a century ago, on another matter, "They manage these things better in France."

Immigration Checked.

Emigration from Europe to New-York seems to have received a decided check. Without any reference to the statistics of the Emigration Office, the most casual observer will at once perceive, by the appearance of our wharves, that the rush of emigration from the Old Country to the United States has been partially stopped. There is none of that bustle and excitement visible about our quays which characterized the landing of passengers in the Spring of last year. A multitudinous mass of adventurers, with a profusion of trunks, boxes and beds, was daily discharged last year upon our piers, from clipper and bark, brig and schooner. Every description of craft arriving here from Europe was crammed to suffocation with its incongruous cargo of human beings, collected from every quarter of the Old World. The plodding Germans fled from the oppressions of Emperors, Archdukes and Serene Highnesses, to the sanctuary provided by this great Republic, whose arms have always been opened wide to receive the persecuted of every clime, without distinction of race or creed. From landlord tyranny and English misrule, the outcast and down-trodden Irish—men, women and children—cast themselves into the first vessel, and sought shelter and protection on our shores. Germany and Ireland, in fact, supplied the great bulk of the arrivals at this port; and, for many years past, the tide of emigration—unabated, undiminished—has been setting in towards this continent from those countries.

Although it carried with it no small portion of the misery which gave it a Westward tendency, and although our eyes were made familiar with scenes of distress and destitution foreign to this land and repugnant to the feelings of its people; still, it must be admitted that vast material benefits were derived from the importation of so much available labor. If a country can have the profits arising from labor, without being saddled with the cost of rearing it up, its means of producing wealth must be considerably increased and rapidly facilitated. This has been precisely the case with America, and hence that unprecedented industrial progress which has enabled the United States to outstrip all modern competitors in the march of enterprise. The strong arm of labor, on this Continent, has surmounted every difficulty which stood in its path. The dense forest soon gave place to the cultivated field, and where, only a few years ago, solitude reigned undisturbed by the foot-fall of civilized man, now stands the populous and thriving city. These lasting monuments of persevering industry were chiefly reared by the imported labor of this republic. There is yet room and scope enough for countless millions inside the boundaries of the Union, and what any portion of the resources of the country are undeveloped, we must therefore regard a decided falling off in emigration to this quarter of the globe as a positive loss to the Commonwealth.

We find by the records of the Commissioners of Emigration that there is a startling decrease in the number of emigrants that have arrived in New-York since the 1st of March up to the present date, as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Although the returns for this month are not yet complete, the additional increase, if any, will be very trifling. The numbers that arrived from foreign countries at this port in March and April, 1854, were 34,906; in March and April 1855 (up to this date) 5,358, which give the enormous decrease, in two months, of 29,548. In the period of last year to which we allude, 13,506 of the emigrants came from Ireland, but, from the 1st of March up to the present, the arrivals from that country only numbered 1,681, which exhibits a falling off to the amount of 11,625.

Various minor reasons may have combined to produce this result; but the principal causes may be fairly traced to the crusade that has been waged in some States against our imported population; and, in a still greater degree, to the late season of unparalleled distress, which was experienced with more or less intensity throughout every portion of the Union. Thousands returned to the old countries during the past Winter, taking with them accounts of the sad instances of destitution which they had witnessed. Their tales were sufficient to dispel the golden dreams of persons intending to emigrate, and induce them to remain at home, and bear a little longer the wrongs and oppressions from which they had made up their minds to escape. At this season, last year, the waiting-rooms and office of the Commissioners of Emigration were crowded to excess with applicants for transmission to the interior. Now they are nearly deserted. For the moment we may seem to be relieved thereby from many embarrassments incident to a large immigration. But the result may show that the advantages lost, are far greater than the evils escaped.

The Cuban Fever.

The Cuban fever has quite subsided, to be renewed perhaps when we hear again from Dr. Peck's prison, or from Commodore McAuley and his squadron. The press generally has settled down at last in the conviction that the Commodore's instructions are just about what we stated them to be, two or three weeks ago, on the authority of our special correspondent then at Washington; and yet even those who at first exhibited the greatest alarm at the prospect of war which their unreasonable fears had conjured up, now repose securely in the assurance that we are safe from the Spaniards a little longer.

Really it is difficult to see any adequate cause for this favorable change in our neighbors' symptoms, unless it be admitted that their consternation in the first place was entirely without reason. It was quite apparent at the beginning that Commodore McAuley would not seek to seize upon the Spanish navy and bring it into port, because of outrages heretofore perpetrated; and it seemed equally improbable, as soon as it was ascertained how terribly the Dons were frightened at their own high-handed acts—that the Spanish cruizers would insist on the right of search, when it should be known that our squadron was ordered to resist its assertion. So there seemed scarcely any occasion for the panic, and the lamentations in which a portion of the Press indulged for awhile. We rejoice with them in their convalescence, and trust they will feel better when their recovery is established.

One good result is achieved by this last excitement, if nothing more. The doctrine of the Right of Search has been again presented, and the United States have put upon the record still another refusal to recognize it. Spain will not again attempt its assertion. We refuse to admit it, even upon her strong plea of necessity to her safety. We give her the benefit of our Neutrality laws instead, and she will be satisfied.

While upon this subject we desire to say a word in reply to an argument, which is traveling over the country, to the effect that the bringing to and visiting our steamers on the high seas is precisely similar to the hail of the sentry to a party approaching his post, a hail which the stranger fails to answer at his own peril. It is only necessary to suggest that the "high seas" constitute a place of common resort for the ships of all nations; where one vessel has just as much right as any other, which is *not* the case with the sentry's "beat." The assertion of a right to stop, or visit, or search a ship, is the assertion of jurisdiction over the place where it is attempted. That the power appointing the sentry on shore is indisputable, and may delegate it; not so with ships-of-war outside a line three miles from shore. It is important that these distinctions should be kept before the people.

Temperance in the Navy.

Lieut. D. D. Porter, commanding the United States store-ship *Supply*, which is going to the Eastern world after a load of camels,—has made an arrangement by which his crew is to be shipped with the agreement that no grog shall be served on board. The men are to receive commutation for the liquor at the rate of sixpence a day. The abolition of the grog ration in the service should have been simultaneous with the banishment of the lash. It is to be hoped Lieut. Porter's praiseworthy experiment will afford convincing proof that Rum is not necessary to Jack's comfort or health.

☞ We would direct the reader's attention to an interesting letter from Mazzini, on the Eastern War and the People and Government of England, published on the second page of this morning's Times.

Spanish Affairs.

The Washington *Union*, at the close of a long article on our Spanish relations, observes that even if it be true, as stated by some of the correspondents, that the aggressions committed upon American commerce recently, by order of Concha, were unauthorized by the Government, and will be abstained from in future, "it should not be inferred that our difficulties with Spain are thereby settled, or that our Government will abate any of its vigor or relax any of its vigilance in bringing them to a satisfactory adjustment—an adjustment looking as well to future security as past indemnity." This language ordinarily might be taken with safety as a distinct announcement that the Administration in its exactions of Spain, does not intend to stop short of "indemnity for the past and security for the future." But the organ has so often changed its tune, or proven *out* of tune altogether, that to rely upon anything it says would require more than ordinary daring.

Calm and Storm Signals.—The American system of signals, devised by Henry J. Rogers, for some time past connected with the House Printing Telegraph, has been adopted by the Navy Department for the use of the Navy, and an official circular on the subject has been issued. Copies of Rogers' book and the flags are to be distributed among vessels of the navy; the commanding officers of the navy are instructed to embrace every opportunity to familiarize the service with the use of these signals.

Quick Time.—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has just put in operation a new time table, by which the trip is made from the Monumental City to Cincinnati in twenty-six hours! This is probably the best time table ever attempted between two so distant points in this country—being a little over twenty-four miles an hour, including stops; and it is characteristic of the energy and enterprise which marks the executive management of this great work.

Musical.

Academy of Music.—"William Tell" drew an excellent house on Monday evening. It will be repeated to-night and on Friday for the last time. The "Trovatore" is in rehearsal and will be produced on Monday next.

Signora Cattreina de Ferrari from the Conservatory of Milan, and more recently from Havana gave a concert last evening in Niblo's Saloon. The attendance was very slim, but the applause on the contrary was quite excessive. No less than three bouquets were demanded by the occasion.

Signora Ferrari sang an aria from the "Favorita," a delightful Spanish song called "La Cigarrera" and several other pieces to which it is unnecessary to refer. She possesses a *mezzo soprano* voice of limited compass in the upper register, but smooth, melodious and sympathetic in the middle and lower parts. We have not listened to anything more agreeable in a concert room for some time. We doubt however if Signora de Ferrari has physique for the lyric stage. Her method is pure and artistic like our; her phrasing neat and well turned. The audience had more than they expected and applauded vociferously.

That admirable baritone and old favorite, Signor Benventano, made his reappearance at this Concert. He has also been in Havana, and now proposes visiting Europe to fulfill some engagements. The reception he received last evening must have been gratifying. It was more than the applause that usually greets a singer. There was evidently a dash of "Auld Lang Syne" in it. The quality of Signor Benventano's voice has improved, and his execution is altogether more finished than of old. He sang the Figaro aria from the "Barbiere" with irresistible *gusto*, and encored in consequence a noisy encore; he was equally successful in the second part.

The programme was badly selected, badly written and badly followed. Its extreme gaucoumess, doubtless, kept many people away.

Troubles of the Liquor Dealers.

A barnyard fowl in her gyrations the moment after decapitation not inaptly symbolizes the busy consternation of the liquor dealers at the present time. They have their meetings often, encourage each other in the self-denying task of confining their patronage and daily reading to the papers which aspire to be their organs, and resolve even upon more gloomy thoughts. On Monday night—their last meeting—Capt. French assured them that if they intended to denounce Mayor Wood at their grand blow-out on Friday night the Sachems would not allow them the use of Old Tammany to do it in. Capt. French thought himself that the Mayor in this emergency could not be called a "good Democrat." Mr. Hoyt went in for a free expression of opinion. Mayor Wood should not be allowed to shut up the mouths of those whose pockets he had hurt. Mr. Sachem Froment read the Softs' Anti-Maine Law resolutions, omitting the one which approved the course of Fernando Wood. Still he hoped that good Tammany Democrats would not be denounced within Old Tammany. Mr. Ewen said that Wood was elected Mayor by the liquor interest, and he had proved false to it. Yet he, like the rest, did not like to attack him in Tammany. So they passed a resolution at last to the effect that they did not intend to denounce Democrats in Tammany; and unless they alter their minds our bold and faithful Mayor will escape a public and bitter denunciation in that choice quarter.

The Germans are up too, and lively. They have had their meetings and formed an Anti-Maine Law Association. Each Ward is earnestly invoked by them to organize for the defence of the liquor interest.

The people of Jersey are much excited by the signs of these times. The Courts of the State take strong ground upon the prohibition question, and there is an evident disposition—seeing they have not either a Prohibitory Law, nor the Prohibitory Law—to carry into full force the provisions, and inflict the full penalities of the law that they have. The Grand Juries have been charged to look out sharp for all violations of the sort.

The new city of Hoboken enjoys the prospect of receiving large acquisitions from the leading classes of our town. The "Cyprians," it is said, disgusted, like the Sons, with the behavior of Mayor Wood, are going over in full force. The streets of New-York, where their haunts mostly are, show an unusual number of "To Lets" upon the houses, and many premises have been rented in Hoboken by the drumsellers already. We do not believe, however, that little new sister city will readily consent to become the drain and cesspool for New-York, and hence will imitate the example of Jersey City, which protects itself by a liquor law little less stringent than the one which we come under on Independence Day.

University Grammar School.

A public exhibition in declamation of the pupils of the University Grammar School took place yesterday in the large Chapel of the University. The attendance, particularly of ladies, was quite numerous. Dodworth's Band furnished the music. The exercises were diversified and well selected, commencing with the third act of Paine's "Brutus," and including scenes from the "Nervous Man and the Man of Nerve," and extracts from the speeches of distinguished orators, &c. The young gentlemen acquitted themselves in a manner that must have been as pleasing to their friends as satisfactory to their tutors. The efforts of some of the young elocutionists were rewarded with bouquets thrown them by fair auditors from the gallery. The exercises were concluded by the distribution of prizes for industry and good conduct throughout the past year, and a brief address from Chancellor Fearing.

Sacrilege.

The Church of St. John the Evangelist (Episcopal) in the town of Stockport, Columbia County, was broken into one night last week, and property to the value of $200 taken away. A costly velvet altar cloth, with other shrand trimmings, and several surplices, book marks, &c., were stolen. Entrance was effected through the vestry room window, the thieves having tried in vain to force the door. A threat reversal is offered for the detection of the perpetrators of this outrage.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

New Arrival of the Africa.

Boston, Tuesday, April 24—10 P. M.

We have been unable to communicate with Halifax since 2 o'clock this evening, at which time there was no appearance of the steamer *Africa*, now in her eleventh day from Liverpool.

From Washington.

Washington, Tuesday, April 24.

The *Union* of this morning says that Judge Longyear has not yet transmitted a formal acceptance of his commission to the Court of Claims.

The State Department, in reply to the Russian Minister, has decided that American vessels sold to aliens, and then repurchased by American citizens, cannot receive registers as vessels of the United States.

The Southern Mail—Havana Dates—Ships Ashore at Savannah, &c.

Baltimore, Monday, April 23.

We have received here New-Orleans papers of Wednesday last, containing Havana dates by the steamship *Black Warrior* to the 15th inst.

Dr. Peck had been released, with the liberty of going to any part of the Island, excepting Puerto Principe, but as his business was in that town he intended returning home.

There was a heavy blow at Savannah on Saturday, which drove several vessels ashore. The *Claremont* from New-York is ashore in a bad condition. The ship *Southport* and the bark *Glasgow* are also ashore on the beach in a dangerous condition.

The Jamestown Association—Court of Claims.

Washington, Tuesday, April 24.

Philip Richard Fendall, Esq., has been elected the President of the Washington Jamestown Association *vice* Thomas Ritchie, deceased. The Association will celebrate the anniversary of the landing at Jamestown on the 13th proximo.

It is thought that Judge Lurphey will soon resign his seat in the Supreme Court of Georgia. The Court of Claims will not organize until his acceptance or resignation shall be tendered.

The Baltimore Railroad Accident.

Philadelphia, Tuesday, April 24.

The accident on the Baltimore Railroad was caused by a switch being misplaced the other side of the Bridge. The engine upset and ran into the river, but the bridge was not damaged at all, the accident having occurred before the train passed on it. There has been no hindrance to the trains, and they are passing over the bridge as usual.

The Burning of the Steamer William Knox.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, April 24.

Louisville papers contain the particulars of the burning of the steamer *Wm. Knox*. No lives were lost. The books, papers and money belonging to the boat were all lost. There were one hundred and fifty passengers on board, mostly emigrants for Kansas. The work of destruction did not occupy over fifteen minutes. Many of the passengers jumped into the river and swam ashore.

Loss of the Steamer Tensas.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, April 24.

Private dispatches received here from Vicksburg, dated the 20th inst., report that the steamer *Tensas* has been destroyed by fire, and that the boat and cargo are a total loss. The Tensas was owned in this city.

Arrest of Postmaster Kendall at New-Orleans.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, April 24.

Postmaster Kendall has been arrested on the charge of purloining from a letter the sum of six hundred dollars.

Death of a Missionary.

Boston, Tuesday, April 24.

Private letters from Ceylon mention the death by cholera of Rev. Daniel Poor, a venerable missionary of the American Board. He died Feb. 2.

The cholera was raging with much fatality at Ceylon.

Railroad Accident.

Boston, Tuesday, April 24.

This morning, the tender and baggage car from Norwich was thrown off the track near Boston, by the breaking of an axle. The passengers escaped without injury.

Quietness Restored at Chicago.

Chicago, Tuesday, April 24.

The city is now quiet. The military and cannon have been withdrawn. No more trouble is apprehended.

Large Fire in Vienna, C. W.

Montreal, Tuesday, April 24.

An extensive fire has laid in ruins nearly the whole of the township of Vienna, between Hamilton and Burford, Canada West.

HAVANA.

Doings of the Military Commission.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.

Havana, Sunday, April 15, 1855.

Although the Military Commission have been in session for the two days past, we have nothing to advise of their justice—save that Mr. Peck is free to go where it suits him, so that he does not return to the place where his business lies, at Puerto Principe. He does not accept the condition to remain on the island with the restriction, and leaves by the *Black Warrior* to-day, on his way to New-York, not caring to wait a direct conveyance, for fear that the Government might, through some other freak or casualty, change their minds, and fix his neck to the collar at the "punta." The Captain-General has ordered the organization of sixteen additional companies of colored troops, to be volunteer militia, and to be attached to the regular infantry. They are to be 125 strong, each company to have white officers, and commissioned from their own class—the non-commissioned officers to be taken from the volunteers. So marches "Africanization," with steady pace. Pablo Cruces, Attorney of the Court Martial, is calling on more residents of New-York to present themselves here for trial.

The United States Surveying schooner *Florida*, Watson, arrived here the 12th inst., from Key West; is to return to-morrow. *Princeton* is still at anchor in this port. All well.

A Visit to Estrampes—Letter from Hon. Isaac Prats.

From the New-Orleans Delta.

Editors of the Delta: While in Havana, I conceived a strange desire to visit the gallant young Cuban, Estrampes. It was on the day before his execution, which, according to the rules that prevail in Cuba, must always be spent by the prisoners in chapel. Estrampes was then engaged in the chapel in the Punta prison. To this place I proceeded, and announcing myself as an American from New-York, who desired to see Estrampes, I was courteously received, and a passage was opened for me through the crowd assembled around the gate and on the corridors.

I entered, and presently a tall, good-looking young man, about twenty-five or six years old, came out and introduced himself as the brother of Estrampes, and said he would be pleased to introduce me to his brother. He then led me through a passage, in which some two hundred soldiers, with fixed bayonets, were drawn up, and we halted before a door, around which several men were sitting; they arose and offered me a chair. Presently I saw two priests coming out of the door, which was that of the chapel, and Estrampes' brother entering it, disappeared for a moment, but soon returned, and led me within the chapel and introduced me to the unfortunate condemned.

He greeted me very cordially and gracefully; there were no manacles of any kind on him. He was smoking, and courteously gave me a cigar, which I lighted from his. I then remarked I would like to have one as a memento of him. He then gave me a long cigar, which I now have, and shall retain as long as it will last. He then remarked, in very good English, that he had lived twenty-three years an honest man; that he never committed a dishonest act in his life. He said that the brother of some one, whom he named, but I did not catch the name, had betrayed him; that it was hard in one so young to die in such a manner, but he should endeavor to meet his fate like a man.

Estrampes had a tall, manly figure, and his manner was easy, dignified and graceful.

I remarked that I deeply sympathized with him, and grieved to see a young man of such promise in his position, but that I was persuaded his conduct, whatever it had been, had the approval of his own conscience and honor, and such was all a brave man required to meet his fate with heroism.

I then offered him my hand, which he received with much emotion, and dropping a tear as he uttered the words, did me adieu, thanking me very sincerely and earnestly for the visit I had paid him, and the interest I manifested in his fate. I left the Chapel with feelings of profound sorrow for the gallant young Cuban, and struck by the guard with no very agreeable or amiable sensations.

The next day—being the first of April—at 7 A. M., I went to the parade ground, in front of the prison, where the garrote was exhibited to a vast multitude—on which Estrampes heroically met his fate, uttering as his last words, "Death to tyrants! Live, Cuba! Live, Liberty!" cries which were quickly responded by the death outcries of that despotic institution, the screws of which were tortured by a screw.

Right or wrong—whether impelled by true patriotism

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CARPETINGS.

PETERSON & HUMPHREY,

No. 379 Broadway, corner of White-st., have just received from the late large auction sales a large assortment of Carpeting, &c., which they will sell at the following low prices:

Rich Velvet Carpet, 11s. to 14s. per yard.
Rich Tapestry, 4s. to 10s. per yard.
Rich Brussels, 4s. per yard.
Three-ply, 4s. to 6s. per yard.
Ingrains, (Lowell make,) 4s. per yard.

And all other goods equally low.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.,

no. 441 BROADWAY,

Are now exhibiting a large stock of Clothing, suitable for the approaching season, which they

OFFER AT RETAIL AT LOW PRICES.

Also,

BOYS' CLOTHING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

ONE PRICE FOR GOODS—NO DEVIATION.

GOODWIN & CORT INVITE THE ATTENTION OF Members, builders, hotel-keepers and private families to their improved Water-Back Range.

This perfect Range has no equal in expeditious, convenient and economical cooking. An inspection will satisfy the best judges of its very superior merits and very moderate prices.

GOODWIN & CORT, No. 229 Water-st., corner of Peck-slip.

INSTRUCTION (VERSUS BURNING)!—THIS WEEK and henceforth, no half price! No clog-dog!! No private lessons!!! Bookkeeping in all its branches and penmanship of every description are taught in an expeditious and superior manner by FOSTER & DIXON, No. 345 Broadway, (Appleton's Building.) Terms long established and no reductions.

SPRING HOSIERY AND UNDERGARMENTS.—AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 194 Bowery,

Will be found the cheapest and best Goods!

Call and examine.

A. RANKIN & CO.

MANTILLAS, MANTILLAS.

BEEKMAN & COMEAU, No. 64 Canal, corner Mercer-st., having now completed their stock of Mantillas offer them to the inspection of the ladies, consisting of

GUIPURE, APPLIQUE AND CHANTILLY LACE.

MOIRE ANTIQUE WATERED AND PLAIN SILKS

in silhouette. They also wish to call particular attention to one very

BEAUTIFUL STYLE OF MANTILLA,

Got up EXCLUSIVELY by them, which they will sell for from $6 to $8 in Black and Colored Silks.

Also, just received a large invoice of

LACE AND MUSLIN DRAPERIES

of every description.

AUCTION DRY GOODS.—THE FOLLOWING goods will be opened and offered for sale this morning at 65 per cent. under their real value: A large stock of elegant Lace Curtains from $6 to $20 per pair; rich Bareges, Barege Robes, Organdy Robes, Printed Muslins, 3,000 yards of real India Silks from 4s. to 6s. per yard; rich colored Silk Bareges Delaines, 1s. per yard; two cases fine Lawns, 4c. per yard; 300 dozen ladies superior Paris made Kid Gloves, 50 to worth 75; a large stock of rich Spring Ribbons at half their value; India Seersuckers and Crepes for traveling dresses; Linen Sheetings and Shirtings; Linen Cambrics; Towelings, &c.

E. H. LEADBEATER & CO.,

No. 247 Broadway corner Lispenard-st.

CARPETINGS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.—SMITH & LOUNSBERY, No. 151 Bowery, near Grand-st., have received by arrival in the Intrepid, Queen of Judea, Cressent & Sun's VELVET AND TAPESTRY CARPETING, and are prepared to offer one of the most complete and varied assortments in this market full 25 per cent. less than last year's prices.

Rich Velvet, 10s. to 14s. per yard.
Rich Tapestry, 5s. to 10s. per yard.
Rich Brussels, 4s. to 5s. per yard.
Rich Three-ply, 4s. 6d. to 5s. per yard.
Best Ingrain, 3s. to 4s. per yard.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—IT WOULD hardly do for any one to have the temerity now-a-days to question the excellence of Dr. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, which are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, in spite of dyspepsia, and a few generations back of the dyspeptics, their many virtues have long since been made plainly apparent. They purge from the system all the morbid humors which retard the natural functions of the digestive organs, cause a healthy circulation of the blood, give coloring to the cheek and radiance to the brow. They banish those pains in the stomach, side and bowels, restore to high health. For sale by druggists and dealers everywhere.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF Safes, with Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Locks, the safes that were awarded separate medals at the World's Fair, London, 1851, and World's Fair, New-York, 1853, and HALL'S the locks, and the only locks that were awarded a medal at the London World's Fair, though many were on exhibition, and now advertised as "World's Fair Locks." The subscribers are the only persons authorized to make and sell his Patent Chamber Safes, with HALL'S Patent Powder-Proof Locks. HERRING & CO. HERRING, Green Block, Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Water-st., New-York.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—THESE ARE THE only sewing machines before the public capable of doing every variety of work in perfect style. The first one he ever designed and built (which is still in use) proved the general sewing, when compared with SINGER'S, not worth taking as a gift. For family use, manufacturer's use, plantation use, or any use whatever, SINGER'S Sewing Machines are proved to be superior, and the great improvements just added, place them far ahead of rival competition. SINGER'S Sewing Machines only are free from all claim for infringement of patents.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 323 Broadway.

GREAT MUSIC AND PIANO-FORTE WAREHOUSE.—ELY & MUNGER have taken possession of their spacious warerooms No. 310 Broadway, (St. Nicholas Hotel,) are now offering the most extensive and desirable assortment of pianos and Melodeons to be found in the City, including the celebrated Triple Stringed Double Action Pianos, by eminent manufacturers, Messrs. A. W. LADD & CO. Superior Grand Square Pianos, and Messrs. CARHART & NEEDHAM'S Melodeons. All of which we will sell at prices that defy competition. ELY & MUNGER, No. 310 Broadway.

N. B.—Pianos to let.

THE FASHION OF THE SEASON IN GENTLEMEN'S HATS was introduced by GENIN on Saturday, the 20th ult. New-York and the Union have for many years accepted the quarterly issue of Genin's Hats as the style of the day; and his Spring Hat for 1855 will be found to possess the highest claims to the admiration of men of taste and judgment. GENIN, No. 214 Broadway, Opposite St. Paul's Church.

MOURNING GOODS, MOURNING GOODS.—WE will open this morning a large stock of fine French Glaze Bareges at 1s. per yard, worth 2s.; one case fine Barege Delaines 1s. 4d.; fine Debeges 1s. 6d.; Bombazines, Bareges, Shawls, Alpacas, &c., equally cheap.

E. H. LEADBEATER & CO.,

No. 247 Broadway, corner Lispenard-st.

PIANOS.—T. GILBERT & CO.'S CELEBRATED Melodeons, Pianos and Harmonicons, are now offered at the lowest prices, and those of a large number of other makers, comprising the largest and most desirable assortment in the United States, will be sold, at prices which defy competition, for cash or satisfactory paper. Persons in the City receiving orders for Pianos will find it to their advantage to call.

HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SALES.—THE UNDERsigned begs leave to inform his numerous friends and the public that he is fully prepared as usual to give his attention to sales of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at auction, at the residences of families that intend breaking up housekeeping this Spring.

Account sales rendered invariably on the following day after the sale, and the money made when required.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer, No. 4 Broad-st.

GREAT BARGAINS IN FRENCH CHINA.—200 White China Dinner Sets, containing enough pieces to dine twelve persons, at $48; worth $65.

200 White China Dinner Sets, containing enough pieces to dine eighteen persons, at $57; worth $80.

200 White China Tea Sets at $4 50; worth $6 50.

Gilt Band and richly decorated sets in the same proportion.

W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., Marble Palace,

Nos. 332 and 333 Broadway.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, AUCTIONEER.—IN ADDITION to his Real Estate business, the subscriber has established in his office a department for the sale of Furniture. A competent person will be found at the desk for the reception of orders, and the general supervision of that branch of business. ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer,

No. 7 Broad-st.

CHRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE.—ALthough the celebrity of this wonderful preparation is a "fixed fact," CHRISTADORO continues to communicate by experiment at his establishment, No. 6 Astor House, that it imparts a richer, purer color than any of the rivals, without the cost any one of the drawbacks which exist in all other dyes.

LET THIS BE YOUR GUIDE!

English Velvet Carpets, at 10s. and 12s. per yard.
English Tapestry Carpets, at 7s., 8s., and 9s. per yard.
English Three-ply Carpets, at 4s. and 5s. per yard.
Ingrain Carpets, at 3s., 3s. 6d., 4s. 6d., and 5s. per yard, at

MEEAN ANDERSON'S, No. 59 Bowery.

PAPER HANGINGS.—THOMAS JONES, IMPORTER and Manufacturer of Paper Hangings, No. 261 Grand-st., corner of Suffolk-st., is constantly receiving all the newest and choicest patterns of paper hangings, including Decorations for Parlors, Chambers, Halls, &c.

THIS DAY WILL BE SOLD BY C. S. MILLER & Co., Auctioneers, at the Merchants' Exchange, at 12 o'clock, valuable real estate, consisting of houses and lots at East New-York, Bergen Hill, Grand Street, Williamsburgh, Brooklyn, &c.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.—SOLOMON & HART, No. 343 Broadway, have completed in store the assortment of lace and muslin curtains which they offer for sale below the cost of importation.

Latest from Texas—Recapture of Indians.

From the Galveston Bulletin.

The steamship Charles Morgan, Capt. James Lawson, sailed this morning from Indianola and Galveston.

By this arrival we have Galveston papers to the 20th inst.—five days later than we received by the steamship Alabama.

The news, of the 20th, furnishes the following intelligence:

We learn from the San Antonio Texas, that the Indians have been committing depredations in the Medina and Hondo Valleys. A Company of citizens met the Indians, and succeeded on a second attack, in driving them upon Bear Waters, on which they fled, killing one and wounding two others. These Indians had one stolen horse with them, and were prepared with bridles and ropes for stealing others.

The same papers says a party of Indians lately stole 26 horses from Mr. Davenport, of Sabinal, in Bexar County, and at the same time shot an arrow through a Mexican in Mr. D's employ, who was driving the horses up for the purpose of pouring them. There is but little hope of the Mexican's recovery.

The Texas has said some information, to the effect that Mr. Davenport's neighbors had left, and moved further into the country. He would probably be compelled to leave also.

A gentleman named Frank Fox, of Kentucky, is making public addresses in the Western portion of the State in favor of a Prohibitory Liquor Law. The Waco says he speaks as the best it has heard on this important question.

We learn from the Texas, that Mr. George Gillespie, who is near the contractor, left San Antonio on the 1st inst. for Santa Fe, with the Government stock that he over took on the Colorado, and five mules.

It is estimated that the transportation is $22,000 per annum, and the mail is to be carried twice a month.

Two nights previous, the Indians took two horses from Mr. Ware, who lives in the same neighborhood, and eight days before they drove off eleven head from the Cibolo; and another neighbor by the name of Riley has lost sixty-four head.

By another letter, dated one day later, says the Texas, we are informed that all the horses in the neighborhood have been stolen, and they are satisfied that it was the Tonkaways. Mr. Davenport, and a man by the name of Brown, started on the trail, which took them in the night of the 18th inst. Next morning they found that the Indians had fired the grass, and they were obliged to return home to protect their wives and children. We have had fine pleasant weather for several days; but the drought continues, and the supply of water in our cisterns is getting short.

In some portions of the interior they have had some rain, but in other sections great complaint is made for want of it.

The Houston Democrat states that the fire at Magnolia, which destroyed over 1,700 bales of cotton, was supposed to have originated from a lighted candle, which some gamblers had been using. The principal losers were C. Vincent, of Mount Enterprise, who lost 347 bales; G. R. Gaines, of Cherokee, 147 bales; Lessmart, of Palestine, 107 bales. The balance of the loss falls principally on planters of Anderson and Cherokee Counties.

A letter to the News, dated Liberty, March 26, says:

An attempt was made to murder three good citizens of this county, by a band of assassins, on the night of the 24th, or morning of the 25th, about 1 o'clock A. M. The object of the assassins was the release of Mr. Joseph White, who stands committed for the murder of Levi Barrow about one year ago. He was guarded by three men, one of whom was badly wounded in the right arm, having received two shots—one from a rifle, the other from a shot gun, which have so mutilated it that it is doubtful whether he will recover.

Finding themselves and their plans defeated, the ruffians made a quick retreat. Only one of them was recognized. None of them had been arrested.

An Elopement in High Life in Orange.

The Newark Mercury says, an unprecedented excitement has been created in the neighboring Village of Orange by the elopement of a married gentleman with a young lady of great personal attractions, and the daughter of one of the richest residents of that place. The gentleman who has thus absconded has been doing business in New-York, and has left a wife and child in Orange unprovided and uncared for. Previous to leaving he borrowed of friends and business men sums ranging from $400 to $2,000, in all to the amount of $10,000. It is understood that since his residence in Orange, this gentleman has made great pretensions to piety, and has been a leader in evening meetings. It is unknown whether the eloping parties have gone to Europe, or whether they are still in this country, but we learn that both left notes avowing their determination not to return.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

☞ Now is the Time to Use this Celebrated Purifier of the Blood.—It is the great Spring remedy, and the only medicine which can effectually cleanse the system from all the impurities of the blood.

Thousands who have used it can testify to

ITS MIRACULOUS EFFECTS UPON THE BLOOD.

It creates new, rich and pure blood, carries of the putrid humors, cleanses the stomach, regulates the bowels, and imparts a tone of vigor to the whole body.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA, as manufactured under the superintendence of Dr. JAMES R. DELTON, the most celebrated chemist and physician in this country, is the ONLY SARSAPARILLA

which will effectually cleanse the system, eradicate disease, restore a healthy action to all the functions of the body, and

KEEP THE BLOOD PURE.

Established in the City of New-York in 1835.

Wholesale and retail depôt, No. 212 BROADWAY, opposite St. Paul's Church, Office No. 2.

TO PROPERTY-HOLDERS.

Patent Infringements.

HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS.

☞ By the Act of July 4, 1836, Sec. 13, "It shall be in the power of the Court to render judgment above the actual damages, in three times the amount thereof." The using as well as making is an infringement.

At the December term of the Supreme Court of the United States, 1854, "Bellin vs. Tagert," Court ruled that in a reissue, a Patentee has the right to restrict or enlarge his claim, so as to give it validity and to effectuate his invention.

In accordance with the above decision of the Supreme Court, and by the advice of my counsel, Charles M. Keller, Esq., I surrendered my Patent of Nov. 12, 1849, and the Patent-Office, on the 20 April, 1855, gave me a patent, of which the following is the claim:

"What I claim as my invention is covers for openings to vents in doors, decks, &c., in making them of a Metallic Grating, or perforated Metallic Plates, with the apertures so small, that persons or bodies passing over or falling on them may be entirely sustained by the metal," &c.

THADDEUS HYATT, No. 130 West Broadway.

☞ Inhalation for Cure of Asthma and Consumption.

Dr. Curtis—Dear Sir: I have had the asthma for more than twenty years—no man on earth has suffered more with it than I have. I am now happy to say your HYGEANA has entirely relieved and I believe CURED me of this dreadful malady. Respectfully yours,

Sing Sing, New-York, JAMES LOCKE.

April 10, 1855.

The HYGEANA is for sale by STEPHEN PAUL & CO., 140 Chambers-st.; C. H. RING, No. 193 Broadway; also, by druggists throughout the City; and by Mrs. HAYES, No. 178 Fulton-st., and No. 164 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn. Price $2 a package.

N. B.—The inhaler is worn on the breast under the linen without the least inconvenience to the patient, or hindrance to the daily avocation. The heat of the body evaporates the fluid—no fire or heated air is used.

Caution—Dr. CURTIS' HYGEANA is the original and only genuine article.

JAMES C. HARRIOTT'S

BROADWAY FAMILY SHOE EMPORIUM,

Nos. 439 Broadway and 44 Howard-st.

☞ Ladies', Misses', Boys' and Childrens' Shoes in every variety. Ladies' gaiters warranted, all of our own manufacture, from $1 75 to $2 50 per pair. Kid and morocco tie, slippers and buskins from $1 to $1 50 per pair. Shoes of all sizes, slightly soiled, selling off VERY CHEAP.

☞ Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants.—Including everything necessary to the Garden, Greenhouse, Nursery, and Orchard, with all the recent introductions, at very low rates. Descriptive price Catalogues gratis. Carriage paid to New-York. Ornamental and other planting done in any part of the country. Address B. M. WATSON Old Colony Nurseries, Plymouth, Mass.

☞ The Russian Salve—25 Cents a Box.—A Boston remedy of 20 years standing—a cure and speedy cure for Burns, Scalds, Boils, and all external injuries; recommended by physicians. Sold by all druggists in the United States. A. B. & D. SANDS, C. V. CLICKENER & CO., C. H. RIN, New-York; WM. R. RIBBER, Philadelphia, and BEDDING & CO., Boston.

☞ Pegram & Co., Flushing, Long Island, offer for sale Fruit and ornamental Trees and Shrubs of every desirable variety, with Roses, Plants, Seeds, Vines, &c. The trees and plants are very thrifty, and in fine condition, and persons are invited to visit their grounds and houses.

For catalogues, apply at 32 Wall-st., basement.

☞ To Nervous Sufferers.—A retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct, Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 81 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

☞ Balm of Thousand Flowers—For beautifying the Complexion and eradicating all Tan, Pimples and Freckles from the face. PETRIDGE & CO., Boston.

C. H. RING, Broadway, Agents.

☞ Evergreen Trees.—It is now the season for planting evergreens. The subscriber offers for sale a large variety of such trees as are hardy and suitable for ornamental purposes, including DECIDUOUS CEDAR from the Mountains of Lebanon, Cypress, and other rare and fine varieties. Address PARSONS & CO. Flushing, near New-York.

☞ Massey, Hodges, Slocum, Tracy & Co., Legal and General Insurance and Mortgage Brokers, are prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favored, in the most complete and expeditious manner. Rooms of Association, No. 10 Wall-st. Office hours, from 9 to 4. Office, No. 10 Wall-st. Franklin Building, No. 189 Broadway.

☞ Regular Lots of Superior Family Teas, &c.—WM. B. PRINCE & CO., Flushing, L. I., have in addition to their unrivalled selection of teas, Fresh Fruit, about 10,000 Fruit trees, EXTRA LARGE SIZE FOR IMMEDIATE BEARING, and also EXTRA LARGE ORNAMENTAL TREES of all kinds, including Evergreens for immediate embellishment. These superior trees are such as can neither be obtained at Nurseries nor Seed Stores, Office, 152 Chambers-st., and will be mailed to applicants.

☞ Shingle Mill, Shingle Machine, and Lather Machine, for Sale or Rent.—Inquire of No. 27 Canal-st., in the office of Pierce and Canal-st., New-York. The Office is established by the Commissioner of Patents, where one always be found large numbers of inventors and persons at every two rates or wages, and persons can leave their orders filled by writing to the Commissioner of Patents, where the amount necessary to pay the passage of the parties required, free charged to employers.

JAMES F. FAGAN, Superintendent.

☞ Removal.—HOLMES & BUTLER'S Alum Patent Safe Stock has been REMOVED to No. 58 and 61 Maiden-lane, (below Liberty), where an assortment of their new PATENT ALUM-FILLED SAFES may be seen, as well as the (original) Safe made by them, which received the first and only medal at the great Crystal Palace last of 84 houses, in 1853.

N. B.—A written warrantee of dryness given with each Safe.

☞ Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church—SALE OF PEWS.—The Pews in the Fourth-avenue Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. PARKER, Pastor,) will be offered for sale at public auction in the Church, at 8 o'clock on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 25. A Committee of the Trustees will be in attendance at the same time to receive the pews for the ensuing year. For further particulars, and for ground plans, apply to H. E. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

☞ Just Received—Neat styles of fancy shirting.

C. B. HATCH, LITCHFIELD & BRADY,

No. 97 William-st.

WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—A very respectable steady Swedish woman wishes a situation as nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take care of a baby from the first, and very affectionate to children; understands nursing an invalid lady, or make herself generally useful; would have no objection to travel with a family; has long and satisfactory references from some of the families in the City. Any lady requiring adventurer's services can call at No. 347 East 14th-st., present to discharge faithfully her duty. Can be seen at No. 30 Charles-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—By a Protestant woman, who is an experienced cook, washer and ironer, and also can do plain sewing; is well recommended; is willing to go to the country. Apply at No. 107 East 16th-st., 1st floor, front room, for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman, as Nurse and seamstress, to take charge of a family of growing children, and to mend and make for them; or light chamberwork and sewing. Brooklyn preferred. The best of City reference given. Call or address at No. 209 East 14th-st., room No. 12.

SITUATION WANTED—By a well-recommended, healthy young woman, to do general housework, or chamberwork and sewing; can do plain cooking, good washer and ironer, fond of children, and a good plain sewer; willing and obliging, and no objection to go in the country. Call at No. 14 Rivington-st., for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young girl, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid, and to assist with the washing and ironing. The best of City references can be given from her last place, where she lived one year. Can be seen for two days at No. 129 8th-st., St. Mark's-place, third floor, back room.

SITUATIONS WANTED—In the City or country, by two very experienced girls, with good City references, one as cook and to wash and iron, or to do the housework of a private family; the other as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and seamstress. Call at No. 72 6th-st., in the bookstore.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young American woman, as Protestant, as an experienced seamstress, in a private family; is a nice hand at ladies' dresses and boy's clothing, and gentlemen's vests and pants. Will do light chamber-work if required. Has good City reference. Call at No. 72 6th-st., in the bookstore.

SITUATION WANTED—As cook, understands all kinds of baking and dairy work, or a situation to take charge of an infant; has no objection to travel. Can have the best of City references. Apply, for two days, at No. 27 Cornelia-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable girl, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or light washing. Good City reference given if required. Call at No. 406 2d-st., third floor, front room, between 30th and 31st-sts. Can be seen for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young woman, as chambermaid, and to take care of children, or would do the housework of a small family. The best of City reference can be given, and to be seen at her present situation, No. 72 June-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a most respectable young woman, as chambermaid and washer, or would be willing to assist in housework, if required. Can be seen until engaged. Call at No. 166 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th-ave.

SITUATION WANTED—By a neat and respectable young woman, as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and to assist in washing and ironing. The best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 262 14th-st., between Avenues A and B, in the grocery store.

SITUATION WANTED—By a Protestant young woman, as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or to mind a baby and sew. Good City reference given. Call at No. 328 9th-st., near Avenue C. To be seen for two days on the top floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED—In the City or country, by two very experienced girls, with good City references, one to cook and to wash and iron, in a private family; the other as chambermaid and waiter, or as chambermaid and laundress. Call at No. 72 6th-st., in the bookstore.

SITUATION WANTED—As cook, by a woman of unexceptionable character for ability, honesty, &c.; she understands her business in all its branches, and can produce good City references. Apply No. 207 8th-st., corner 24th-st., Fruit store.

SITUATION WANTED—To do the work of a small Private family, by a most respectable girl; is a good plain cook, good washer and ironer, kind and fond of children. Refers to her present employer, at 16 Willow-place, Brooklyn, where she can be found for 2 days, if not engaged.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young man 18 years of age, as assistant book-keeper in an importing or jobbing house, or as receiving clerk in some large establishment. A good recommendation more of an object than salary. Address D. H. S., No. 81 Avenue C, for three days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable woman, in a private family; one who fully understands her business, and wished to be in the family. Best of City references can be given. Call at No. 30 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th-ave., ground floor, back room, for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman, as chambermaid. Is a superior washer and an excellent waiter, hemmer, indefatigable, and will make herself generally useful. Call for this week at No. 157 East 19th-st., between 3d and 2d-ave.

SITUATION WANTED—By a steady woman to do Scouring and assist in general housework, or produce good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young girl, as chambermaid and to do washing and ironing or to sew and care for house work. City references can be given. Call at No. 112 2d-st., front basement.

SITUATION WANTED—By a Protestant English woman, as nurse and seamstress, or as chamber-maid and waiter, or would be willing to assist in housework, if required. Can be seen until engaged. Call at No. 202 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th-ave.

WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid, or nurse and seamstress; is a good hand at fine sewing; has good City references. To be seen for two days, at her last place, No. 154 East 26th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid, or nurse and seamstress; is a good hand at fine sewing; has good City references. Apply at No. 273 West 26th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—As waiter, in the City or country, by a steady active man, with good City references. To be seen till noon at No. 317 Broadway, in the shoe store.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable girl, as Chambermaid or waitress, or would do fine washing; has the best of city references. To be seen for two days. Call at No. 64 West Washington-place.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman, as Cook and to assist in washing. Good references can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 123 East 32d-st., between 3d and 4th-ave.

SITUATION WANTED—By a young woman as good cook, and would prefer a place as laundress. The best of city references from her last place. Apply for two days. Call at No. 120 Mulberry-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable girl, to do chamberwork and washing, and to assist in the kitchen. Good City references given. Can be seen for one day at No. 206 Bank-st., corner of Waverley-place.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid, or nurse, in a private family; can give good City references. Can be seen in her last place for two days. Call at No. 23 West 23d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid, or nurse, in a private family; can give good City references. Can be seen in her last place for two days. Call at No. 23 West 23d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young woman, as chambermaid and plain sewer. Has no objection to taking care of children. Call at No. 97 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th-ave. Can be seen for two days.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid, or nurse and seamstress; is a good hand at fine sewing and ironing; has good City references. Can be seen in her last place for two days. Call at No. 72 West 26th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young German girl, as chambermaid, or to do plain sewing, or as nurse; is a good hand at fine sewing; has good City references. Can be seen at her residence, No. 261 Hudson-st., entrance No. 100 King-st., from 10 till 6 o'clock.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable young German girl, as a American family, to do general housework or take care of children. Call at No. 216 2d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—By a respectable Protestant girl to do general housework. Inquire at No. 11 Hanover-place, rear, Brooklyn, for two days.

TEACHER WANTED—In a small school, about an hour's ride from the City. A gentleman to teach a few classes in Mathematics and Elementary English branches; one who, in part payment of salary, would like to receive instruction in Classical Studies. Please address, stating required salary, moderate. Apply at the CITY DIRECTORY office, CHAS. E. RODE, Esq., No. 161 Broadway, from 10 to 12 o'clock A. M.

AN INTELLIGENT, WELL-EDUCATED PROTESTANT GIRL.—Desires a situation in some respectable private family, as seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress. Is capable of doing all kinds of family sewing in the most superior manner. Has a disposition to travel with the Summer. Has good references. Please call at No. 17 West Washington-place for three days.

TWO PROTESTANT WOMEN WANTED—To go with a family to Newport for the Summer. One as laundress, and the other as chambermaid and seamstress. A person who understands hair dressing preferred for the latter situation. None need apply without unexceptionable recommendations. Apply at No. 1 Great Jones-st., to-day and Wednesday, between 10 and 1 o'clock.

PROTESTANT SERVANTS WANTED.—A good cook, washer and ironer. The best of City references required. Pleasant and permanent situations may be had at Carroll-st., three doors east of Court, Brooklyn.

CHURCH MUSIC.—A competent Organist (first-class Gentleman,) wishes to change his situation and take an engagement in one of the up town Protestant churches, thereat good organ and an experienced leader (tenor) with the choir. Address W. D. R., Box No. 165 New-York Post-Office.

TO CHURCHES.—A TENOR SINGER, fully competent, and having organ experience, would accept the charge of a choir, or leader in a quartette, up town preferred. Terms liberal, if circumstances require it. Address, for three days, TENOR, stating particulars, location, &c., No. 211 Grand-st., in the store.

A COACHMAN WANTS A SITUATION—Who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; has no objection to go out of the City; has good City references for sobriety, honesty and industry. Can be seen at No. 228 Broome-st.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED—By a young man who can do a good penmanship and quick and correct at figures; can produce unquestionable references as to honesty, sobriety, and competency. Call at his present employers, No. 271 Pearl-st., or address GEORGE, Chatham-square Post-Office.

EMBROIDERY CLERKS WANTED.—J. R. LAFFERTY & SONS want several smart, active young men to travel in their embroidery department. Also, several two in the lace room. None need apply unless well acquainted with the goods.

FOREMAN WANTED—In the Wholesale Clothing Manufacturing Department. To a No. 1 man in this profession good encouragement will be given, and no other need apply. Address, with particulars, for one week, Box No. 1,843 Post-Office.

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TO LAWYERS.—A young man wants a place in a law office, to write, study, and do office business. Writes a fair hand, is quick at figures; good references given (wages $3 per week). Address LAW, Times office.

WATCHMAKERS WANTED.—A good workman, or two, may hear of desirable situations by applying to FELLOWS & CO., No. 37 Maiden-lane.

MANTILLA HANDS WANTED.—At MOLYNEUX BELL'S, No. 85 Canal-st. None but good hands need apply.

GIRL WANTED.—A very neat, active American girl, who will set tables at the New-England Dining Rooms, No. 92 Warren-st. Tough a one good wages will be given.

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A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF ASSEYARTY can be found at No. 14 Sixth-st., or No. 145 Bleecker-st., or Ludlow-st., near Grand-st. Great patronage and industry, and who have been many years in the business. Also, men and boys for various kinds of business. Will be satisfied with moderate wages in the City or country. C. MASON.

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OWNERS OF MILL PROPERTY—Wishing a trusty manager, with or without an interest with them, or those wishing to rent or otherwise dispose of the same, will address J. H. COLLINS, No. 61 Front-st., Worcester, Mass.

FARM LABORERS, MECHANICS, and Female Cooks and Foreign Emigrant Protective and Employment Society, No. 21 Greenwich-st. Prospectuses sent on application.

500 TALENTED BUSINESS MEN WANTED—By J. H. COLTON & CO., No. 172 William-st., as agents for a handsome and valuable $3 book just published. The work cannot be obtained at the bookstores. Each agent will have his district.

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BY HOUGHTON & MELLOR—At 10½ o'clock, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, April 25 and 26. Large and peremptory sale of Furniture at the large double house No. 11 University-place, corner of 8th-st., containing a large variety of richly carved and heavy substantial furniture; rich suites in velvet and brocatelle, marble-top dressing bureaus and washstands, suites in black hair-cloth, a number of extra soft bedsteads, mahogany French bedsteads, 30 cane arm chairs, mahogany sideboards, large lot of silver ware; also, great variety of hall, dining-room and chamber furniture; also, about 700 yards rich velvet, tapestry, Brussels, and other carpets, furnishing about 20 rooms, altogether offering one of the most extensive and attractive sales of the season. Full particulars in Friday's papers. Any article will be sold. Furniture can remain until Saturday.

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM SOCIETY in the City of New-York will hold their ANNUAL ANNIVERSARY at Niblo's, on FRIDAY MORNING, April 27, at 12 o'clock. Rev. Mr. BEACH will make an address. A Committee will be in attendance at 11 o'clock to receive the subscriptions, which will then become due. Should the weather be unfavorable FRIDAY, the Exhibition will take place on SATURDAY, if pleasant.

TWENTIETH WARD AWAKE.—A mass meeting of the friends of Temperance will be held at Continental Hall, corner of 8th-av., and 26th-st., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at 7½ o'clock. All in favor of sustaining the Mayor in his expressed determination to enforce the law for the suppression of the liquor traffic, are invited to be present. Addresses are expected from Rev. Professor H. Mattison, Rev. Henry Clay, Col. E. L. Sayer, and others.

THE CUIRASS OF POSSEPY was said to be as brilliant as to dazzle the eyes. ENOX'S hats are not painfully brilliant; but wear the rich gloss of the Napoleon, and wished for by the lovers of the dandy. This Spring and Summer price is really superb. Call and see them at No. 128 Fulton-st., and No. 452 Broadway.

THE PROPRIETOR OF BILLING'S PURE AND HEALTHY BREAD BAKERY—Has made arrangements to supply his customers and others with bread as usual. Orders left at No. 154 West 34th-st. will be punctually attended to. Those customers who have not paid for the first of May will leave their number and street as above.

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BUTTONS, SHELL, HORN AND RUBBER COMBS, Needles, Pins, Bradles, Tapes, Bobbins and Fans, with a great variety of small wares, cheap for CASH.

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A beautiful assortment of Prayer Books, with appropriate designs, prepared with special view to Trinity Chapel, of various sizes and qualities of bindings, will be found at STANFORD & STANFORD'S, No. 437 Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker-sts. Their variety of editions is one of the largest in the country, embracing over 300 different styles, and varying in price from 15 cents upwards.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.—The private sale of French, English and German Engravings at 448 Broadway, will positively close April 30. Dealers and the public are respectfully invited to call.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—A. D. GALE, manufacturer and wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, has removed to No. 94 Beekman-st., about three minutes' walk from the Astor House. The trade generally is respectfully invited to call and examine. A. D. GALE, 94 Beekman-st., N. Y.

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OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE WABASH AND ERIE CANAL, No. 12 Wall-st., New-York, March 1, 1855.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of Certificates of INDIANA WABASH AND ERIE CANAL STOCKS, issued for Bonds of the State of Indiana, known as "Original Wabash and Erie Canal Bonds," that in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court of Indiana, one year's interest, from 1st January, 1852, to 1st January, 1854, of five per cent., will be paid on said Certificates, on the first day of May next, at this office.

These Certificates are distinguished from all other Certificates of Indiana, Wabash and Erie Canal Stock, by the statement on their face, that they are "ISSUED ON ACCOUNT OF WABASH AND ERIE CANAL BONDS."

The books of transfer of this Stock will remain open at this office, and at the office of the Agent of the State of Indiana, No. 20 Nassau-st., until the 15th day of April next, inclusive, when they will be closed until the 1st day of May ensuing, with the above interest all to go to the holders of Stock, who appear as such on the transfer books, on the said 15th April, 1855. CHARLES BUTLER,

President Trustees Wabash and Erie Canal.

MARTIN L. CONWAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND GENERAL LAND AGENT, Leavenworth, Kansas Territory.—Any business entrusted to his care will be attended to with fidelity and dispatch. He is prepared to make purchases of town lots and land claims, in any part of the Territory. Land Warrants located. Information, in any part of the country, desiring reliable information with reference to the character of the Territory, or any part thereof, the opportunities for investment, employments, &c., can procure it by communicating as above, enclosing may fee which may be thought just or found reasonable.

References.—Hon. A. H. Bonker, Governor of Kansas, and Anthony J. Bleecker, Esq., No. 1 Broad-st., New-York.

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WIRE ROPE OF IRON AND COPPER—For mines, packed planes, inclines, ferries, tramways, sugar plantations, stays or guys, &c. Also, wire cable and flat for ferries, and for hoisting sugar or bale ropes. Also, for such wealthy, drain tubes, lightning conductors, &c.

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HOUSE FOR SALE—At the Union square, Real Estate Office, No. 2 Tryon Row, corner of 4th-st., [illegible] Apply as above.

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COTTAGE WANTED.—A furnished country cottage on the Hudson River Railroad, between Tarrytown and Cantersville, for a family of three. Rent not to exceed $200 per annum. If a small cottage will answer. Apply for one week to H. G. W., Box No. 114, Post-Office, Newburg, N. Y.

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WORK-SHOPS TO LET—Cheap, in the new building, No. 30 Duane-st., eighty feet from Chatham. Wide stairs, easy access to any of the floors, hoist-wheel, with every convenience for manufacturing purposes; good light from and rear, also side lights. The whole or any part can be had by applying to DANIEL SWEENY, No. 46 Chatham-st.

HOUSE TO LET IN THE COUNTRY.—A house and garden, with an abundance of grapes, peaches, pears and other fruit. Also, a splendid strawberry bed. The premises are situated about a mile and a half between Yonkers and Hastings, on the Hudson, about one mile from Hastings and two from Yonkers. The house is old-fashioned, but convenient and well shaded; commanding a fine view of the Hudson River and Palisades, &c. Rent $120 per annum, if taken for the ensuing year; if for two years, $100 per annum. The lease to commence on the 1st of May next. Inquire of A. W. DINGEE, Nos. 204 and 206 Sth-st., before 9 A. M., or after 4 P. M.; or, J. G. WESTERFIELD, on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET AND FOR SALE.—The elegant mansion and grounds of Rev. Dr. Cox, late of Brooklyn, corner of Oxford-st. and Fulton-av. The house is surrounded by an acre of ground, and put with every variety of fruit and ornamental trees. It is filled up with all the latest improvements of the first class houses, including bath room with hot and cold water. The location of the house within 10 minutes of Fulton Ferry by Railroad cars, is unsurpassed for healthfulness and quietness, by any in the city. For terms, very low if taken immediately, apply to H. N. BREES, No. 3 Nassau-st.

HOUSE TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—The very delightfully situated and nearly new dwelling-house, No. 140 Lawrence-st., between Willoughby-st. and Fulton-av. It is 20 by 40 feet in size, and the lot 20 by 100 feet. It is about two-thirds of a mile from the Fulton and Montague Ferries, and within a few steps of two lines of omnibuses run from the Fulton Ferry. The location is one of the most desirable in Brooklyn. The house is fitted with gas, bath room, range, &c. Apply to J. RUFUS SMITH, No 86 Wall-st.

HOUSE TO LET CHEAP.—To a good tenant. A well finished brick house, good light, dry cellar, 12 rooms, 2 first class kitchens, hot and cold water, in the cornfield, Croton water in house, plenty closets and pantries, good yard, in a good neighborhood; location healthy and pleasant, on one of the best streets in the upper part of the City. Inquire of WM. H. STEREE, No. 1 Wall-st., between 7 and 8 o'clock, during the day, or of H. HAWKHURST, No. 232 12th-st., near 3d-av., from 3 to 5 P. M.

HOUSES TO LET IN HOBOKEN.—Within three minutes' walk of the ferry, a few new first-class houses in River Terrace, with tower, ornamental fronts, and cool yards, commanding a beautiful view of the river and City of New-York; have all the modern improvements; including cold and hot and cold water, &c., &c., and will be let to private families of the highest respectability only. Inquire at the office, corner of Hudson and Mc-st., Hoboken, of E. MARTIN.

HOUSE TO LET.—The handsome large size house and highly cultivated garden, situated in Main-st., Flushing, L. I., next door to Mr. Van Velsen's Millinery establishment, and adjoining Mr. Hartley's. Rent $250. An elegant country residence to only 25 minutes' travel from the city, and well adapted for a merchant or others desiring a nice home near the city. Inquire of M. H. LICHTENSTEIN, No. 90 Bowery, N. Y.

HOUSES TO LET—To respectable families from 1st of May, two recently-built, modern finish, brick houses, containing eight rooms, with marble mantles and with extra lot for garden, being one of the most desirable and pleasant locations in the city of Brooklyn; situated in 17th-st., near 5th-av., within the cars pass every few minutes to the ferry. Rent, $280. Apply to J. H. FIELD, 20 East 20th-st., near Broadway.

HOUSES AND STORE TO LET.—The large four-story house, with water on each floor, No. 400 9th-st., between 25th and 26th sts.; a good stand for almost any kind of business; rent $400. Also, the brick house, No 202 West 12th-st., with grass and warm and cold baths; rent $600. Also, house and store corner of 4th and Perry-sts.; rent $300. J. DENHAM, 6th-av., corner of 10th-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—A small brown-stone house in a first class neighborhood, near 6th-av. and 32d-st., with all the modern improvements and in complete repair. This house, which is nearly new and of the best quality, will be sold for $5,000. Rent of house $550 per year for three years. For full particulars apply to SMITH & WODELL, No. 444 6th-av.

HOUSES TO LET.—Brown stone front house, No 77 West 20th-st., with all the modern improvements.

Also, brick houses Nos. 162, 164 and 166 West 26th-st., with modern improvements.

Also, two or three on 20th-st. Rents moderate. Apply to S. W. CRONK, No. 246 7th-av.

HOUSE TO LET.—A three story brick house in Livingston-st., Brooklyn, in a first-class neighborhood, five minutes by cars from Fulton Ferry. It contains twelve rooms, gas throughout, range, &c. May be seen from 10 to 2 o'clock. Apply to G. DAMEREL & SON, hardware store, No. 252 Pearl-st., near Court, Brooklyn. Rent low to a good tenant.

HOUSE TO LET IN WILLIAMSBURG.—Rent $156; a small frame house, with workshop in yard, No. 38 Bayard-st., between Lorimer and Leonard-sts., near Division-av. Possession about 20th of April. Apply to L. F. LOUBRAND, No. 116 South 6th-st., or No. 194 Water-st., New-York.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE.—In one of the most pleasant locations on the Island, in 15th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, a nearly new 3-story and basement house; has water and bath-room; lot 25 feet by 100; the 3d-av. omnibus the street every ten minutes. Apply to J. M. WATSON, House Agent, corner 10th-st. and 4th-av.

HOUSE TO LET IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—No. 127 Sackett-st., within a minute's walk of the Hamilton-av. ferry, a large house in perfect order, with hot and cold water, bath-room, gas, with chandeliers, grate, water-closet, [illegible] Apply to MARSH & CO., No. 81 Maiden-lane.

HOUSES TO LET.—Three dwelling and basement houses, finished in good style, for small families, in 21st-st., near 7th-av. Rent very low. Situated in the city of New-York, near North River. Rent $ 262 70 per year. Apply on the premises, or at No. 102 Water-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—The three-story and basement house, containing 12 rooms, with gas, bath, range, &c., in 14th-st., near 3d-av. Rent $300. Apply to JOHN G. DAVISON, No. 38 Walker-st., up stairs.

HOUSE TO LET.—A modern cottage, detached, two miles out, pleasantly situated, with 10 rooms, and 2 acres of land, in Greenpoint, near Grahamville, East Brooklyn. Rent low—very low. Apply to GEO. W. KELLEY, Hotel and House Agent, No. 118 Grand-st., Williamsburg.

HOUSES TO LET—Immediate possession, in complete order. Two three story houses, with side of Union, near Hicks-st., Brooklyn, which can Kitchen and mansard roofs, with water, gas, &c. Also, a new house, No. 187 Henry-st., within the school district of Hamilton-Av. Ferry. THOMAS S. SIMMS, Union, near Hicks-st.

HOUSES TO LET ON LEASE.—For a number of years, three of remarkable good tenants, in a most eligible location in Brooklyn, with all the modern improvements, situated on Sackett-st., between Livingston and Pacific-sts., a very pleasant block—street lighted with gas. Inquire of S. SIMMENS, No. 115 East 24th-st.

HOUSES TO LET.—Two new houses on the New-town road, four miles from the ferry, at lot at [illegible] on (two plank roads, price $150); one with one acre, on plank road, price $68. Cheap pew the four. Apply to G. E. BRINKERHOFF, near the above.

HOUSE TO LET.—The three-story brick house, with basement and under cellar, range, bath with hot and cold waters, gas, at No. 410 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, will be let to a good tenant, on the usual terms. It is suitable for either one or two families, and will be let in part or together. Apply to JAS. L. SMITH, No. 404 same street.

HOUSE TO LET.—The first class 4-story brown stone front, with all the modern improvements, in 24th-st., near 7th-av., will be rented low to a first rate tenant. The house has a bath on the 2d and 3d stories—with all the modern improvements—and will be put in good order. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 16 Wall-st.

HOUSES TO RENT.—Five three-story mantle front dwelling-houses, in complete order, situated on Rose-st., near Lee-av., in the City of Brooklyn, within five minutes' walk of the Peck-slip Ferry. There are thirteen rooms in each house, under-cellars and cellar filled in with brick. A photograph of the place may be seen at the office of FOSTER & FREDRICKS, No. 6 City Hall-place.

HOUSE TO LET OR LEASE.—A fine house, corner Gates and Putnam-avs., Brooklyn; has gas, furnace, range, &c.; 2 lots of ground, handsomely laid out, with fruit, shrubbery; Fulton-st. cars pass within 100 feet. Apply to ROBERT SARGRANT, No. 7 Jauncey court, No. 41 Wall-st.

HOUSES TO LET.—The three-story brick houses, Nos. 102, 104 and 107 Mercer-st., between Spring and Prince-sts., rent low. Also, a number of cottages up town, at $225, $250, &c. E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 219 8th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

HOUSE TO LET.—The first-class, three-story, high basement house, No. 16 West 41st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., with the gas fixtures and all the modern improvements, is now in good order. Apply to J. E. HEALING, No. 22 Chambers-st., from 12 to 2 o'clock.

HOUSES TO LET.—Nos. 150 and 152 West 60th-st. Rent, $300 and $350. Brown stone basement and flat-story, 20 feet, between 5th and 6th-avs. Cottage on rear of lot, No. 116 East 26th-st. Brown stone basement and flat-story, 20 feet, between 5th and 6th-avs. Inquire of MACFARLAN & MERRITT, No. 48 2d-st.

HOUSES TO LET OR LEASE.—Rent $100 a year, only; per week, $2 50 each. Two first two years in advance, [illegible] Apply to Commissioner of Health, Brooklyn, or to the undersigned, in New-York. CHARLES M. DUPUY, Jr., Land Agent Illinois Central Railroad Company, No. 95 Lake-st., Chicago.

FARM FOR SALE.—Consisting of 201 acres, best land, two miles from railroad depot at Goshen; house nearly new, built in the best style and in thorough order; [illegible] Barn, connecting with it, 80 feet long. Particulars on application to THOMAS MONAHAN, Esq., No. 162 Front-st., or to the subscriber, on the premises. One-half the amount may remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. W. H. SEERE, Goshen, Orange County.

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE IN WILLIAM-STREET.—The three-story store No. 38 William-st. Also, the first floor and basement of No. 97 William-st., near Pine-st. Apply to E. S. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 170 William-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—A very neat small three-story and basement mantle front brick house, No. 49 4th-st., between 6th and 6th-ave., with gas, bath-room, hot and cold water. Inquire on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET.—To a family of 2 or 3 persons, part of a large house, with all the modern improvements, in 24th-st., near 8th-av. Inquire at No. 178 Broadway till 1st of May. Possession immediately.

HOUSES TO LET.—The three-story brown stone house, No. 48 West 26th-st., near 6th-av. Rent $400. Also, the movements. May be seen all hours in the day. Apply to E. C. BENEDICT, No. 70 Wall-st.

HOUSES TO LET.—At a low rate, to a good tenant, the three story dwelling No. 226 West 27th-st., near 6th-av. Gas, baths, range, &c. To be seen from 9 to 4 P. M. Apply to C. O. PINCKNEY, No. 7 Nassau-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—The dwelling house on the corner of the London Terrace, 23d-st. and 9th-av. This is in some respects a most desirable residence; rent moderate. For further particulars inquire on the premises.

HOUSE TO LET FOR BOARD.—A gentleman wishing a family to live, desires to let it to a gentleman with a small family, with whom himself and wife could board in payment of rent. Address A. B. C., this office.

HOUSES TO LET.—The fine modern built house No. 132 West 35th-st. Also, No. 34 Bowling-st. Apply from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., to WM. J. WINCLAIN, No. 11 Wall-st., fourth floor, front room.

HOUSES TO LET.—Three three story houses in 13th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs. To good responsible tenants, will be let for $300 each. Apply to JAMES BUCKLEY, No. 102 Broadway.

HOUSES TO LET.—Two new four-story brick houses with all the modern improvements, in 21st-st., near 6th-av. Inquire of J. KEYSER, corner of 6th-st. and 6th-av.

HOUSES TO LET.—Two 3-story brick houses, Nos. 11 and 13 Washington-st., near the corner of Bethune, will be let to two families. Apply at No. 377 Spring-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—A new house containing 9 rooms, pleasantly situated in the Town of Bergen, N. J. Rent $225. Apply to H. VAN WAGNEN, Bergen.

HOUSES TO LET.—Nos. 32, 34, 36, 38, and 40 Hamilton-st.; also, No. 39 King-st. Inquire of W. CLARKE, No. 38 Hamilton-st.

HOUSE TO LET.—An elegant first-class house on 23 West 26th-st., opposite the Lexington Avenue, at very low rent. Apply to WM. H. ROOME, No. 12 Greenwich-av.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET.—At the foot of Tillotson's Rock, Hudson River, opposite Tarrytown, the hotel is nearly completed, and beautifully situated near the water, with a piazza in front. Has an abundance of fruit trees, grape vines, shrubbery, &c.; w th ice house and a first rate well of water. Can be had on a lease to a good tenant at a low price. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 16 Wall-st.

COUNTRY PLACE TO LET.—At New-Rochelle, 1 hour 10 minutes' walk from the Railroad Station, [illegible] Apply to C. P. CONSTABLE, No. 13 Cortlandt-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET.—Furnished, Crest the Chatham depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad. Rent $120. Apply to GEO. W. CAMPBELL, No. 160 Maiden-lane.

COTTAGES TO LET OR LEASE, cheap to good tenants, two very neat and comfortable cottages, in Bergen, Hudson County, N. J., just being modelled and painted and papered throughout; fences, cisterns, well, &c., to be thoroughly cleaned, and everything around and about the premises to be put in unexceptionable order. The houses are in the most healthy and pleasant part of the noble parade and fine shady trees on front, being on stage route and but twenty minutes' ride from Jersey City. For further particulars, apply to Rev. BENJAMIN C. TWITCHELL, South Bergen, or SMITH GARRABRANT, No. 14 Pine-st.

COTTAGE, WITH TWO ACRES OF LAND, and is pleasantly situated on Bowery Bay, Long Island, within two miles of the village of Astoria, convenient to all the advantages for fishing and bathing. Possession can be had immediately. For terms, inquire of CALOOR & RAPELYE, on the premises, or CHAS. VAN WYCK, No. 105 Fulton-st., New-York.

COTTAGES TO LET—In the XIth Ward of this City, convenient to railroads and stages; pleasantly located on different streets and avenues, gilded lighted, &c., with from one lot to—seven attached; Croton water, bath, range, &c. Rents, $175, $200, $225, $250, $300, and $1,500. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 71 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

COTTAGE TO LET—At Hastings, 22 miles from the City on the Hudson River Railroad. Suitable for a small genteel family. Situation delightful and gay, with splendid view of the Palisades and river. For information apply to C. L. BEACH, at No. 11 Clinton Hall, between 12 and 2. Rent $200 a year.

COTTAGE TO LET.—A most desirable brick cottage, two-story and basement, having all the modern improvements; neat garden in front, yard in rear, situated on 25th-st., near 3d-av. Apply to JOHN J. MULLEN, No. 439 3d-av., from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

COTTAGES TO LET.—Two cottages on 31st-st., between 2d and 3d-avs. Inquire of MACFARLAN & MERRITT, No. 48 2d-st.

FIRST-RATE STAND FOR A BOARDING-HOUSE, Conductionary, Tea or Fruit Store, to Let. The house and two stores, No. 42 White-hall-st., directly opposite the Battery, and only one block above the South-Shetten Island, and two other ferries, and the starting point of the principal lines of omnibuses. This location offers uncommon inducements to an enterprising man. Apply on the premises, or of E. M. GUION, No. 121 Bowery, corner of Grand-st.

FOUR NEW BROWN FRONT STONE HOUSES TO LET IN NEWARK, NEW-JERSEY.—Just finished, built in modern style, with all the modern improvements and finish, in a most regular; no expense spared to make them perfect and complete. The same class of houses let in New-York at the present time for $1,400 to $1,600 per annum. To good tenants, with small families, these houses will be let for less than half the sum. For further particulars, &c., apply to D. M. WILSON, No. 41 John-st.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES are to let, on reasonable terms:

No. 201 Pearl-st., Franklin-square, store and basement, 20x70 feet. Rent $1,200.

No. 203 Pearl-st., Franklin-square, store and basement, 20x70 feet. Rent $1,200.

No. 205 Pearl-st., Franklin-square, store and basement, 20x70 feet. Rent $1,200.

The above are situated in the IRON BUILDINGS recently erected by HARPER & BROTHERS, and are well lighted and ventilated. Possession immediate.

No. 82 Beekman-st., IRON BUILDING, 24 story, 20x100 feet. With STEAM POWER. Possession immediate. Rent $2,000. Apply to HARPER & BROTHERS, No. 82 Beekman-st.

TO LET IN COLLEGE-PLACE, No. 9.—The residence of the late David Lee, Esq., well calculated either for a private family. Also, FOR SALE OR TO LET, the well known John's Place, Morrisania, N. J., containing near 7 acres of ground, in the central part of the village, and within five minutes' walk of the depot. Apply to J. NOVICHAR, No. 6 College-place.

WATER FRONTS ON HARLEM RIVER AND FIFTY LOTS TO LEASE.—Six feet of river front, between 2 and 3 acres of land, with 400 feet in depth, in lots of 25 feet in front, or any number of lots, on the Harlem River, near Kingsbridge, for a term of years. It is highly located for a coal, stone, lumber or other yard, or any manufacturing business. Apply to E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 219 8th-av., 3 to 7, or to C. PALMER, No. 61 Liberty-st.

TO LET.

THE DWELLING PART OF HOUSE TO LET, 128 Bond-st., between Bleecker and Houston-sts., consists of twelve rooms, bath, gas, furnace and water, in good order. The lot is 25 feet by 100 feet. Rent $1,000. Apply to E. F. HINSHIMER, No. 219 8th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

2D SECOND FLOOR TO LET, 80 Maiden-lane, suitable for a dealer in FANCY GOODS or JEWELRY. Also, a FRONT ROOM on the third floor. Apply on the premises of A. MORTON & CO.

BATH HOTEL TO LET.—The large and commodious Bath Hotel, known as the Bath House, at New-Dorp, Richmond County, adjoins the main road from the City of New-York to the sea shore, and the furniture for sale. The house is replete with every convenience for a first-class hotel, and will accommodate 300 persons. Possession given on the 1st of May next. Inquire of JAS. I. PHELPS, Jr., No. 31 John-st., between the hours of 12 and 2 P. M., or of W. F. BROWN, No. 325 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING HOUSE TO LET.—Situated 20 miles from the City on the Morris and Essex Railroad, and doing a fair business. Furniture, farm land, and a store to let with it, if desired. Possession immediately. Apply to JAS FRENCHER, No. 81 Pine-st., New-York.

BUILDINGS TO LET OR FOR SALE VERY CHEAP.—A four story brick dwelling, nearly new and well finished, near the park on Cumberland-st., Brooklyn. Also, a three story brick shop, built for a carpenter shop, 22 by 36. Rent for both $250. Price $2,000. Apply at the Water Power Store, No. 114 Maiden-lane.

STATEN ISLAND DWELLINGS TO LET.—Situated in Stapleton, adjoining the residence of Dr. Lee, each calculated for families of eight and ten rooms, directly on the water and close to the Ferry. Gas, bath and shade trees. Inquire of Dr LEE, or R. G. SMITH, Stapleton.

DESIRABLE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK HOUSE TO RENT.—With sub-cellar, bath room, kitchen range, &c., in Vesey-st., one door from Hudson, towards Canal. Rent $350. Apply round the corner, No. 174 Hudson-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—For any stated period, or house and furniture for sale Hubbard-st., between 5th and 6th-sts. The house is three story, and is in good order, fitted with gas, Croton water, bathing tub, &c. The yard is finely laid out, grape vine, and fruit trees, and the situation pleasant. For further information, address Box, No. 204 Post-Office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A handsomely furnished house in East 16th-st., near Irving-place, with all the modern conveniences, will be let for 3, 12 or 18 months. Inquire of E. A. WATKINSON, No. 110 Broadway.

A FURNISHED HOUSE IN FIFTH-AVENUE TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Equally convenient, suitable for a family of moderate means, furnished of superior quality and in good order. Apply at No. 4 Wall-st., room No. 3.

PART OF HOUSE TO LET.—The lower part of Bond No. 28 Woodhull-st., Brooklyn, front and back room, with rooms in 2d-story. Location very desirable, only 2 minutes' walk from Hamilton Ferry. Halls, &c. all furnished; stoves, gas fixtures. Rent $175, or less to a small family. Apply on the premises, or No. 208 Broadway, room No. 15.

PART OF A HOUSE TO LET IN JERSEY CITY.—No. 1 Bright-st., junction of Grand and third streets, with front, back parlors, kitchen, &c. Rent $200. Apply to E. B. KINSHIMER, No. 219 8th-av., 3 to 7 P. M.

PART OF HOUSE TO LET.—The lower part of a first-class House; also, parlor furniture for sale; has been in use but a short time. Inquire at No. 126 West 26th-st.

UPPER PART OF A THREE-STORY HOUSE TO LET.—To a small family, 16 West 24th-st., with cooking range; second story, with three rooms on third floor, with gas, bath, &c. Inquire at No. 200 West 24th-st. Rent reasonable to a good tenant.

ROOM TO LET.—The large room now occupied by the Rifles and Leather Bank, corner of John and William-sts., together with a large and well-lighted basement recently occupied by the Rifles, in the same building, will be given on the 1st of May next. Inquire at the Bank, corner of John and William-sts.

SECOND STORY TO LET.—Of a genteel three-story brick building, with all the modern improvements, in a good neighborhood, near 24th-st., in the Tiffany; five rooms and parlorum and water-closet on the same floor; a kitchen can be had if required; this would make a very desirable residence for a respectable family without children, or to those who have small families and would like a portion of furniture. Inquire at 140 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th-avs.

SECOND FLOOR TO LET.—Second floor of house No. 224 2d-av. to let, consisting of 4 large pleasant rooms, with painted, marble mantels, folding doors, &c. Rent, to a good tenant, $300 a year. Possession immediately. Also, a room in the rear, suitable for a dentist, or any other business. Apply to JOHN FOLEY, Gold Pen Manufacturer, No. 121 Broadway.

SECOND STORY TO LET.—The second story of the house No. 19 Vandewater-st., with convenient privileges. Rent $280. It can only be let to a small and respectable family. Apply as No. 97 Cliff-st.

ROOMS TO LET IN BROOKLYN.—In a neat small cottage, two rooms suitable for two persons only. Rent $70 per annum. Also, would like to meet with a middle-aged female, retired quiet habits, to board, more for company than profit, who would be willing to occupy a small room and to as one of the family of two persons. Apply at No. 118 Prince-st., Brooklyn.

TO CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.—To let, the second floor of No. 103 Fulton-st. and fixtures the sale; the room has been occupied several years as a custom shop and clothing manufactory; is fitted up in a superior style with all the necessary cutting tables, lockers, shaving, iron safe and gas fixtures; will be sold low. Apply to STEWELL & MONTROSE, No. 113 Fulton-st.

LOFTS TO LET OR LEASE.—The 3d, 4th and 5th floors of the new cast iron building, No. 402 Broadway, a very desirable location for any kind of business, and will be let on reasonable terms. Apply to VANDERBILT BROS., Clothiers, No. 403 Broadway.

LOFTS TO LET.—Two lofts 75 by 25, with steam power, Fourth-street, given immediately. Apply to YOUNGS & CUTIER, No. 265 4th-st.

WORKSHOPS TO LET—In the new 5-story rear building No 62 White-st., only 3 doors west of Broadway. Rent of light, front and rear; one of the most convenient and central locations in the City for manufacturing jewelers, carvers, gilders, printers, bookbinders, piano makers, or any light manufacturing business. Apply to J. L. PLIMPTON, in the front store.

LARGE CHAPEL OF THE UNIVERSITY TO LET.—For religious worship from the 1st May next. Inquire of the Janitor.

NEW AND COMMODIOUS OFFICES, SHOW ROOMS AND LOFTS TO LET.—On moderate terms, from $200 to $800, at No. 135 Broadway. Apply to GRAY & SONS, on the premises.

OFFICE TO LET.—No. 208 Broadway, west side, near Fulton-st. Inquire at No. 4 Maiden-lane, STORY, YOUNG & CO.

CORNER STORE TO LET.—First floor and basement, No. 30 John-st., corner of Gold. Apply up stairs, as above.

STORE TO LET.—The store, basement and cellars, 25 feet front, 100 feet deep, No. 38 Park-row, for sale, will be vacant with the 1st of May next. Also, steam power supplied on reasonable terms. Apply to CHARLES TENKINS, No. 20 Frankfort-st.

STORES OR WAREROOMS TO LET.—In the second story of Appleton's Building, corner of Leonard-st., most central stores on Broadway, which in every respect are equal to any business stores in the City, and in location to be found on Broadway. Apply to D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

STORE TO RENT.—No. 136 cor. 8th-av., two-story brick building, the upper part suitable for a dwelling. Inquire of ROSWELL G. PIERCE, Pine-st., corner of Broadway, under the Metropolitan Bank.

STORE TO LET.—No. 97 Broadway, between 4th and 5th-sts., 26 feet, 8 inches in width, by 115 feet deep, possession given immediately. Apply to MACFARLAN & MERRITT, No. 48 2d-st.

STORE TO LET.—No. 42 Maiden-lane, lately occupied by E. H. Weyman & Co., well calculated for the clothing or jewelry or fancy business. Inquire of SMITH, YOUNG & CO.

STEAM POWER WITH ROOM TO LET.—One large room, 60x37 feet, corner of Bleecker and Bank-sts., well lighted on three sides, suitable for any manufacturing purposes. Inquire of DUDLEY & SEE, on the premises.

STEAM POWER.—With large or small rooms to let on the corner building, well lighted all around, at a low rent. Apply to C. G. WALKER, Nos. 180 and 182 Centre, corner Hester-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—With rooms well lighted. Cheap if success, in a central location. Will be let very low to a good tenant. Apply on the premises, No. 18 East 27th-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—And well-lighted rooms, near Broadway, on Canal, Elm and Walker-sts., at low rates, by Mr. GAUDU, No. 103 Walker-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—In light and airy rooms in a new building in Orange. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, No. 103 Chatham-st.

STABLE TO LET.—In rear of No. 49 8th-st. (Clinton-place.) Apply to No. 48 Water-st.

DIVIDENDS.

ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAILROAD BONDS.—The holders of the Rock River Valley Union Railroad Bonds, secured by Mortgage Bonds, are hereby notified that all of said Railroad and Railroad property embraced in the mortgage of said Bond to R. J. Walker, Trustee, dated September 9, 1853, to secure the payment of said Bonds and interest, together with all franchises and appurtenances, were sold by the undersigned Trustee, successor to said R. J. Walker, at the said Trusts, at public Auction, at Janesville, Wisconsin, on the 26th of March last, pursuant to previous notice, published as required by the terms of said mortgage, for the purpose of paying the principal and interest of said Bonds, such principal having been declared due and payable, by a majority of holders, as authorized by the terms of the mortgage, in consequence of default in payment of the interest.

All holders of the said Bonds, who were not parties to the purchase of the mortgaged property, are hereby notified that they can receive their dividend of the proceeds of said sale, by calling at the office of CHARLES BUTLER, No. 19 Wall-st., and delivering their Bonds.

WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER, Trustee.

NEW-YORK, April 24, 1855.

FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—April 9, 1855.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of five per cent, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 16th inst., at the office, No. 164 Pearl-st. The transfer-books will be closed until after that day.

WM. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, April 24, 1855.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of four per cent, payable to and after the 1st of May next. The transfer-books will be closed from the 25th inst. to 1st proximo.

JOHN

AUCTION SALES.

BY E. W. LEDERS & CO.—TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 21 and 22, at 10 o'clock, at the store, No. 97 Water-st., near the Fulton Ferry, SIGNOR B. F. PANDOLFI'S ENTIRE STOCK OF SMALL WARES OF ALL KINDS, Venetian Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Perfumery, Gold Pens, Pencils, Pocket Books, Ivory and Gutta Percha Goods, Fancy Articles, Toys, Dolls, Gilt Frames, Mirrors, Pictures, Gilt Cornices, Gilt Cornice Poles, Gilt Mouldings, Gilt Cornice Ornaments, Gilt Cornice Tips, Gilt Cornice Brackets, Gilt Cornice Pins, Gilt Cornice Hooks, Gilt Cornice Rings, Gilt Cornice Sockets, Gilt Cornice Screws, Gilt Cornice Nails, Gilt Cornice Tacks, Gilt Cornice Ends, Gilt Cornice Bands, Gilt Cornice Rosettes, Gilt Cornice Pendants, Gilt Cornice Drops, Gilt Cornice Leaves, Gilt Cornice Scrolls, Gilt Cornice

New-York Daily Times.

NEW-YORK CITY.

ENGLAND.

Anniversary of St. George's Society.

The St. George's Society, which is composed exclusively, we believe, of Englishmen, resident in this City, celebrated its anniversary on Monday night, in the Metropolitan Hotel. The gorgeously-framed portrait of Queen VICTORIA, which has done service on previous occasions, was placed at the head of the room, immediately behind the table at which the President and invited guests were seated. The English and American flags were draped on transparencies on either side. On the side walls were hung the Sardinian colors, and, *mirabile dictu*, the Irish flag. The French and Turkish flags were suspended on the wall at the remoter end of the apartment. These tables arranged at the upper end of the room were appropriated by the President, Dr. YOUNG, and the gentlemen whose presence was more especially invited. Among the guests whom we recognized, were the following: Sir CHARLES GRAY, ex-Governor of Bermuda; the Marquis DE MONTHOLON, French Consul-General; ADAM NORRIS, President of the St. Andrew's Society; and PHILIP MILNE, President of the St. David's Society; SIMON DRAPER, President of the New-England Society; JOHN STUART, President of the St. Patrick's Society; and Mr. SWART, of the German Society; General HAMILTON, Judge CAMPBELL, Col. ALEX' VACCARI, U. S. A.; Mr. MATHEWS, British Vice-Consul at Philadelphia; General AARON WARD, Westchester County, N. Y.; General ELIJAH WARD, General MORRIS, Dr. BEARD, Captain WARDEN, Royal Artillery, Mr. SCHERZER, British Vice-Consul at New-York, and others. The table was loaded with all the luxuries of the season, and in every appliance of epicurean indulgence vied with the most lavish and costly of the numerous festivals of a similar character that have recently been celebrated under the supervision of the Messrs. LELAND.

DODSWORTH's band performed at intervals throughout the evening, and added much to the pleasures of the occasion by a series of airs, which, by a singular exhibition either of very good or very bad taste, were everything but English.

Dr. YOUNG, in introducing the more especial business of the evening, began by returning his thanks for again having been elected to fill the Chair which he now occupied, and he felt the more grateful for it, because he was placed in a position in which it would be impossible to preserve the duties of the office without exciting a spirit of rivalry and personal feeling. During the past year the relief afforded had been forty per cent. more than that rendered on the preceding year, and no less than 405 Englishmen, Scotchmen, Irishmen, Welshmen, and natives of the colonies, had been provided with permanent situations; while 4,320 persons had sought advice from the Society. [Applause.] The President then raised the case of a poor English woman, who, with eight children, had been a burden for some time to the Society, but, happily, through his means, had been trained to her business, and repaid the Society every farthing expended in her support. The speaker then reviewed the political incidents of the past year, dwelling particularly on the war with Russia, the events of which, although they somewhat damped their feelings of rejoicing, yet afforded great ground for congratulation and glory. He next referred to the shutting up of the Russian fleet, and the retirement of their army from one of their best positions at Sebastopol, as affording unmistakable grounds for national satisfaction and National pride. The names of Balaklava, Alma, and Inkerman, sent a thrill of pride through the heart of every one of his hearers, and the gallant deeds with which those names were associated counsled them for many a sad mishap. In acknowledging that much evil had been done through blind adherence to an old routine, he could not forget that while the government seemed unconscious of the wrong they had done, yet the people had at least learned that there was a remedy in their hands. In the midst of all reverses the wonderful discipline of the British army was worthy of the highest admiration. [Applause.] And he wondered whether history could furnish a more sublime than the scene which had displayed by our army during the last few months. [Renewed cheers.] Dr. YOUNG concluded by proposing, in most complimentary terms, the first and second toasts:

The Day, and all who honor it.
The Queen—God bless her.

Music—"God save the Queen," the company rising en masse, and joining in the chorus.

Third toast:

The President of the United States.

Judge CAMPBELL, of the Superior Court, amid loud applause, rose to respond. He acknowledged the kind manner in which the toast of the President had been received, and considered that it was in sentiment Englishmen would be great ingratitude if he omitted any opportunity of fostering politely the admiration for the United States which he had felt in his visits to them. [General WARD again got up and called for three cheers but was kindly extended.] When his public duties were coming to a close towards the end of the year 1853, he conceived that though he might, perhaps, have grown too old for active public duties, yet a man might never be other himself so that he is too old to learn. And for the benefit of his country, of his political ideas and knowledge, he thought that it would be almost a sin to [illegible] Very little also few remained by him, [illegible] for his departure from this earth which could be hoped for. He should die a wiser man for his visits to the United States. [Applause.] With better hopes for the prosperity of the Empire state. [Renewed applause.] He had often of late heard and seen it stated that there were two nations whose quarrel could tender greater calamity upon each other and upon the world than that of the United States and England; and he deeply felt and fully acknowledged the truth of the sentiment. But he had also the dark side of the picture. He did think that the prospect of the war was perhaps slightly for evil, and partly for good also, and he rejoiced in the thought that there were no two nations of which the agreement and union could tender as many benefits on themselves, and on the world, as the agreement and union of the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain, and Ireland. (Applause.) He felt the union of great powers for objects of civilization was the effect and performance of the will of the Almighty, was a truth which he thought was growing on mankind, and when he considered their alliance with France, he was the more convinced of that fact, and the more hopeful of a union with their brethren of the West. That union and agreement did, to some extent, exist. And might it be perpetual. Might it live forever for a powerful instrument for good! But should it be necessary that force be employed to overpower evil, he did not doubt that there were regions of this wide earth in which St. George's banner, broad and gay, and that of the thirty-one States, might wave in unison and beam in mutual and reciprocal glory. (Loud applause.) The Rt. Hon. gentleman sat down after proposing to a toast, "The Alliance of Free Nations," which was received with loud and reiterated applause.

The President next proposed

The Army and Navy of Great Britain,

to which Captain WARLOW responded.

The remaining toasts—"The Army and Navy of Great Britain," the "Citizen Soldiery of the United States," "Our Sister Societies," and "Woman"—were then proposed and duly and respectively responded to by Lieutenant-Governor ABERCROMBIE, (who trusted that American soldiers had enough of the good old English leaven in their composition to induce them manfully to do their duty,) and by Major BURNETT, the representatives of the sister Societies, Mr. MATHEWS, and others; and at a late hour the assemblage dispersed.

THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS.

Interesting Proceedings at the Rotunda—Bad Mutton—A Question of Privilege—Governor Duke on the Daily Times.

PRESENT—Messrs. TOWNSEND, (President) DRAPER, TAYLOR, DUKE, DAGG, HOLLY and SMITH.

The proceedings of the regular weekly session of the Board of Ten Governors, at the Rotunda yesterday, were quite interesting. The first business called up was the reports from the wardens of the various institutions, showing that in the aggregate there were *five thousand nine hundred and ninety-one* persons under their charge up to the 21st inst., an increase of 301 over the previous week.

OFFICIALS LIVING ON THE ISLANDS.

In answer to a resolution recently adopted by the Board, communications were received from the Warden of Blackwell's Island, the Resident Physician, and the heads of all other institutions, giving a statement of the names, ages, color, sex and number of subordinate officers who occupy tenements on the Islands. In some instances the employés are crowded four and five into a room together.

DECREASE OF KEEPERS AT THE WORKHOUSE.

A communication was now read from Harmon Eldridge, Superintendent of the Workhouse, wherein he states: "The Workhouse contract with Champion is going on swimmingly, and I hope to be able to request a decrease of the keepers in the month of May."

REPLY IN REGARD TO THE "SPRING BEDS."

In reply to a resolution of inquiry a communication was read from Mr. KEENE, the Warden of Blackwell's Island, in regard to the manufacture of some elegant "spring beds" by a convict. He states in substance as follows:

"The spring beds attached to are being made for myself, wife and children, and I can prove that I sent my beds paid for by cash, and not obtained." In another letter to Warden Jones: "They are made by a poor old man who, I believe, and which Mr. Keenan has chosen to stay on the Island to keep them getting drunk."

Governor TOWNSEND—That is not very satisfactory to me. No person should be retained at our Institutions under such circumstances. It ought to be stopped, unless they work for the benefit of the Department.

The matter was referred to the Committee on Penitentiaries.

BAD MUTTON AT THE BELLEVUE HOSPITAL.

A serious complaint from the Bellevue Hospital Warden was read, concerning the bad mutton and other meats sent there for the patients, orderlies, &c. He stated that the mutton made some of the orderlies sick, and implored the Board to remedy the evil without delay.

Gov. DUKE—I was spoken to about the matter by Mr. Brower, who says it occurred one day while he was absent in Orange County, N. Y.

Referred to Mr. Brower.

THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Gov. TAYLOR called up the Committee's report about the Lunatic Asylum, which related to the employment of private help, instead of Prison help. It was in part adopted, and the balance referred back to add further details.

GOVERNOR DUKE AND THE DAILY TIMES.

Governor DUKE here arose to a question of privilege, concerning an article that recently appeared in the New-York DAILY TIMES, in regard to himself. The Governor reviewed the subject, upon which the TIMES article treated, and thought it very "singular" that no *other papers in the City had noticed the matter of the* "Penitentiary Hospital." He had as good a heart and head as any one in the world, and *felt* for the poor creatures therein confined. He contended that the author of the article did not know what he was writing about—also that it was all mock philanthropy! and humbug feeling for the inmates. (Here Mr. DUKE read from the annual report of Dr. SANGER, resident surgeon of the Blackwell's Island Hospitals, relative to the per centage of those not criminals.) He called the attention of his associates and the public to the fact that the State law makes every person a *criminal* who goes to the Penitentiary Hospital, either *voluntarily* or by commitment of a Court. Therefore the Governors were obliged to connect them. It was charged that burglars and murderers were sent to the Penitentiary, which was untrue and another repetition of mock philanthropy. Before concluding Mr. DUKE became somewhat violent and indulged in several "dings" at the Press generally. He said it was a quite remarkable circumstance Dr. SANGER did not send a communication to the Board before coming out with his startling report. Why did he not ask for a reformation, if any was needed, and not attempt to hold us up to public derision? He did not come about it personally, but *for the Board* he was always ready to stand up.

Governor DUKE closed by saying he however believed that something in the matter could be done, and therefore offered the following resolution which was seconded by Governor TOWNSEND and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a special Committee of three be appointed to examine into the medical and police arrangements of the Penitentiary Hospital, and whether any improvement can be made in either department, and whether all the officers do wear their uniform time to the benefit of the institution.

President TOWNSEND appointed Messrs. Duke, West and Smith as such Committee.

CHARGES AGAINST OFFICIALS.

Governor DRAPER here offered a resolution to the following effect: "That hereafter, no charges should be received against their *employés* unless preferred under *oath, and before the Board of Governors according to* the standing rule, and by responsible parties."

Mr. DRAPER said that of late petty charges had been trumped up against various officials, and caused investigations all for nothing. He stated, "There was now *one of their officers who, in the last five years, had* been arraigned before a tribunal *six times* in this infamous manner, and always *honorably discharged*."

A vote was at length taken on the resolution, and lost by a *tie* vote.

The Board then adjourned.

Meeting of the Third Presbytery.

An adjourned meeting of the Third Presbytery of New-York was held in the Mercer-street Church yesterday afternoon. Rev. T. RALSTON SMITH, the last Moderator present, presided, and Rev. Dr. PENNINGTON officiated as Secretary. After the transaction of the usual Spring business, Rev. Messrs. STRYKER and *McMILLAN were selected to prepare the Narrative of* the state of Religion for the General Assembly, to be presented for approval at the next meeting. Rev. LAURENTIUS HAMILTON, of the Syracuse Presbytery, (recently appointed to the *California Mission*) being present, was invited to sit as a corresponding member.

Reports were made respecting the state of religion in the Churches of the Presbytery during the past year. There have been interesting revivals in the Allen-street Church, Rev. Mr. LUCAS; the Spring-street Church, Dr. CHEEVER'S; the Fourteenth-street Church, Dr. A. D. BERTON'S; and the Seventh-avenue, Dr. HATFIELD'S. In the last mentioned Church one hundred and twenty-three persons are to be received to the Church at the next communion. Much interest has been taken by the Churches in Sabbath School labors. In the Schools connected with the Fourteenth-street Church there are *more than a thousand pupils*, exclusive of a school partly sustained by them. On the whole, the Churches connected with the Presbytery were stated to be in a highly flourishing condition, both in spiritual and temporal affairs.

The Crystal Palace.

The Crystal Palace—it may surprise some people to know—is not dead yet. They still take toll at the gate of such as wish to look at its remaining marvels, and a few curious people at times avail themselves of the privilege. The Secretary of the Treasury has lately issued an order interesting to those having goods under *its roof. He directs that the notice to exhibitors to* withdraw their goods from the Crystal Palace shall be extended to the 30th of June. Property of every description belonging to foreign Governments shall be entitled to entry free of duty, and shall be held in public warehouses as delivered to an authorized agent free of duty or charges. Paintings and statuary, if claimed before the 1st of July next, may be entered and appraised as free under paragraph 1 of the present tariff act, and delivered on payment of charges only. Philosophical apparatus, instruments, etc., if claimed before the 1st of July, will be delivered under the act of the 12th of August, 1854, on the entry and appraisement, on payment of charges only, to departments or their agents, or to the agent of any society established for philosophical or literary purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or to any school or college in the United States to which they may be transferred, prior to entry. Models of inventions and improvements in the arts, if claimed before the 1st of July, to be entered free, under schedule 1 of the present tariff, on payment of charges only, to the depositors or their agents, or to whom transferred.

New-York Young Men's Christian Association.

At a meeting of the Baptist denomination held Monday evening, P. L. HOTCHKIN received the nomination for Vice President.

Meeting of the Fire Department.

[illegible] Uniform Regulations.

[illegible] of the Policemen and their officers have made [illegible], to assume "not trod beat deep," the novel regulations of the Mayor as to the uniform. They do not approve of his decided wish—that whether on or off duty, the official costume should never be exchanged for plain clothes.

Yesterday, a rebellious infraction of this ordinance was reported to his Honor. With his accustomed coolness he observed, that he should be very sorry to oppose the resignation of any member of the Police Department between whom and himself there might unfortunately exist any discrepancy of opinion as to the severity of this order. The only alternatives were strict obedience or resignation—not to his will in the matter—but evidence of the office.

Receiving Houses for Stolen Property.

GEORGE DOHERTY, a young lad, was apprehended and brought before Justice OSBORNE, at the Mayor's Office, by Officer WITTS, on the charge of stealing 275 pounds of soft solder, value about $60 from Messrs. BROWER & BROWNLEY, No. 11 James-slip. The property had been found by Sergeant LEFFERTS, Inspector of Junk-shops, in the stores of the following dealers, and seized as stolen: ELLEN HENNESSEY, No. 229 Roosevelt-street, and MARY REGAN, No. 136 in the same street.

These parties, on the oath of the policeman were charged with feloniously receiving, and the lad's evidence was taken against them, the worthy Justice very properly thinking it better to convict the receiver rather than the thief, the suppression of such receptacles for stolen property being the greater public benefit.

Warrants being placed in the hands of an officer these ladies cannot appear to-day, one being away at a funeral, and the other in the country.

Frauds of Intelligence Offices.

JOHN S. SCUDDER, keeper of an intelligence office, in Mulberry-street, corner of Houston-street, appeared to-day, on the complaint of MARY ANNE GRAHAM, No. 307 Mott-street. She had paid SCUDDER half-a-dollar on promise that he would obtain for her a situation. After applying at a false address whither she was directed, and which proved to be literally a "vacant lot" a long way up town, the poor creature returned to SCUDDER's office and on remonstrating with him was met by a volley of contemptuous laughter and abusive epithets. Officer LEFFERTS applied at SCUDDER's office in company with the complainant, and, on his refusal to refund the money, her affidavit was taken yesterday as to the facts. The Mayor has promised to interfere in the matter.

A Porter's Complaint.

The following *morceau* from the Mayor's Office, is so exquisitely characteristic that we copy it *verbatim*:

"DEAR SIR. NEW-YORK April 23d 1855.

Mr Col STEPHENSON Excuse.

I make this Complaint to your Honor hopping that yer honor will see it rektifyde on the 20 of Aprile 1855, THOMAS HANLAN Porter has struck me onte me and knocked me down without ad sum injudy cause HANLY has ackused me of taken a lode from Store, that his brother work for and DANIEL MACGUIR porter 98, and standes at the sam stande of the park can prove this too bee tru and furthur that said HANLY is a drunkherd and disruptabel man and that he had his licensed rebukede once befor for his bad conduk and also he was bin locked up in the tumbe Different times and has been bound over to the peace, and if the officers of the law Do not protect me on my stand, when I am in pursuit of my Bisness Honestly I must have recorse to violence and there will Bee no peace on that stand until said HANLEN is moved off. Mr STEPHENSON I hope yer Honour Will See this rightified.

Your odt servant
TIMOTHY CLIFFORD Esq Porter 223

New-York Society Library.

The annual election for Trustees of the New-York Society Library, was held at the Library rooms, Bible House, Astor-place, yesterday afternoon. It occasioned more than usual interest among members. Two tickets were in the field, one of them composed entirely of new men. The balloting was animated and close. The old or VERPLANCK ticket was defeated, and the new one, which we annex, was elected by an average vote of ten majority:

Charles E. Anderson, George T. Strong, George J. Cornell, Charles E. Swords, Henry R. Winthrop, George R. J. Bowdoin, J. P. Giraud Foster, Oliver W. Gibbs, George G. Waters, Jacob Harsen, Robert C. Goodhue, Cornelius De Bois, Henry Van Schaick, William H. Anthon, Martin R. Zabriskie.

The Worth Legion.

Only forty-seven names have yet been entered upon the books of the Worth Legion. The obligation that the recruits sign is as follows:

We, the undersigned, believing that the Government of the United States will protect its citizens in their just and legal rights; and in view of the time having now arrived when ample reparation will be demanded for the long continued indignities of our citizens and our flag, by the Spanish authorities of Cuba, which, if refused, must result in war, do ourselves under the above named officers; and in their organization ready, at any time, to vindicate our rights and the honor of our country's flag, as a regiment of infantry, from the State of New-York, provided that services of volunteers are required.

Gently as Snow Flakes.

On Sunday last, among the contributions at the Church of the Holy Communion to the funds of St. Luke's Hospital, was a roll of five one thousand dollar bills. They were dropped so quietly into the plate that not even the gentleman who received them knew from whom they came.

Suicide with a Musket.

Yesterday morning Coroner GAMBLE held an inquest at the City Hospital on the body of a German named JACOB CARRA, who committed suicide by shooting himself in the mouth with a musket. The deceased had lately been depressed. Verdict accordingly. *Deceased was aged 45 years, and recently came to the* country.

Resignation.

WM. BELL, Sergeant of the Emigrant Squad, handed in his resignation to His Honor the Mayor yesterday afternoon. Mr. B. has held this post under Mayors KINGSLAND, WESTERVELT and WOOD.

☞ The HUTCHINSON Family will be present at the Maine Law congratulatory meeting to-morrow evening, and sing a Maine Law song and a song for Mayor WOOD.

☞ *There was a very contumacious witness in* the Committee room yesterday, confronting Alderman BRIGGS. But not yet do we discover where or whether Mr. MATSELL was born, nor much about the coat that the pall made.

☞ Mr. J. H. BENEDICT, of the Deaf and Dumb Institution, will lecture on Aerial Navigation to the deaf mutes this (Wednesday) evening, in the University. It will be as good for a talking man who can hear, as a Quaker meeting.

COURT CALENDAR—WEDNESDAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Nos. 18, 35, 68, 71 to 74, 76, 77, 78.

SUPREME COURT—*Circuit*—Nos. 1622, 1374, 2092, 895, 1899, 1891, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1923, 1956 to 1958, 1974, 1962, 1967, 1968, 1646, 187, 649, 1465, 158, 2067 to 2069, 2011 to 2015.

SUPREME COURT—*Special Term.*—Nos. 50, 82, 89, 107, 125.

SUPERIOR COURT—Nos. 502, 503, 248, 644, 90, 245, 326, 620, 701, 704, 707, 718, 729, 402, 205, 135, 388, 10, 614, 397, 674, 1295, 735, 732, 735 to 741, 743, 744, 747, 750, 751, 754, 757, 758, 443, 144, 508, 677, 374, 667.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

ANOTHER CHARGE OF FITTING OUT A SLAVER.

Stephen E. Glover, of this city, was arrested by the United States Marshal Holmes on a warrant, charging him with having participated in the fitting out of the American slaver *Hillsdale*. The bail of the accused was fixed at $20,000. It will be remembered that this is the same African speculation which Mr. Blanco was implicated in, but the Grand Jury ignored the bill against him.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Monday, April 23.*

Before Hon. Chief Justice Oakley.

Barker vs. *Gresley*.—On application of the counsel for the plaintiff, this case was generally reserved.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

FAMILY SCALES.—Mayor WOOD's recent order, which calls into requisition a detachment of the Police force for the detection of false weights in the City of New-York, suggests the great importance of Housekeepers being supplied with the means of protecting themselves against the impositions of dishonest traders. With a view to meeting the wants of the community in this respect, FAIRBANKS & Co. have recently got up an improved modification of their celebrated Scales, which they denominate the FAMILY SCALE, it being designed for, and peculiarly adapted to household purposes. It weighs, with the utmost accuracy, from ONE-HALF OUNCE TO TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY POUNDS. This scale is provided with a scoop, or pan, for weighing flour, sugar, or other flour-stuffs, in the kitchen, and also with a platform for heavier articles, as beans, meats, &c., as well as for taking the weight of individual members of the family—from the partly gratification

[illegible] Wareroom, No. 122 Broadway, and examine the most extensive variety of scales, Balances, Weights, &c., to be found in the United States.

FAIRBANKS & Co., No. 122 Broadway,
Between Day and Cortlandt-streets.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

A CARD—TO INVALIDS VISITING OR RESIDING IN NEW-YORK.—A strong desire to save the invalid from the causes which impoverish and quackery wound, induces the undersigned to give this public invitation to all invalids visiting this City for medical advice, or those residing here, to call upon him, at his office, No. 714 Broadway. He will be pleased to give them perfectly safe and reliable counsel and advice; and in all cases where he cannot afford relief he will give such information as will enable the invalid, resident or stranger, to avoid imposition, and find the medical and surgical aid required.

For the following diseases he may be consulted from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., every day in the week Sundays excepted:

Consumption, and all diseases of the Lungs and Throat.

Palpitation, and all other forms of Heart Disease.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, and all other diseases of Stomach and Bowels, Piles, &c.

Prolapsus, and all forms of Female Complaints, Irregularities and Weaknesses.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, and all Skin Diseases.

Persons at a distance are invited to consult him by letter, giving him a full statement of the case. Prompt answers will be returned.

All counsel and advice without any charge whatever.

Address S. S. FITCH, A.M., M.D.,
No. 714 Broadway, New-York.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS.—Life and Cabinet sizes in oil and pastel. Miniature sizes, superior to the finest ivory painting; uncolored photographs, equaled by no other establishment in the world. Perfect likenesses taken in any style or size from daguerreotypes of deceased persons. Life size oil paintings on canvas by this process at one sitting, taken only by

J. GURNEY & D. D. FREDERICKS,
No. 46 Rue Basse du Rempart, Paris, and
No. 349 Broadway, New-York.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.—Professor HOLLOWAY had the honor of being presented to the Emperor of Russia in 1853, and obtained permission for the sale of this extraordinary ointment in Russia, in consequence of its great efficacy in all skin diseases. It will cure salt rheum and scrofula when all other means fail. Sold by all druggists at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and $1 per pot, and at the manufactories, 80 Maiden-lane, New-York, and 244 Strand, London.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PAPER-HANGINGS.—PRATT & HARDENBURGH, Manufacturers and Importers, No. 260 Broadway, between Leonard and Franklin-sts., invite attention to their extensive stock, which is unsurpassed by any in this country. Faithful and accomplished workmen sent to any part of the City or country, at short notice, and their work warranted.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

GAS, GAS.—New styles of gas fixtures for the Spring trade, of both modern and antique designs, just out. Wholesale buyers are particularly invited to call at the Great Manufacturing Dépôt of ARCHER WARNER & Co., No. 376 Broadway. Also, the best portable gas works for country dwellings, churches and factories in this country.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

☞ RUSHTON'S Drug Stores are now only at No. 10 Astor House, corner of Barclay-street, and No. 417 Broadway, corner of Canal-street, where all medicines are prepared with the same care as during the life of the late WM. L. RUSHTON, father of the present proprietor.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

PHOTOGRAPHS.—The specimens shown by ROOT, are in advance of all competition. Stop at No. 363 Broadway, and see them.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

BLAKE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF PAINT, No. 119 Pearl-st.—See under head of Paints.

LONG ISLAND.

Circuit Court Calendar, Brooklyn—April 25.

Nos. 71, 74, 75, 76, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105.

MARRIED.

In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 23, by Rev. Mr. Whittaker, Mr. THOMAS MCKINNEN, of Yellowville, Steuben County, N. Y., to Miss LETITIA LEARNY.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 18, at the Church of the Nativity, by the Rev. J. Wm. Keegan, and afterwards by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, CHARLES STEWART, of the County Down, Ireland, to ELLEN HAYES, of the city of Dublin, Ireland.

☞ Dublin and Manchester papers please copy.

At St. Martin's Church, Marcus Hook, Pa., on Sunday, April 22, by Rev. John B. Clemson, D. D., AUGUSTUS F. HAYS, Esq., Counsellor-at-Law, New-York City, to MARY M., eldest daughter of Marcellus Lapple, Esq., dec'd, late of New-York.

☞ Cambridge and London (English) papers please copy.

At Rhinebeck, on Monday, April 23, by Rev. O. V. Amerman, WM. H. DAY, of the City of New-York, to Miss SUSAN M. DAY, daughter of Dr. Jas. Day, of Rhinebeck.

At St. John's Church, Stamford, on Wednesday, April 4, by Rev. Dr. Todd, FRANK S. SMITH to SARAH, youngest daughter of the late Commodore George W. Rodgers, U. S. Navy.

DIED.

In this City, on Tuesday, April 24, ADA MARIA, infant daughter of A. J. and Maria Fool.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 3½ o'clock, from 152 6th-av.

In this City, on Tuesday morning, April 24, ELENA, daughter of James and Elsea Van Orden, aged 1 year and 9 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from No. 48 West 12th st., this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

In this City, on Tuesday morning, April 24, CARMENA, eldest daughter of Samuel C. and Martha C. Harriot.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, at 3 o'clock P. M., from No. 726 Greenwich-st. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

On Monday, April 23, CAROLINE AUGUSTA, daughter of Abel N. and Mehitable Stevens.

The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, without further notice, from No. 29 Fulton-st., Newark, N. J., to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 24.

$2,000 Ill. Int. Imp. St.	'47	63	200 Camb. Coal Co.		28
1,000 Indiana 6s		80	100 do.		28
1,000 Michigan 6s, '62		90	100 do.		28
22,000 Virginia 6s		97½	100 do.		63
2,000 Missouri 6s		80	1250 Gold Hill Mine		
5,000 do.		80	20 Reading Railroad		65
10,000 do.		80	200 do.		65
4,000 Erie Bonds of '75		87	500 do.		65
10,000 do.		87½	600 do.		65
4,000 do.		89	100 do.		65
10,000 do.		89	100 do.		65
1,000 Hud. R. 2d M. Bds.		77	500 do.		65
10,000 Mich. So. & gr. ct. R.		87	100 Erie Railroad		44
1,000 Pan. Bds. new issue		101	100 do.		44
5,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bds.		79	100 do.		44
5,000 do.		79½	50 do.		44
7,000 N. Y. C. R. R. Bds.		82	100 do.		44
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 7s		101	100 do.		44
700 do.		101	100 do.		44
3,000 C. & R. R. R. Bds.		79	100 do.		44
2,000 C. & T. Div'd 9's		74	50 do.		44
250 Phenix Bank		111	200 Harlem Railroad		13
40 Bank of N. America		101	100 do.		13
30 do.		101	100 Hudson River R. R.		42
3 Hanover Bank		98	100 do.		42
25 do.		98	100 do.		42
10 Corn Exch. Bank		98	22 Panama Railroad		92
8 Continental Bank		100	100 do.		92
8 Continental Ins. Co.		100	6 Northern Ind. R. R.		99
25 Mechanics' Bank		113	3 North'nld. Construc'n		13

SECOND BOARD.

$3,000 Hud. R. 1st M. B.		103½	400 Erie Railroad		44½
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Fr'd		84	do.		44 51
Bs., without privil'ge		69½	100 do.		44 52
300 Cumber. Coal Co.		29	100 do.		44 52
10 do.		29	100 do.		44 51
200 do.		29	100 do.		44 52
200 do.		29	100 do.		44 52
200 do.		29	100 do.		44 52
100 do.		29	100 do.		44 51
100 do.		29	100 do.		44 51
400 do.		29	5 N. Y. Central R. R.		94
300 Canton Company		54½	50 do.		94
50 do.		54½	200 Reading Railroad		65
25 do.		54½	100 do.		65
25 Hudson River R. R.		42	200 do.		65
40 Cleve. & Toledo R. R.		76	100 do.		65
100 Ill. Cen. R. R.		80	100 do.		65

TUESDAY, April 24—P. M.

The California packet of March 31 arrived at an early hour this forenoon, with $772,000 in Gold on freight; in addition to which her mails brought about $150,000 in Gold drafts on the New-York Sub-Treasury. The remittance altogether is satisfactory in amount, and the mining accounts look well; but not so the prospects of business at San Francisco, or the confusion and embarrassment in the Gold Exchanges and Money Market, caused by the panic and disasters among the banks in the whole of Polaverdy. To add to the difficulties, the Branch Mint had been closed for the usual settlement, and private and trading [illegible] were carrying Gold Dust around their persons, and using it as a circulating medium. The shipments of Gold the first quarter of 1855 amounted to $8,910,000, against $10,679,000 the corresponding quarter the previous year. The falling off in the second quarter may not be greater, though the confusion in the Exchanges and Banking will go far to retard the movement of the production of the mines; the actual result of which is believed to be equal to last year. Our San Francisco correspondent writes that the hopes of better times in March proved a delusion. The prospect ahead is not at all flattering, and things looked, if anything, blue[r] than a month ago. The "Up-river trade" that the merchants were calculating largely upon, has not as yet amounted to anything. It is probable that the "traders" have still large stocks on hand, which they owe for, and wish to dispose of before buying new supplies. The roads are still very heavy, and transportation expensive; and no general improvement can reasonably be anticipated for a month to come; and it was feared no change will be manifested even then. Prices of merchandise and goods generally, are declining. There is no demand, and some attempts at forcing goods have affected the market seriously. Some few articles that are controlled by speculators are still held at former rates, but it was simply owing to a combination, not from any scarcity. Crushed Sugar has been a favorite article for speculation, but the accumulation of the shipments just at hand would put an end to any further investments in that article. It had already declined from 23c. to 12½c. within two weeks or thereabouts. The last mail took out advices of heavy shipments of every kind and description of merchandise from this City and Boston, and the large number of clippers nearly due would pour in their cargoes and add to the already more than sufficient stock for eight months to come. Warehouses and stores were full. The news of such heavy shipments had put at rest all hope of profits on merchandise for the coming year. "It has discouraged us, and led us to believe the people of the East are determined to persecute California with their shipments as long as we can raise money to pay freights. We wonder at their pertinacity. We thought the California shippers all 'flat broke' long ago, but they persevere wonderfully. It is quite probable, in fact the prospect is very promising, that this year will finish them." Several failures have occurred recently, and more are expected. The prominent jobbing house of SHERRY, JAMES & MCCREA, failed on the 20th of March. Their liabilities are estimated by our correspondent at a million of dollars. In anticipation of an improved trade, and with fair prospects, they bought out BURR, MATTISON & Co. about a month before, thereby increasing their stock heavily. Trade being dull, they could not realize to meet notes, and finding they were about being "attached," closed doors. Mr. MCCREA had recently become a partner in the house, and had contributed some twenty thousand dollars in cash. The failure is considered an honest misfortune. Gold Dust was coming down from the mines a little more freely, and for want of facilities for being coined had again become the "circulating medium," as in '49 and '50. The temporary suspension of the operations of the Mint has proved a serious inconvenience to the public, but the law requires that once a year there shall be a general overhauling, cleaning up, and settlement of the accounts of each Department, termed the "Annual Settlement," and the Mint is now closed in compliance with the same. Its operations for the year are as follows,—(it should be borne in mind that during a portion of the time its operations were suspended for want of acids—the supply having fallen short in consequence of the loss of the clipper *San Francisco*): Gold received on deposit, 795,921 26-100 ounces; value of same, $14,655,347 22; Silver, $33,317 85; converted into coin, (Gold,) $8,215,339; into Bars, $6,428,301 90—Total, $14,615,588 13. Silver coined, $45,400. In addition to which there was received from the 1st to the 22d of March, 78,826 18-100 ounces Gold Dust, of which $1,365,000 was coined and $1,965,156 run into Bars—in addition to which $45,400 in Silver was coined.

The news from California did not affect the Stock market favorably, and as some demand loans were called upon the Brokers, prices fell off ¼@½ ⅌ cent. on the Road Stocks. State Stocks were steady and Railway Bonds about the same as yesterday; the new Eries ¼ ⅌ cent. dearer. Cumberland Coal closed 29½. It is stated that the debt of the concern, about half a million of dollars, due early in 1856, is to be renewed, or replaced by a new loan. At the auction sale of Mr. DRAPER, $90,000 of United States Mail Steamship Company Stock sold at 25@23 cents on the dollar. The Pacific Company brought 40 cents, $20,000 *sold. Mr. THOMPSON holds his auction sale of* State and other Stocks to-morrow, Wednesday, at 12½ o'clock.

Exchange for the Boston steamer closed firm on London, 110@110¼; Francs in fair supply, at 5.12½@5.11½. There was about half a million of Gold sent over by express to Boston to-day, for shipment by the steamer. The receipts by the California steamer were not in season to be put up for export. The Sub-Treasury received to day $222,404, and paid out $240,543. The regular balance is reduced to $2,116,868. The Money Market was not quite so freely supplied on demand loans, though the complaints among the Brokers, who borrow in this way, were only partial, a number of the houses reporting no difference from yesterday.

The movement of the Cotton crop for the season and the present week is thus reported in the circular of Mr. WRIGHT, for the Boston steamer:

	Season. 1854.	Season. 1853.	Week. 1854.	Week. 1853.
Receipts at the ports	2,140,000	2,200,000	244,000	270,000
Exports to Gt. Britain	1,040,000	1,000,000	29,000	47,000
Exports to France	300,000	327,000	14,000	4,000
To other Foreign Ports	100,000	100,000	2,000	2,000
Total Exports	1,440,000	1,427,000	45,000	53,000
Stock on hand	250,000	270,000		

Mr. WRIGHT remarks that the deficit in receipts at the ports now amounts to 242,000 bales, as compared to *same period last season. It is not unlikely that some* gain on last year will now occur, as we have to compare with moderate receipts last year for some time to come. The rivers are low again in Alabama, as we learn by telegraph of 20th, from Mobile. In Georgia the weather is reported as unusually h